Regd. No. B. 1065 CITY EDITION Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VOL. XXVI NO. 10 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Bombay Assembly Upsets Federal Applecart

Kher's Motion Carried Without Division

ALL AMENDMENTS WITHDRAWN

Decision To Abolish System Of Conferring Honours And Titles

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Excepting for a single speech, all the speeches delivered on Tuesday on the floor of the Bombay Legislative Assembly vehemently condemned the Federal part of the Government of India Act, when the House continued the discussion of the resolution moved by the Prime Minister.

"Divide And Rule" Policy

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, who started with criticising the Government for not having accepted Mr. Paruleker's amendment regarding Federation during the Poona session, made out a very good case against Federation and said that the worst part of it was its policy of "Divide and Rule".

Muslim League Support

A declaration that the Muslim League members were stronger than even the Congress members in their attitude towards the Federation was made by two of the members of the League.

TRAVESTY OF FEDERATION

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi said that what was contemplated in the Federal part of the Act was not Federation at all. It was a travesty of it.

PREMIER'S REPLY

The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher replied very ably to the criticisms levelled against the Government. He said that the necessity for the resolution just now would be understood by those who had eyes to see and ears to hear.

The motion was carried without division.

Titles Must Go

The Prime Minister made out a very good case for the abolition of the system of conferring honours and titles by His Majesty and the Governor-General. He contended that in a country which already had several castes and creeds, conferring of honours only created yet another class. Human standards should not be judged by these titles and there should be equality between man and man.

QUESTION HOUR

During question hour in the Bombay Legislative Assembly on Tuesday, the Finance Minister Mr. A. B. Latthe, replying to Mr. Akhtar Hasan Mirza stated that Government were at present reviewing the recommendations of the Thomas Committee, which were previously rejected or partly accepted by the then Government. The action taken after this review would be communicated to the House in due course.

Replying to Mr. S. V. Paruleker, the Prime Minister Mr B G. Kher stated that there were about 25 tanneries at Dharavi and the total number of workers employed were about 2,500 very few children were employed in these tanneries A notification had been ordered to be issued bringing the tanneries and other industrial concerns within the scope of the Factories Act of 1934. Government also intend to apply the Payment of Wages Act to the tanneries at Dharavi

"The general policy of Government is to encourage recruitment of Backward Class and Muhammadan candidates, when suitable candidates from these communities were available" said Dr M. D D Gilder, Minister for Public Health, replying to Mr Musaji Patel, who wanted to know how many of the newly appointed men to the Bombay Medical Service were Muslims

The Minister further stated that three appointments were made to the Bombay Medical Service during last year Two of the Muslim candidates were both over age and one belonged to another province In spite of the candidate from this province being over age he was interviewed by the Selection Board but was found not suitable for appointment For the post at the Mental Hospital no candidate was found suitable. When applications were asked for no Muslim applied For the fifth post also there was no Muslim application. Out of the six applicants for the post of Assistant Chemical Analyser, only four possessed the special knowledge in chemistry required. None of these four were Muslims.

In reply to Mr. S. H. Jabhvala, Minister, Mr L. M. Patil stated that Government were aware that various local bodies had expressed in their conferences the opinion that the element of nomination to local bodies should be done away with Government have decided that pending legislation regarding changes in the existing constitution of local bodies, nominations to all local bodies in the mofussil should hereafter be made only for the purpose of giving representation to unrepresented or inadequately represented minorities or scheduled castes backward classes and such other classes as have been given separate representation in the legislatures under the Government of India Act 1935. Government had also directed that the balance of parties resulting from elections to local bodies

(Continued on page Col. 3)

Adjournment Motions Ruled Out

All the three adjournment motions moved by Mr. Paruleker in Bombay Legislative Assembly to discuss the promulgation of Sec. 144 in Sholapur, promulgation of Criminal Law Amendment Act in Ahmedabad and the Dharavi firing were ruled out by the speaker on the ground that they were not matters of urgent public importance.

WHERE INDIA'S NATIONAL ASSEMBLY MEETS NEXT MONTH

A BIRD'S EYE-VIEW OF VITHALNAGAR, THE VENUE OF THE CONGRESS SESSIONS, NEARING COMPLETION.

Symbolic Reminder Of Our Struggle For Freedom

Public Holiday On Independence Day

Congress Premier's Reply To Governor

BOMBAY, January 11.

Further enquiries by the "United Press" in authoritative quarters in connection with the probability of Provincial Governments where the Congress is in power declaring a public holiday on 26th January for national celebrations reveal that constitutional implications of the move have resolved themselves into a serious problem for the Congress Premiers and Provincial Governors.

Circular To Congress Premiers

It is learnt that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, has issued circulars to various Congress Premiers expressing the idea that such a holiday would meet with popular expectations as a token of the Congress assuming Ministerial Offices.

Symbolic Reminder

It would appear that in one of the Provinces where the Congress Premier discussed the question with the Governor, the latter had declared his opposition to such a move on the ground that a public holiday on Independence Day would mean independence was granted to India. To this the Premier is understood to have replied that it would be a far-fetched interpretation to be put on a matter which merely was a symbolic reminder to the millions of the nation that India was yet struggling for freedom.

Ministers v. Governor

It further transpires that during the Congress Working Committee meeting in Bombay, this question came in for informal discussions between the Working Committee members and Provincial Ministers present and all except one Premier agreed with the principle underlying the move. The crux of the problem being the phrase "Independence Day," it is hoped that a conflict on this issue would be avoided by the Ministries and the Governors concerned by discussing the "pros and cons" of the issues involved so that the end of the Ministries might be attained without at the same time leaving a possibility of the holiday being interpreted as a token of India having been given Swaraj.—United Pres

NEW INDEPENDENCE PLEDGE

ALLAHABAD, Jan 11

In pursuance of the decision of the Congress Working Committee at its meeting held at Bombay, the new Independence Pledge to be repeated on the Independence Day, January 26, runs as follows:

We believe it is the inalienable right of the Indian people, as of any other people to have freedom and enjoy the fruits of their toil and have necessities of life, so that they may have, full opportunities of growth

BRITISH CONNECTION TO GO

We believe also that if any Government deprives the people of these rights, and oppresses them, the people have a right to alter it or abolish it. The British Government in India has not only deprived the Indian people of their freedom, but has based itself on exploitation of the masses, and has ruined India economically, politically, culturally, and spiritually. We believe, therefore, that India must sever British connection and attain "Purna Swaraj," or complete independence.

RELIANCE ON NON-VIOLENCE

We recognise that the most effective way of gaining our freedom is not through violence India has gained strength and self-reliance, and marched a long way to "Swaraj," following peaceful and legitimate methods, and it is by adhering to these methods that our country will attain independence

We pledge ourselves anew to the Independence of India, and solemnly resolve to carry on non-violently the struggle for freedom till "Purna Swaraj" is attained.
—A. P.

LONDON, Jan. 11

Mr. M. D. Peterson has been appointed Ambassador at Bagdad.—Reuter.

'PLANE CRASH TRAGEDY

Six Passengers And Crew Of Five Reported Dead

BOZEMAN, (Montana), January 11.

All the occupants of a passenger 'plane which crashed in flames in the mountains near here are dead.

Six passengers and the crew of five are reported to have been on board.

A rescue party equipped with snowshoes and skies is rushing to the scene.—Reuter.

GIVE UP HUNGER-STRIKE

Mahatma's Wire To Lahore Politicals

LAHORE, January 11.

Mahatma Gandhi has wired the following to the Secretary of the Punjab Political Prisoners' Relief Society to-day, in reply to the latter's intimating Gandhiji the commencement of hunger-strike by political prisoners in the Punjab jails:—

"Hope prisoners will give up hunger-strike. Whilst I am ailing they don't give me chance."—United Press.

WHY THE NEW PLEDGE

ALLAHABAD, January 11.

Acharya J. B. Kirpalani, General Secretary, A.-I. C. C., in a press statement in connection with the "Independence Day" on January 26, 1938, and the new pledge to be taken by the country on that day, says:—

"The Independence Pledge issued in 1930 described in some detail the moral and material harm done to India by British imperialism. The pledge was issued on the eve of the inauguration of the Civil Disobedience Movement and contained certain instructions to prepare for the movement.

"The Working Committee, at its last meeting in Bombay, thought that it was not necessary to repeat in the pledge every year the obvious harm done to India by British imperialism. It also thought that instructions for the preparation of Civil Disobedience Movement were not necessary. It, therefore, has issued the new pledge for "Independence Day" on January 26, 1938.—United Press.

CAIRO, Jan. 11

Members of the Cabinet have voluntarily reduced their salaries by 10 per cent.—Reuter.

Chiang Kai-Shek's Sudden Departure.

Keen Speculation About Assumption Of Offensive By Chinese Command

HANKOW, January 11.

Marshal Chiang Kai Shek left to-day for Lunghai Railway front. His departure has evoked a keen speculation as to whether the reported decision by the Chinese Command to assume the offensive on all fronts will be executed.—Reuter.

ANTI-JAPANESE REGIME IN CHINA

Japan's Determination To Eradicate It

TOKIO, Jan. 11.

The Imperial Conference to decide Japan's future policy towards China met at 2 p.m. at the Imperial Palace. The Emperor presided. The Conference was attended by Prince Kanin, the Chief of General Staff, and other military and naval leaders and members of the Cabinet. The Conference ended after an hour's sitting and is understood to have confirmed the Cabinet's decision "to eradicate the anti-Japanese regime in China unless the Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek Administration reconsiders its anti-Japanese attitude and proves its sincerity." The decision also includes military and political measures to achieve this purpose.—Reuter.

Chinese Troops Burn Japanese Mills

TOKIO, Jan. 11.

While all the Japanese Cotton mills and suburbs of Tsingto were burnt by Chinese troops before withdrawal, almost all Japanese private houses are intact.—Reuter.

Imperial Conference Decisions

TOKIO, Jan. 11.

It is understood that no formal announcement will be made today regarding the decisions of the Imperial Conference but probably an announcement will be made in a few days.—Reuter.

150 PERSONS KILLED

SHANGHAI, January 10.

A hundred and 50 persons are reported to have been killed and wounded at Pengpu on the Tientsinpukow Railway on which the Japanese 'planes dropped more than a 100 bombs.—Reuter.

HANKOW BOMBED FROM AIR

Aerodrome Raided By Japanese Bombers

HANKOW, January 11.

Twenty-four Japanese bombers raided Hankow aerodrome and dropped hundred bombs. The extent of damage is hitherto unknown.—Reuter.

No Threat To Lunghai Railway

HANKOW, Jan. 11.

Official Chinese reports claim that Japanese forces attacking Tsining Tao were defeated as a result of which the threat to the Lunghai Railway has been almost entirely removed.—Reuter.

ECONOMIC BLOC IN EAST ASIA?

TOKIO, Jan. 11.

An assurance that Japan could successfully finance protracted hostilities against China was given by the Finance Minister, Mr. Kaya, at a Cabinet meeting, which preceded the Imperial Conference. He said that Japan would be helped financially by the progress of economic rehabilitation in North China and the establishment of an Economic Bloc in East Asia.—Reuter.

JAPANESE GREET GERMANS.

TSINGTAO, Jan. 11.

Japanese have taken over the work of maintaining order from foreign volunteers, who are being disbanded.

Great cordiality prevails between Japanese and Germans, who are greeting each other as old friends, some Japanese replying "Heil Hitler" to German salutations.—Reuter

HANKOW, Jan. 11.

Chinese claim that, following their success at Tsining, a Chinese column is pressing towards Yenchow, north-east of Tsining, and another Chinese column is attempting to outflank the Japan-

(Continued on page 7, Col. 6.)

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only, and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle."—must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted immediately a Gour Brahman Bridegroom for an educated girl, aged 17 years. Gour Saraswat, Nagar Brahman preferred. Apply Box No. 9661, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Required qualified Chemist with practical experience of manufacturing pharmaceutical preparations and medicines. Apply Box No. 9650 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Ticket Collectors, Clerks, Cashier. Apply with four annas stamps F. A. Kina, Supdt., Subzimandi, Delhi. (9627)

Wanted Lady Teacher to conduct Industrial Class of Shraddhanand Mahilashram, Matunga, Bombay. Knowledge of Tailoring and handicraft essential. Apply with testimonials stating qualifications, age, terms to Secretary. (9624)

Wanted an experienced Chief Executive Officer for the Haliyal Municipality on a pay of Rs. 45 to 70 p.m. according to their qualifications. Applications must reach the undersigned on or before 5th of February, 1938. (Sd.) A. P. Desai, President, Municipality, Haliyal (N. Kanara) Haliyal, 1st January 1938. (7629)

Wanted—A whole-time Dentist for Balmokand Khatri High School, Amritsar. Eye and Nose Specialist preferred. Pay Rs. 40-50 according to qualifications. Apply sharp to: L. Bansi Dhar Kapoor, Guru Bazaar, Amritsar. (9628)

43. SITUATION WANTED

Senior Stenographer, ten years' experience, desires suitable post immediately. Best references. Box 9659 "Bombay Chronicle."

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS

Proof-reader with long experience in News work seeks employment in same capacity in Weekly or Daily journal for a living wage. Holds good credentials. Replies to "W" C|o Mr. E. Browne, Near City Power House, Hubli.

68. FLATS TO LET

To Be Let—Flats in "Bombay View" at Colaba Kitridge Road. Apply Premjee Nagurdas, 84, Bazar Gate Street, Fort. (9663)

To Let—Airy and Commodious 2 or 4 Flats, fit for Hospital, Hostel and residential purposes and 4 big shops at Culliandas Front Building, Gowalia Tank Road. Apply Manecklal Damania, Solicitor, Behind Wilson College, Chowpatty. (Telephone No. 41993 and 24827). (9600)

154. TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

The oldest and the only scientifically equipped Tailoring Institution in India. London Diplomas awarded. Rao's Tailoring College, (between Portuguese Church and Opera House), Girgaum, Bombay. (9637)

Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution. Established 1898, by Gopaldas Laldas. Expert individual training in Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy. Princess Street corner, above Tripathi and Co., Kalkadevi. (9607)

MOTOR DRIVING TUITIONS

Motor Driving taught perfectly within fifteen days by expert on our car, charges moderate. Apply Box 9634, "Bombay Chronicle".

151. MEDICAL ADLETS

Scientific Malabar Massage for Rheumatism, paralysis blood-pressure, nervousness, aches and pains. Consultation free. Anglo-Ayurvedic Hospital, Gowalia Tank Bombay. (9660)

221. BIRTH CONTROL PATENTS

For many children or no children and allied sex troubles—Expert Medical advice and treatment at Birth Control Research Committee's Centre, 166A, Vincent Road, Dadar. (9646)

245. ASTROLOGERS

Prof. Gill cures old and incurable diseases by Spiritualism and Prophesies past, present and future by Phrenology and Palmistry. Possesses certificates from all parts of world. Send birth date or time of writing with stamps. Visit 2 to 6. Gateway Hotel, Mahendra Mansions, Fort, Bombay. (9655)

317. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Funds available for small loans. For rules apply with four anna stamps. Teekaram, Podar Street, Santacruz. (9657)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that share Certificates Nos: 114017|26, 112321|30, 123058|60, 116609, and 124732, for 25 ordinary shares of the Jupiter General Insurance Co., Ltd. standing in the name of Ganesh Govind Fadhye have been LOST OR DESTROYED. Any claim in respect of the same should be notified to the above company at their registered office, (Ewart House Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay) within one month from the date hereof Otherwise duplicate Certificates will be issued to the above Shareholder, who has applied for the same.

Dated this 15th Day of December 1937.

LALJI NARANJI,
Managing Agents,
Jupiter General Insu. Co., Ltd.
(7669)

Public Notices

NOTICE.

THE CASH TRANSACTIONS of the Motor Vehicles and Taxation Departments will be CLOSED at 12-30 (S.T.) on the 14th January, 1938.

H. B. KIDD,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
M. V. & Taxation.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 6th January, '38.
7667.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY LTD.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Deck, Engine, Saloon and Electric Stores, Paints, Oils, Labour and for Victualling Contract for 1938-39 will be received by the Company upto 12 noon on Saturday, 29th January 1938. The Company does not bind itself to accept lowest or any tender. Forms of Tenders and conditions of Contract can be obtained from the Scindia Steam Nav. Co. Ltd., Sudama House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, by written application."

7664.

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites the following Tender:—

(1) Tender No. 1938-39/B for the supply of hardware, comprising oil and watering cans, chains, oil feeders, latrine, mortar and sanitary pans, panel pins, machine screws, aluminium utensils, washers, etc. required during the period 16-6-33 to 15-6-39. Rate Contract.
(2) Tender No. 1937/18 for the supply of cranks and rough forgings for crank pins.

Tender forms obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2 per copy, drawings for Tender No. 1937-18 are obtainable at Rs. 3 per set, which amount will not be returned. Payment by cheque or postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date for both the tenders is 23rd February 1938 at 3 P.M. (S.T.)

7663.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI AHMED HAJI EBRAHIM, HAJI HAROON ADAM, JUNAS KASHAM, HAJI MAHOMED HUSSAIN HAJI ABDUL REHMAN SUMAR and TYAB HAJI ELIAS, the Arbitrators appointed in Bombay High Court suit No. 317 of 1936 and Haji Abdul Satar Haji Jusab, Zulekhaba alias Dadibai, widow of Haji Adam Haji Jusab, Halimabai, daughter of Haji Adam Haji Jusab, Karimabai, wife of Abdul Hamid Haji Mussa Sobhani and Havabai, wife of Haji Ismail Haji Ibrahim of Bombay Cutchi Memon Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 111, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:

ALL that piece or parcel of land of the quit and Ground Rent Tenure, containing by admeasurement 970.8/9 square yards (but according to the Collector's Bill, admeasuring 958.4/9 square yards) and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos: 2980-2983, New Nos. 9926 and A/9927, Old Survey Nos. 4383-4386 and New Survey No: 5072 and Cadastral Survey No: 1/3944 part of 3944 Bhuleshwar Division together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under No. C Ward No. 7792 and Street Nos: 200-202 and C Ward Nos: 7791-7792, Street Nos: 1-2 and now under C Ward Nos: 7790 at 7792 and Street Nos. 77 at 85 and 66 at 86 Northbrook Street and Durgadevi in the registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded, on or towards the East by the said Northbrook Street, on or towards the West by Sweepers passage on or towards the North by Durgadevi Street and on or towards the South by the property of Messoor Raja.

Dated this 11th day of January, 1938.

N. C. DALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
7663.

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS for works of construction of an additional storey over two Ward Pavilions Nos. 2 and 3 with their connecting verandahs, staircases and W. C. Blocks at the K. E. M. Hospital, Parel, will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time), on FRIDAY, the 21st January, 1938.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive them on payment of Rs. 5 for each tender copy, by the City Engineer, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
Hornby Road,
Bombay, 11th January, 1938.
(7673)

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the construction of a Building on Plot No. 1 Back Bay Reclamation for THE LALJI NARANJI MEMORIAL BUILDING.

Copies of specification and tender forms can be had from the Office of the undersigned during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 per copy.

Sealed tenders will be accepted upto 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) on 17th January 1938.

The Owners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Messrs. MASTER, SATHE & BHUTA.
F.A., A.R.I.B.A.,
Chartered Architects,
34-38, Hamam Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.
7675.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of Bai Meherbanoo, daughter of Esmailji Ebrahim Kurwa and wife of Hyderali Abbasbhai Nakhoda, otherwise known as Bai Meherbanoo Esmailji Kurwa, Meherbanoo E. E. Kurwa, Meherbanoo Esmailji Ebrahim Kurwa, Miss Meherbanoo Esmailji Ebrahim Kurwa, Bai Meherbanoo E. E. Kurwa, Miss Meherbanoo Esmailji Kurwa Miss Meherbanoo E. Kurwa, Miss Meherbanoo E. E. Kurwa, Bai Meherbanoo Ismailji and M. E. Kurwa, of Bombay Bohra Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at the time of her death at South Cotte Walkeshwar outside the Fort of Bombay .... Deceased.

(1) Amiruddin Esmailji Kurwa and (2) Abeddin Esmailji Kurwa, both of Bombay Bohra Mahomedan Inhabitants, the first residing at Kurwa Castle, Walkeshwar Road and the second "The Nest" Walkeshwar Road outside the Fort of Bombay the constituted attorneys of Hyderali Abbasbhai Nakhoda of Surat Mahomedan Inhabitant the husband of the deceased about to leave India for Singapore. ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the above-named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 22nd day of December in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty seven and in the Second year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,

The 22nd day of December 1937
Messrs. MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Petitioners Attorneys.
(7672)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

O. S. Suit No. 1781 of 1937.

GOVINDRAO HARISCHANDRA JOSHI and anr. .... Plaintiffs.
vs.
ADAMALI ALIMAHOMED SHALIYA ..... Defendant.

UPON reading the Plaint herein and upon hearing Messrs. Purnanand & Jasubhai, attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed, IT IS ORDERED that the defendant abovenamed do on the 24th day of January 1938 attend before the Honourable Mr. Justice Somjee at 11 A.M. (S.T.) for the determination of the following questions:—

1. Whether the Plaintiffs have made out a marketable title?
2. Whether the executors of Chandrasen are necessary parties to the Conveyance?
3. Whether the executors of Yeshwantrao are necessary parties to the Conveyance?
4. Whether the Plaintiffs are entitled to specific performance of contract in suit?
5. Whether the defendant is entitled to return of the earnest money with interest and costs on the footing that the plaintiffs have failed to make out a marketable title?
6. About the costs of the suit.

Dated this 10th day of November, 1937.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.
(Sd.) PURNANAND & JASUBHAI,
Attorneys for the Plaintiffs.

NOTE:—If the defendant does not appear at the time and place abovementioned, such order will be made and proceedings taken as the Judge may think just and expedient.

(7670)

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & Co.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE of two Bungalows known as DOMUS MITHAI and MUGASETH HOUSE, situate at CLUB ROAD AND CLUB BACK ROAD.

On WEDNESDAY, the 19th January, 1938, at 4-30 P.M. on site.

AUCTION SALE OF

One Bungalow, known as "DOMUS MITHAI," situate on the North side of the CLUB ROAD, BOMBAY, on the Agripada Estate of the Improvement Trust being Plots Nos. 7 and 8 total area 1466.44 square yards and bearings Cadastral Survey No. 1615 (Byculla Division) assessed by the Municipality under E Ward No. 4107 (7—8) Street No. 16 bounded on the North by service passage and beyond that plot Nos. 23 and 24 on the East by the Club Cross Road on the South by the Club Road and on the West by Plot No. 6.

Another Bungalow known as "MUGASETH HOUSE" situate at Club Back Road Agripada Estate of the Improvement Trust being Plot No. 23. Total area 1032.11 square yards Cadastral Survey No. 1629 (Byculla Division) assessed by the Municipality under E Ward No. 4105 (7) Street No. 15 and bounded on the North by Club Back Road on the East by the Club Cross Road on the South by the service passage and beyond that by plot Nos 7 and 8 on the West by Plot No. 24

On WEDNESDAY the 19th day of January, 1938 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises under instructions from Messrs. Little and Co Attorneys for the National Bank of India Ltd Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Rustom Jehangir Mugaseth and others the Mortgagors.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale please apply to Messrs. Little and Co.. Attorneys for the National Bank of India Ltd. at the Central Bank Building, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned

CRAWFORD & CO.

BENNETT & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF ONE FORD MOTOR BUS.

Under instructions from the Owner, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on FRIDAY, the 14th January, 1938 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—

One "Ford" V8 Motor Bus No. W 3338 with folding seats and water-tank and suitable for Zanana and in good running order.

Cash will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Messrs. Hyland Co., of complete Household furniture, Zula sofa cabinet, Wardrobes, Billiard table, H.M.V. Gramophone Singer Machine, Remington portable typewriter, Chesterfield, sets, etc.

Book To-Day

EXHIBITION TENNIS
BRABOURNE STADIUM

SAT. 22ND JANUARY, 2-30 P.M.

COCHET Vs. BURKE
TILDEN Vs. RAMILLION

followed by
TILDEN and BURKE
Vs.
COCHET and RAMILLION

SUNDAY, 23rd Jan.: 2-20 P.M.

RAMILLION vs. BURKE
TILDEN Vs. COCHET

followed by
TILDEN and RAMILLION
Vs.
COCHET and BURKE

Seats booked at the Cricket Club of India office, Brabourne Stadium from 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.

Admission: Rs. 3|6, 4|8 and 5|12
Members Rs. 3|6 and Rs. 4|8

4TH WEEK!

SAGAR'S GREAT PICTURE—

SURENDRA & MAYA BANNERJEE

in

Eternal Music

with

KRISHNA KUMARI SANKATHA

SHOWING the TOPICAL of—

FESTIVAL CRICKET MATCH

IMPERIAL CINEMA

5-15; 8 & 10-30.

People Come in numbers and Appreciate

GENERAL FILMS LTD.'s

CHANDRARAO MORE

INDIA'S GREATEST WAR PICTURE

A tender Romance Running in the background APPEALS TO ONE AND ALL

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Three shows To-day: 5-15, 8, 10-45

Tickets from Rs. 1|8 and above can be booked in advance.

FROM TUESDAY, 11TH TO FRIDAY, 14TH JANUARY, 1938 FOR FOUR DAYS ONLY.

Favourite picture of the public, showing the world after fifty years, full of fun, Romance and thrills.

"JUST IMAGINE"

Featuring,
EL BRENDEL, MAUREEN O' SULLIVAN.

Daily at 6-30 p.m. and 10 p.m. AT

PLAZA

6TH SIXTH

GLORIOUS WEEK!

COLOURS

OF TRUE LOVE can NEVER be effected by the worldly Colours

NEW THEATRES Ltd.'s EVER NEW PIECE of Art—

VIDYAPATI

—: *Starring* :—
PAHARI SANYAL, KANANBALA

with CHHAYADEVI, PRITHVIRAJ, B.A.; K. C. DEY; LEELA DESAI; MD. ISAQUE, ETC.

Direction :—: Sjt. DEBKI BOS

Music :—: R. C. BORAL

THE ROXY

Time:—5-15, 8, 10-45. Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-30 p.m.

An Artist's Life

LIVED ON THE SCREEN BY AN ARTIST—

NEW THEATRES'

Mukti

AN ART CREATION OF P. C. BARUA, maker of "Devadas" with Your Favourites:—
KANAN, BARUA, JAGDISH, NAWAB, MENAKA

From Friday Next

AT

LAMINGTON

TALKIES —:— LAMINGTON RD.

THE BROADWAY

KHODADAD CIRCLE; KINGSWAY—DADAR.

—: DAILY 3 SHOWS :— 4; 6-30 & 10 P. M.

The MOST POWERFUL PARAMOUNT PICTURE with MIGHTY Cast—

THE GENERAL DIED AT DAWN

****Starring****

GARY COOPER & MADELEINE CARROLL

NEXT SATURDAY:
Warner's "DICK POWELL & RUBY KEELLER in—
"SHIPMATES FOR EVER."

You simply can't afford to Miss it

And——

You have got to SEE IT

BOMBAY TALKIES'

STARRING:

DEVIKA RANI

in the MOST MAGNIFICENT performance of Her GLORIOUS Screen Career.

3 SHOWS: 5-30, 8, 10-30
MATINEE: FRIDAY, 14 AT 2-45 P.M.

MINERVA
TALKIES

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

LEGISLATION TO AMEND CRIMINAL TRIBES ACT

Prof. Ranga's Important Bills For Forthcoming Session Of Central Assembly

NEW DELHI, (By Mail)

Recognition of Trade Unions by employers and the State and the gradual abolition of the classification of any body of people as Criminal Tribes are aimed at through legislation by Prof. N. G. Ranga, who has tabled two Bills for introduction during the forthcoming session of the Central Legislature.

The statement of objects and reasons of the Bill about criminal Tribes points out that the Criminal Tribes Act has caused much more harm to the so-called criminal tribes than good to the society as a whole. "Not only had non-criminally minded sections of tribes or whole tribes been classified as criminal tribes, but also many ordinary peaceful citizens had come to be registered as criminal tribesmen, because of village factions, prejudices of the police and ignorance of the local circumstances on the part of the District Magistrates. Of late this Act has come to be invoked in the Punjab and Bengal to suppress many political workers also. Hence the universal demand for the total repeal of this Act.

MISCHIEVOUS SECTIONS.

"This Bill does not go so far as to repeal the Act. It only seeks to delete the most mischievous sections, namely, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, portions of 20, 22, (1), 23, 24, and 25, and to reduce the fines from Rs. 20 to Rs. 10, and to abolish imprisonment for the first offence, and reduction of fine to Rs 50 or imprisonment for one month for repeated offence. The least that we can do immediately is to prevent the virtual imprisonment of tribes in definite areas under sections 12 and 13 and the compulsory transfer of tribes or sections of tribes from one district to another or from one province to another, and the compulsory removal of children from their parents and their subsequent treatment as juvenile offenders under section 17, and finally to abolish the inhuman punishment provided in the Act for even paltry offences under sections 21 and 22. This Bill provides a means for the automatic elimination of the classification of any people as criminal, by the time the present generation of children of people classified as criminal under this Act, reach their adulthood. This Bill gives the local Governments an opportunity to educate such children during the next five to 18 years, so they will grow out of any hereditary criminal proclivities and will acquire the habits of normal citizenship. The Bill provides that once a child of sixteen years or less reaches its majority, it shall be conferred the full rights of citizenship.

RECOGNITION OF TRADE UNIONS.

The statement of objects and reasons of the Bill regarding recognition of Trade Unions runs as follows:—

"In this nascent condition and stage of Trade Unionism in India, the recognition of Trade Unions by employers, whether Government or private individuals, is of great importance. The experience of Indian labour during the last twenty years has abundantly shown that for obtaining such recognition alone, many strikes have had to be resorted to, causing great sufferings to workers, and cruel victimisation of labour leaders, in addition to the arrest of the growth of industrialisation of the country. It is not fair to leave the burden of fighting for the recognition of their Trade Unions on the ill-organised and underpaid Indian labour. It is also generally recognised that a healthy growth of Trade Unions, recognised by employers and the State, is conducive to the industrial development of the country. Hence this Bill providing for the compulsory recognition of those Trade Unions which satisfy any reasonable conditions that may be prescribed by Government.

The Whitley Commission as well as the Simon Commission have recognised the need for organisational representation of labour in the legislatures of our country, and the Delimitation Committee has provided ways and means for such representation of labour in our legislatures under the new Constitution. But this right of workers to elect some from among themselves is in danger of being lost by the refusal of the Agent of the M. & S. M. Railway to grant leave on loss of pay to a labour M.L.A. to enable him to attend the session of the Madras Legislative Assembly. It is therefore necessary to confer the right of obtaining leave to discharge his duties as a legislator upon any workman who may be elected to represent labour or the public. Since such a right is needed by workers to function even as members of local boards or office-bearers of their Trade Unions, it is sought by this Bill to be granted to them this right."

Another resolution urging the levy of an embargo on the import of cotton of 1" and less staple and grant of adequate export subsidy for cotton from India has also been tabled by Prof. Ranga for the budget session.—United Press.

KARACHI IN EARNEST

Plans To Protect City In Emergency: Anti-Air Raid Measures

KARACHI (By Mail.)

In connection with the Air Defence of Karachi, measures for which are in process of being put into operation, some of the later plans evolved by different heads of departments are now available.

According to a senior military officer, adequate protection for all military personnel in Karachi would be a very big undertaking, but efforts are being made to minimise the risk in the event of aerial attack as far as possible. Part of the scheme is to provide gas-proof rooms in barracks and bungalows occupied by all units, while gas masks are to be provided for all the troops of the garrison.

Although, plans have been made for the erection of gas-proof shelters in different parts of Karachi, it is understood, the cost of these would be extremely heavy and for the present at least such an expense would not be justified.

OTHER MEASURES

Other measures are for the training of all officers and men in anti-gas precautions, particularly with regard to the different kinds of gas used and their effects. Organisation of first aid parties and decontamination squads form part of the training, while a special staff is to be maintained for medical treatment.

In this respect, medical officers belonging to the military would be available to the civil authorities for the purpose of organising rescue parties, first-aid posts and decontamination squads, the last being particularly important because of the dangerous after-effects of certain gases.

PORT TRUST GETS BUSY

After the inaugural meeting of the Air Defence Committee, the Karachi Port Trust, whose property covers a wide area along the water-front has seriously taken up the question of defence measures. It is understood that Lieut. Commander Caws, Deputy Conservator of the Port has been asked to prepare defence plans.

"BLACK-OUT" PLANS

With regard to 'black-outs,' considered an important part of aerial defence, Major Pearson of the Karachi Electric Supply Corporation, said he was working out details. Plunging the City into total darkness is a matter of seconds, but the renewal of supply is a different proposition.

Referring to a proposal that anti-aircraft guns should be mounted on the more prominent buildings, a military officer disagreed with the idea entirely and said that the best method was to have mobile anti-aircraft equipment, placed in suitable spots.

It is understood that the military have already chosen the best places for these guns, but for obvious reasons the sites cannot be made known as yet.

It is believed that the next meeting of the Air Defence Committee will be held when H. E. Governor returns from tour and it is thought that a practice 'black-out' may be staged during this month.—United Press.

FINDING EMPLOYMENT FOR JOBLESS GRADUATES

(From Our Correspondent.)

MYSORE, (By Mail).

The Council of the Mysore University have appointed a Committee with the Vice-Chancellor of the University as Chairman and the Registrar as Secretary to explore avenues of employment of the Mysore University Graduates outside the Mysore State and to suggest suitable measures from time to time for giving necessary training which will qualify them for such posts.

Congress Efforts For Securing Social Justice

Prof. Mukerjee's Appeal To Youth To Take Up Leaderships And Overcome Cultural Crisis

LUCKNOW, (By Mail)

In his address on the crisis in culture delivered at the inaugural meeting of the Lucknow University Union on Wednesday night, Prof. Radhakamal Mukerjee observed that in Europe and America a profound crisis in Moral and Social Life has been brought about by the supremacy of the State and the class and the invasion of the community by relatively impersonal and mechanical modes of behaviour and relationships in every field.

The great society, created by steam and electricity, is no community: it is, however, aspiring to be a community through the regional and functional idea, which is based neither on the power of the State nor on the ideology of the class but on a planned participatiaon of all social groups and individuals in their fair fruits of culture. The aspiration of moderan industrial planning whether in Soviet Russia or in the U.S.A. is the breaking up of the big business into small self-governing workshops, co-operatives, corporations and guilds with powers of self-government, giving opportunities for active citizenship, for art and culture.

He continued that the development from the contractual and romantic to the ethical family, from profit-seeking industry to industry regulated by social and ethical standards, from a society dominated by mechanical and artificial relationships to one governed by intimate strivings is an advance which lies along the Eastern road.

CRISIS AVERTED

In the East, on the other hand, wherever the ancient social framework caste, rural community or joint family have thwarted individual initiative and efficiency a grave cultural crisis is averted by importing the ideal of individualistic justice from the West. That ideal derived as it is from the contractual rational aspects of social life has shown its abuses in the West, but is now bringing about a vital orientation in the East.

Such cultural interpenetration is not a matter of mere ideology, discernible only in our thought and faith. It is a social process and experience which India has to achieve and develop by bridging the present gulf between the academy and the masses. That is the essential goal of the mass contact stressed by the Congress to-day in India. Wherever the peasant stoops under an excessive burden of debt, the tenant is denied permanence and heritability or the farm-hand works as a bond-slave without the wherewithal of a bare subsistence, the relations between the landlords, tenants and agricultural labourers and between creditors and debtors cry for a revision in terms of the new scale of individualistic justice. Where in our factories and workshops industrial labour is exploited, and in the squalid 'chawls' and 'bustis' of our industrial cities manhood is brutalised a new conception of economic rights the rights of all workers to a minimum wage, to a decent standard of housing, education and the amenities of life must aid us in securing social justice.

Where, again the over-awing authority of an institutional religion or a male code of ethics has perpetuated the ignorance, incapacity and subservience of Indian womenhood, there is need of stressing the new individualistic ideal for obtaining a fair treatment to one-half of India's humanity.

In economic legislation, in land readjustment, in the labour movement, in social reform and in political reconstruction, the Universities of India must now supply the leadership.

APPEAL TO YOUTH

Concluding Professor Mukerjee appealed to the youths to prepare themselves for this great task of leadership; it would be an apprenticeship for service to science, to the nation and to humanity. It is the assiduous thinking, realism and courage of convictions of the youth of India which alone can renovate the social and economic life of the masses in the best interests of social harmony and justice and overcome the cultural crisis through which India is passing to-day.—A. P.

COULD NOT KEEP FOOD DOWN

Drugs Proved Useless for His Indigestion

KRUSCHEN BROUGHT HIM BACK TO PERFECT HEALTH.

For eight years now this man has enjoyed perfect health, yet at one time he had become a physical wreck through indigestion. To-day he passes for 50, though he is in his 65th year, and indigestion is a thing of the past. Read how this remarkable change was brought about:

"Ten years ago I was a physical wreck with gastric indigestion. After taking treatment which included numerous drugs without obtaining relief, I got into a hopeless state. It was so bad I could not keep food down. Finally I tried Kruschen Salts, and for eight years now I have enjoyed a state of perfect health. I am supervisor in a world-famous motor works and my work entails a lot of footwork, but, although I am in my 65th year, I pass for 50."—E. T.

Kruschen is a combination of six salts, each of which has an action of its own. The first effect of these salts is to promote the flow of saliva and so awaken the appetite. The next action occurs in the stomach, where the digestive juices are encouraged to pour out and act correctly upon the food. Again, in the intestinal tract, certain of these salts promote a further flow of those vital juices which deal with partly digested food and prepare it finally for absorption into the system.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

"16,741 MASTER BARBERS ENDORSE PREP SHAVES"
ASK YOUR BARBER
50 Million Shaves Have Proved His Secret For a Painless Shave
PREP
Doubles life of Blades

LEAUX PRODUCTS (INDIA) AGENCIES
Sambava Chambers
40, A. Sir Phirojshaw Mehta Road.

Each One of Our Policies is Backed by

Rs. 3,00,00,000

More than 130,000 persons have thought it wise to entrust their future to us. That we have succeeded in maintaining the trust reposed in us, is evidenced by the rapid increase in the number of our Policy-holders.

The interests of each one of them are protected by Assets worth more than Rs. 3,00,00,000/-. These policy-holders are now proof against the freaks of fortune or the caprice of circumstances.

Bombay Branch Building

You too can do the same—if you will. We are perfectly willing to guard your future against all external onslaughts—however powerful.

There are certain decisions which when once translated into action, never cause a moment's regret thereafter. Taking out a policy of the "NATIONAL" is one of them.

Do not Delay
To-morrow may be too late

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Established 1906)

Head Office:
NATIONAL INSURANCE BUILDING
7, Council House Street,
CALCUTTA.

Bombay Branch:
NATIONAL INSURANCE BUILDING
204, Hornby Road, Fort
BOMBAY

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay Programme

VUD 244 metres. 1,231 kc/s

A.M.

8-0 VUB Orchestra. 8-10 Ervad F. A. Bode. Exposition of Gathas. 8-25 Shahajan. 8-55 AIR Chorus. Noon.

12-0 "Bal Geets."

P.M.

12-21 Prem Geets. 12-33 Garba Gats. 12-15 "Nauten Gats." 12-33 "Journey of life." 1-0 Market rates and announcements. 1-5 Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra. 1-30 Yehudi Menuhin (Violin). 1-40 John McCormack—Tenor. 1-47 London Palladium Orchestra. 5-30 Better Half-Hour. Talk (Gujarati): "Influence of women on life to-day". 6-0 Harimati. 6-7 AIR Artists. A dance melody. 6-20 AIR Bhajan Mandal. 6-30 News in Marathi. 6-35 To Bhumijan. 7-30 Commercial News. 7-40 Talk (Hindustani): "Stars in their courses." No. 1. By Sabita Devi. 7-55 Prof. Amnatkhan. 8-45 News in Hindustani. 9-0 News in English. 9-15 Governor's Band. 9-45 Talk (English): "From Bombay by Packet" By Capt. J. C. Richards. 10-0 Governor's Band. 10-12 Ireni Eisinger—Soprano. Aquarellen Waltz". 10-15 Four Quavers. 10-35 Grace Calwell.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s

TRANSMISSION I.

A.M.

8-0 Vilayat Khan. Afish, Amir. 8-15 Krishna Bai Hukheri. Asawari. 8-35 Manohar Kapur. Geet. 8-50 Shakoor. Dadra, Ghazal. 9-5 Hamid Hussain. Bhairvin on Sarinda. 9-10 News (English). 9-20 News (Hindustani). 9-30 Vilayat Khan. Amir, Jigar. 9-45 Manohar Kapur. Ghazal Bhajan. 10-0 Shakoor, Dadra. 10-10 Krishana Bai Hukkeri Barivin Bhajan

TRANSMISSION II.

P.M.

12-30 "Ham Bhi Hain" Programme for women. In the women's world—news in Hindustani. 12-35 Amateur Music. Miss Ela Roy. 12-40 "Soteli Man." Play in Hindustani. My Mishabut Haq. 12-52 Amateur music. Miss Ela Roy. 1-0 Indian music. 1-30 "Round the world".

TRANSMISSION III.

P.M.

5-0 Shakoor. Bekhud. 5-15 Vilayat Khan. Ghazal. 5-35 Krishna Bai Hukkeri. 6-0 Manohar Kapur. 6-20 AIR Orchestra—Multani. 6-30 "For villagers only" 7-30 Bed-time story. By Beg. 7-40 Krishna Bai Hukkeri. Hindi Bhajan. 8-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Why Literature." No. 1. By Niaz Fatehpuri. 8-15 Shakoor. Dadra. 8-30 Villayat Khan Thumri. 8-50 Manohar Kapur. Arzu Bhajan 9-51 News and weather. (Hindustani). 9-30 News and weather (English). 9-45 European music. 10-0 A famous Ballet. 10-10 Talk (English: "World Affairs". By H. Wickham Steed. Relayed from BBC. 10-25 Vocal Recital. By Xenia Patterson: Soprano. 10-55 News.

Delhi II Programme

TRANSMISSION I.

49.3 metres, 6,085 kc/s.

Programmes as in Delhi I.

TRANSMISSION II.

49.3 metres, 6,085 kc/s.

Programmes as in Delhi I.

TRANSMISSION III.

85 metres, 3,495 kc/s.

P.M.

5-0 to 6-30 programmes as in Delhi I. 6-30 Shakoor. 6-50 Vilayat Khan. Ghazal. 7-5 Sabiri. Jaijaiwanti on Sarangi. 7-15 Manohar Kapur. Geet. Bhajan. 7-30 to 9-15 Programmes as in Delhi I. 9-45 Shakoor. 10-0 Vilayat Khan. 10-10 to 10-25 Programmes as in Delhi I. 10-25 AIR Orchestra—Handol. 10-30 Krishna Bai Hukkeri. 10-55 News.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 m. 810 kc/s and 49.10 m. 6.109 kc/s (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time). P.M

12-36 Lunch-Hour programme. By Grand Hotel Orchestra. 1-36 Gramophone records. 2-0 Talk: 'Great women of India." No 1. Seet. By Leela Devi. 2-21 Vocal music. Chhaya Devi—Light Bengali song. 2-36 Givinda Mukerjee —Classico-Modern. 2-51 Instrumental Duet. 5-6 For the rural areas. 5-36 Religious song. Jyotikana Devi. 5-51 Toppa (Old Bengali song). Panchanon Sircar. 6-6 Khayal (Puria Dhansree) Tarapada Chakravarty. 6-26 Violin Solo. Phaniadra Nath Bose. 6-38 "Pous-Parvan". Feature programme 7-51 Talk: "Bengali's first citizen—the Ryat." By H. K. Sanyal. 8-6 News and weather (Bengali). 8-21 Hindustani songs (Kafi) Robindralal Roy. 8-41 Thumri and Bhajan. Renuka Roy. 9-4 Commercial news and weather, (English). 9-6 News and announcements. 9-21 Talk: "The Corridors of Time." No 1. Apes and Men. By W. C. Wordisworth. 9-36 "Little Glass Houses". By Phillip Johnson and Howard Agg. 10-16 Dance music.

B. B. C. Programme

GSA 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 M.) GSG 17.79 Mc/s. (16.86 m.) GSF 18.14 Mc/s (19.82 m.) GSD 11.75 Mc/s (25.53 m.).

P.M.

7-25 Opening announcements. 7-30 Big Ben. Vario Trio. 7-45 Life of Walter Barnes. 8-30 'Palace of varieties'. 9-30 News and announcements. 9-50 Edinburgh Police Pipe Band. 10-10 'World Affairs'. A talk by H. Wickham Steed.

THE HISTORY OF NATIONS IS THE HISTORY OF HER GREAT MEN!

In the struggle for political and economical emancipation culminating in provincial autonomy India has made history.

The contemporary history of India's great men may be known to you.

But what you do not know is the troubles and tribulation, the mental anguish, the social sacrifice, that is the life blood of these great men.

SAGAR MOVIETONE

HAVE DARED IN

Watan

Coming Shortly at the

IMPERIAL CINEMA

To portray the make-up of the great men of all times

WITH AN ALL-STAR CAST:

KUMAR-BIBBO, YAKUB-MAYA
BANNERJEE-SITARA

Directed by: MEHBOOB
whose "JAGIRDAR" Broke all records
at the Roxy.

BOMBAY HOCKEY LEAGUE

G. I. P. Matunga Draw With Young Sports

Tuesday's game, [illegible] Hockey League Tournament, which was played between G.I.P. Matunga and Young Sports Club, Dadar, resulted in a draw, neither side being able to score.

The standard of hockey was very poor and there was not a single good movement seen throughout the match.

The forwards of both the teams had very poor finishing in the ring with the result that some chances that came in their way were not made use of.

THE RESULT:—

G.I.P. MATUNGA .... Nil
YOUNG SPORTS, Dadar Nil

THE TEAMS

G.I.P. MATUNGA: Coveney, Farla and Barnes; Lloyd, Thomson and Pavey: Mungavin, Matcher, Romer, Singh and O'Brien.

YOUNG SPORTS: DADAR: Fernandes; F. D'Souza and D'Silva; E. Carvalho, Menezes and H. Carvalho; D'Costa, Oliveira, Murzello, A. D'Souza and E. D'Souza.

TENNIS AT BRABOURNE STADIUM

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

In order to enable tennis enthusiastic students to witness Tilden, Cochet and others at the Brabourne Stadium, the Cricket Club of India have decided to give special facilities for the students —A P.

DEMAND FOR REDUCTION OF CRICKET FEES

"Boycott Tennyson's Match And Contribute Same Money To China Fund"

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, January 10.

A resolution protesting against the high rates of fees for admission to C. P. Cricket Pavilion on the occasion of the forthcoming match between the C. P. Team and Lord Tennyson's Team at Nagpur and urging C. P. and Berar Cricket Association to reduce the same so as to enable sports-loving public of the Province and students to witness the same in large numbers was adopted at a public meeting held here this evening.

Of the three speakers, who addressed the meeting Mr. M. L. Jaiwant, a Labour leader, suggested that in case the Cricket Authorities adopted an adamantive attitude, the public should boycott the match and donate money, so saved to China Relief Fund. He referred to the appeal issued by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and appealed to the audience to sacrifice entertainment for the sake of distressed and injured Chinese, who were victims of Japanese aggression.

SHAHIDGANJ APPEAL JUDGMENT RESERVED

LAHORE, January 11.

Judgment was reserved to-day in the Shahidganj appeal before a Full Bench of the High Court consisting of the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Bhide and Mr. Justice Din Mahomed.

Mr. Badridas, counsel for the Sikhs, argued that the mosque was the property of the Sikhs. Its demolition did not give fresh cause for action or a fresh period of limitation. He said that an injunction to re-build the mosque could not be granted. The mosque was in a dilapidated and dangerous condition. When it was demolished, no annoyance to the Muslim community was intended.

He further argued that it was impossible for the Court to grant an injunction to re-build the mosque. The Court, in such cases if proved, could grant damages but in the present case an estimate of damage was difficult. Then the question arose as to the damage would be granted to whom, there being no "Mutawali" of the mosque. The proper remedy for the man out of possession was not an injunction but possession and that remedy was not sought within time.—United Press.

Shahidgunj Arrests And Convictions

LAHORE, Jan. 11.

Another batch of five Ahrar volunteers, who marched to Shahidgunj this afternoon was arrested near the city Kotwali.

Yesterday's batch of volunteers were tried to-day and sent to jail for six months on their refusal to furnish securities of Rs. 500 each. —A. P.

BOMBAY OLYMPICS

D'Souza's Third Consecutive Victory In 5,000 Metres Race

The 5,000 metres race, in connection with the Bombay Presidency Olympic Games, was run at the Brabourne Stadium on Tuesday and proved to be a triumph for S D'Souza for the third successive year.

S. Ganpat of the City Police finished second while E. Christian came a close third.

Time: 18 mts. 3 secs.

5 WICKETS FOR 9 RUNS

Test Between Argentine And Brinckman's Team

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 10.

In the second test between Argentina and Brinckman's team Argentina scored 250.

C. H. Gibson, a former Sussex player, made 44 participating in a stand of 76 for the last wicket.

Argentina in second innings scored 185.

Wyatt in a spell taking 5 for 9 and finally 6 for 39.

Brinckman's team scored 141, Dayling taking 5-67 and 72 in second innings Dayling returning the analysis of 12/6/10/6.—Reuter.

BOLI VOLLEY-BALL TOURNEY

Two games were decided in the Boli Volley-Ball Tournament on Tuesday. The Nagpada Neighbournood beat the Beg Mohomed School 15-11, 15-9, and the Willingdon Playground eliminated Gilder Playground, 15-4, 15-6.

Fifteen teams have entered the tournament, among this number figure the strongest volley-ball strings in Bombay. The fancied sides are Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Gilder Tank Municipal Playground, Mustan Municipal Playground, Matunga Athletic Club and the Grand Medical College.

The tournament is being run under the auspices of the Y.M.C.A. who, incidentally, interest themselves greatly in providing games for the man and youth, who cannot afford a club, and whose only venue of sport is the Municipal Playground. The Bombay Municipality help the Y.M.C.A. with a grant to carry on their good work.

DARBHANGA ELECTIONS FOR HARIPURA

Charges By Leftists Denied

PATNA, Jan. 8.

The President of the Darbhanga District Committee, Mr. Satya Narayan Sinha, M. L. A. (Central) in the course of a statement denies the charges made by Congressmen belonging to the Kisan group regarding irregularities alleged to have been practised by right-wing Congressmen during the elections of delegates to the Haripura Congress session from that district.

Mr. Sinha hoped that the returning officer for the elections in Darbhanga will issue a statement replying to these charges, he being in possession of all the facts relating to the elections. He also suggests that a tribunal be appointed by the provincial Congress executive to conduct an enquiry into those allegations and pronounce its verdict.—A. P.

Karachi Delegates For Haripura

KARACHI, January 9.

The polling for four Congress delegates from Karachi to Haripura took place to-day, there being 14 contestants. It may be recalled that Sind was allotted 20 delegates, of which 13 delegates were returned unopposed, including Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram and Prof. Ghanshyam from Hyderabad, and Dr. Choithram (President of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee) from Larkana.

To-day's contestants include Miss Jethi Sipahimalani and Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, both members of the Sind Legislative Assembly. Out of 3,482 votes, 1,174 were polled. Two seats have been allotted to Mirpurkhas, polling for which took place yesterday. The remaining one has been allotted to Nawabshah, polling for which is fixed for January 14. Counting in Karachi will take place to-morrow.—A.P.

Congress Delegates' Election In Sholapur

(From A Correspondent.)

SHOLAPUR, Jan. 10

Nominations for the Congress delegates election for Sholapur-Madha Taluka and Barsi Taluka were filed to-day. Six nominations for Sholapur and four for Barsi constitutency were received. Scrutiny held by Jajuji, President, District Congress to-day noon Mr. Chunusing's nomination was rejected for want of recommendation from proper authorities. Nomination of Mr. Rajbhoj was rejected for want of a receipt of proper fees. Mr. Shah withdrew in favour of the rest. Hence Mr. Wamanrao Kulkarni, Dongre, Raoji Manikchand were declared elected unopposed.

For Barsi Taluka Mr. Vibhute and Pimparkar's nominations were rejected for want of proper recommendations. Hence in Barsi, the contest between Jadhav and Shiral will be held on 13th January

Government Nominees For Nagpur Municipality

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, January 10.

Mr. M. D. Shahane, Mrs. A. Kale, Deputy Speaker, Mr. P. Y. Deshpande, Mr. Abdus Salam Farugi, Mr. G. D. Dhawale and Rev. Rogers, M.L.A., are, it is understood, likely to be nominated by Government to Nagpur Municipal Committee to serve for the next three years.

★ MAGNIFICENT

Magnificent as its golden fields, stirring as only a tale of a great love can be. The genius of Director Moti B. Gidwani framed the glowing beauty of PADMADEVI and the dark charm of GULAM MAHOMED in flaming setting of Oriental Colours.

INDIA'S 1ST ALL-COLOUR TALKIE

Kisan-Kanya

Starring: * The Colour Queen—PADMADEVI
Supported By * GULAM MAHOMED
With * SAYED AHMED NISSAR & OTHERS

Directed By:
MOTI B. GIDWANI

It's an Imperial Cine-Colour Picture.

Now Crashing The Gates at

MAJESTIC CINEMA

Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-30. Matinee at 2-30 on Holidays
Matinee on Friday the 14th at 2-30 p. m.

"Kisan-Kanya" Song Records on H. M. V. on Sale.
It's a "SUPREME" Release.

14 th Week: and still faithfully entertaining an enthusiastic Public!

PRABHAT'S
Social Screen Campaigner

'The Unexpected'

HINDI - - - - - "Duniya-Na-Mane?"
Director SHANTARAM'S slant on home life.

Starring:
SHANTA APTE, DATEY, VASANTEE and 4 other Stars

Daily: at 5, 8, 10-30 p. m.

KRISHNA Talkies, Charni Rd.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Sud 11, 1994
Muslim: Ziiquad 8, 1356
Parsi: Amardad 9, 1307
Hightide: 7-05; 21-16
Lowtide: 1-41; 14-10
Sunrise: 7h 15m
Sunset: 6h 13m
Bombay Legislative Assembly, 2 p.m.

'D' WARD CONGRESS SOCIALISTS

An urgent meeting of 'D' Ward members of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Party Office.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O S K steamer 'Havre Maru' left Singapore on January 10 and is due to arrive in Bombay on January 21 via Colombo.

SANKRANTI FESTIVAL IN ARYA SAMAJ

On Thursday morning at 8-30 (S.T.) a special Yajna will be performed and Sankranti festival will be celebrated in Arya Samaj Mandir, Girgaum Back Road. Public is requested to attend.

BHADEKARI SANGH MEETING

Under the auspices of the Bhadekari Sangh, a meeting of the tenants of the B. D. D. Chawls will be held opposite Chawl Nos. 19 and 20 DeLisle Road on Thursday the 13th instant at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.). Mr. Purushotam Tricumdas will preside. The Hon. Mr. Nurie will be present on the occasion.

UNION HIGH SCHOOL GATHERING PROGRAMME

Thursday: The performance of the dramas 'Vidushi' and 3 to 8-30 p.m. 'Jaydrath'. Saturday: Dinner. Sunday: Prize distribution under the presidentship of the Hon. Mr. A. B. Latthe at the Krishna Talkies. Time 9 to 12-0 a.m

"THE RELATION OF PSYCHOLOGY TO SOCIAL WORK"

A new series of lectures will be held in the hall of the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Old Parsi Statue, under the auspices of the Sir Dorabji Tata Graduate School of Social Work. The first of the lectures will be given to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. on "The relation of Psychology to Social Work."

COTTON BUYERS' ASSOCIATION CIATION

The Annual Ballot for the election of the President, Vice-President and the remaining eight members of the Managing Committee of the Cotton Buyers' Association for the official year 1938, held on Monday the 10th January 1938, resulted in the election of the following gentlemen:—

Sir Joseph Kay, Kt., President; J. Vonesch, Vice-President; F. Stones; C. P. Bramble; Tulsidas Kilachand; J. O. G. Barnes; R. C. Phillips; John R. Kay; Chandrakhant Mulraj Khatau and Bhagwandas C. V. Mehta

THYAGARAJA UTSAVAM

The following artistes will give concerts at Pratap Bhuvan, Telang Road, Matunga (G. I. P.) in celebration of Thyagaraja Utsavam under the auspices of the Sri Ranjani Sabha, Matunga, to-day (Wednesday). From 8-30 to 9-30 p.m. Mr. A. K. Vedaranyam (Vocal). From 9-30 p.m. Mr. V. S. Chidambaram (Vocal).

THE UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS

A Question and Answer meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) evening at 6-15 at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain. All questions are welcome and all are cordially invited.

SHOLAPUR DAY AT DADAR

Under the auspices of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held at 5 p.m. to-day at Shivaji Park, Dadar, to commemorate the Sholapur Day when prominent speakers will address.

Sir Geoffrey and Lady Winterbotham lunched at Government House on Tuesday.

MATINEES: TO-DAY, TO-MORROW & FRI. AT 4 P. M.
THE EXCELSIOR
THREE SHOWS DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
SEE THE GREAT
GEORGE ARLISS
in one of His BEST Films
"DOCTOR SYN"
an Exciting Tale of Smuggling

REGAL
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—"The General Died at Dawn" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The Petrified Forest". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Doctor Syn". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Duniya Kya Hai?" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Eternal Music" Daily at 5-15, 8 a.m. 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"The Unexpected" Daily at 5, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Duniya Kya Hai?" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Kisan Kanya" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Jeevan Prabhat" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Vidyapati" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
REGAL—"Ali Baba Goes to Town" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ORIENTAL HOUSE—"Chandramo More" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PATHE—"The Life of Emile Zola" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m
PLAZA—"Way to Glory" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Good Old Soak" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Mid Week Change Of Programme At The Capitol

Robert Emmet Sherwood's stage hit, "The Petrified Forest" is being revived at the Capitol from Wednesday, for three days in the screen version produced by Warner Bros.

Leslie Howard and Bette Davis, who gave such sterling performance in "Of Human Bondage," are again playing the stellar roles in this picture. They are supported by a brilliant cast which includes Genevieve Tobin, Dick Foran, Humphrey Bogart, Joseph Sawyer and others. The story is set in the picturesque and colourful background of the Arizona desert, a few miles from the real Petrified Forest.

BHAVNAGAR NAGARS' MEETING

A meeting of Bhavnagar Nagars, residing in Bombay and Suburbs, will be held in Suman Villa, Juhu Road, Vile Parle, to-day (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) to consider the matter referred to in the printed postcards received by some of them under the printed name and signature of Mr. Dinkarrai N. Desai from Bhavnagar.

D. D CHAWLS TENANTS' UNION

A meeting of the Tenants of D. D. Chawls, Worli was held at the Jamboree Maidan on the 7th January with Dr. Kamat in the chair. Speeches were made by many prominent tenants among whom were Dr. Kamat, Mr. R. V. Rane, Mr. Pathare, a prominent Congressman of the locality and others. Dr. Kamat was elected President of the Union and Mr R. V. Rane Honorary Secretary. A committee consisting of Messrs. M. P. N. Gupta, U. M. Menon and P. G. Kurup was also elected.

POSTAL NOTICES

Registered and unregistered mails for Colombo and Australia per s.s. 'Strathaeden' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 13th instant.

Registered and unregistered mails for Straits Settlements, Hongkong and Shanghai via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 13th instant

Mails for Seychelles, British and Portuguese East Africa Tanganyika Territory, Zanzibar, Union of South Africa, Lourenzo, Marques, Rhodesia and Nyasaland per s.s. 'Karanja' will be accepted at the Bombay General Post Office as shown below:—

Parcel mail upto 5 p.m. on Tuesday the 18th instant.

Registered and unregistered correspondence upto 12 noon on Wednesday the 19th instant.

Registered and unregistered correspondence only for Mauritius, Reunion and Madagascar Ports will also be accepted upto 12 noon on Wednesday the 19th instant for dispatch by the above steamer.

Superscribed registered and unregistered mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per s.s. 'Kelvinbank' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 13th instant.

Superscribed unregistered mails for Italy and Austria per s.s. 'Conte Verde' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. to-day (Wednesday) instead of as previously notified.

Iqbal Day Celebration

The Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen Bombay, celebrated "Iqbal Day," on Sunday night. The meeting proved a great success and had succeeded in attracting the attention of a good number of Bombay enthusiasts.

Mr. Yusuf Abdullah Fozan, the president of the Jamiat and the meeting, briefly dwelt in English upon the sublimity of the great poet's works.

Mr. I. G Noorani then appealed to the audience to cast off their political differences, and make a common cause in endeavouring to make the noble "Tarana-e-Hindi", of Dr. Iqbal, National Anthem of India. His speech was followed by the recitation of the National Anthem by himself.

Next the main speaker, Mr. Meher Mohamed Khan Shihab, dwelt at length in Urdu, on the life of the Poet, and threw light upon his sublime philosophy which inspires a sense of true patriotism and service to mankind.

Messrs. Nashad and Saeed read their specially composed Gujarati and Urdu poems in praise of the great poet, Mr. Padra then recited verses from Iqbal.

Finally the meeting unanimously decided to send a cable to the Poet, of sincere greetings and appreciation for his noble services and prayers for his speedy recovery from ill-health and for long life.

'JARI MARI' TEMPLE ABOUT TO COLLAPSE

A Complaint From Worli

A protest sent to the Improvements Committee regarding the dangerous condition of a temple is forwarded to the Municipal Commissioner for disposal. Mr. S. R. Gawde and 65 other residents of Worli in a letter to the Improvements Committee stated that while excavating the Worli Hill some of the earth round the temple of "Jari Mari" situated on the Worli Hill (South) had been removed with the result that the slopes of the base of the temple were left without any support; that the Improvement Trust had however taken steps to strengthen the slopes and to provide steps upto the entrance of the temple; that they understand that recently some Municipal servants have removed the temple shed leaving the idol exposed to the sky; that some more earth has also been removed from one of the slopes with the result that the condition of the temple has become very dangerous and that it might fall down at any moment. Requesting that the Corporation will be pleased to look into this grievance and take early steps to rebuild the said temple at its present place or to grant sufficient land at the foot of the Hill and erect decent mandir at their expense

The Improvements Committee sent the matter to the Municipal Commissioner for disposal.

The committee also permitted the European Relief Association to construct a building for charitable purpose on the Dadar-Matunga estate allowing them to use 40 per cent. of the total building area

SOCIAL TRENDS IN KERALA

A large number of Keralites residing in Bombay assembled on the terrace of the Bombay Keraleeya Samaj Office premises on Sunday evening, when Mr. N. C. Sekhar of Kerala Congress Socialist Party, who is in Bombay at present on his way back from the Delhi Trade Union Congress Session, acquainted the audience of the real state of affairs in Malabar at present.

Speaking on "Social Trends in Malabar", Mr. Sekhar observed that there are about fifty enthusiastic workers of the party distributed throughout the length and breadth of Malabar were doing valuable work amongst the peasants and workers. From his own experience he could inform the audience that there was a new awakening among the proletariat in Kerala, industrial as well as agricultural. The peasants and workers have become conscious of the injustice and misery to which they were and are being submitted and it was most gratifying to note that they have gathered courage and determination to end them. The only thing required, was to organise them in the proper manner and divert their energy through useful channels. That was the work which was being done by the C. S. P. workers in Malabar

They were organising the peasants and workers and in every case it was their first concern to see that such organisations pledge their wholehearted support, to the Indian National Congress and they were very much successful in this experiment. This work, Mr. Sekhar observed, has been found to be the easiest way of keeping the masses aloof from the communalist self seekers who were out to create mischief to meet their own ends.

The speaker then referred to Cochin and Travancore and said that in both these states poverty and unemployment were much more than what propagandist news sought to impress upon the public outside. Referring to Travancore, the speaker was of opinion, that though he welcomed the Temple Entry Proclamation as a long due social reform, the psychology which interested parties were trying to create amongst the masses pointing to this proclamation, the mentality to support the administration irrespective of consequences on the peasants and workers, has been doing a great amount of harm. The measure had allowed the economic demands and class consciousness of the peasantry to be overshadowed by magnifying the temple entry proclamation's importance to an undesirable extent.

Cochin Government, the speaker said was becoming more and more reactionary; but amongst the educated young men there, was visible a new consciousness which manifests itself in various ways.

After the speech, the Secretary of the Reading Room announced the Reading Room workers' intention to organise a current events club as early as possible.

IMBIBE IDEAS OF DEMOCRACY

Justice Wasoodev's Advice At S. S. & L. Society's Girls' School

"To-day in the year 1938, you are celebrating the 54th year of your school. The year is momentous in the sense that democracy was ushered in your province as well as in the whole of India You will have the opportunity to shape the destinies of your country in the constitutional stages In order to be useful units of society, education is necessary Besides, in order that democracy might be successful, you must understand the methods of Government To be useful citizens you must imbibe the ideas of democracy" said Justice K B Wasoodev who presided over the 54th anniversary of the Students' Scientific and Literary Society's Girls' High School.

At the outset Dr Mrs. Malinibai Sukhtankar, the Vice-President of the School Committee, welcomed the distinguished guest and the invitees to the evening's function.

The institution was launched on its career in the year 1884 by men like Mr. Gajanan Bhaskar Vaidya and Prof. P. K. Telang.

After prayers and welcome songs, one of the Hon. Secretary of the institution, Mr. K. M. Vazkar read a report of the progress of the school. The school had on its rolls 550 girl students then.

After a varied programme of song, drama, and acrobatic feats by girls of the institution the president of the evening spoke.

Justice Wasoodev stressed the need of physical education in the school curricula, which would not only give sound health but beauty to the girls.

FOLLOW WARDHA PLAN.

Commenting on the finances of the School, he said there was no need to worry as according to the "Wardha Scheme" they should aim at self-sufficiency.

He also stressed the need of women taking their share in public life.

A holiday to the girls on Wednesday was then declared by the Justice.

Dr. Bovet At Modern School

Dr. Bovet a member of the New Education Fellowship Delegation visited the Modern School, at Sicka-Nagar on Monday, and addressed a gathering of teachers and pupils. Talking on the Geographical and political position of Switzerland (his mother-land) he said that Europe has still to learn the principle of Non-violence from India and he advised the pupils to practise such noble principles in actual life when they would grow up as the citizens of India. He gave an account of his impressions of India which he described as unforgettable and pleasant.

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

LONDON-BOMBAY (JUHU)

	Arrival.	Delivery.
Wednesday	1 p.m.	3-30 p.m.
Friday	1 p.m.	3-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (JUHU)—LONDON

	Latest hour of posting at G.P.O.	Departure
Wednesday	8-30 a.m.	10-15 a.m.
Friday	8-30 a.m.	10-15 a.m.

DELHI-BOMBAY (JUHU)

	Arrival.	Delivery.
Monday	1-55 p.m.	3-30 p.m.
Thursday	1-55 p.m.	3-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (JUHU)—DELHI

	Latest hour of posting at G.P.O.
Tuesday	8-0 p.m.
Thursday	8-0 p.m.

TRIVANDRUM—BOMBAY (JUHU)

	Delivery
Tuesday	6-0 p.m.

BOMBAY (JUHU)—TRIVANDRUM

	Latest hour of posting at G.P.O
Wednesday	8-0 p.m

BOMBAY (JUHU)—KATHIAWAR

	Departure H.M.	Arrival H.M
Monday	7-15	17-45
Thursday	7-15	17-45
Saturday	7-15	17-45

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Trains.	Arr H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 40	17 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 25	20 55
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Deccan Queen on Mondays only	10 30	
Deccan Queen on Fridays only		17 15
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 55
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 5
Poona Fast Passenger	17 00	11 35
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timing in force from January 1, 1938:—

Trains	Arr H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 05
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawa Mail	7 25	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays at Ballard Pier	8 40	
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 00	13 50
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25
'The Flying Ranee' Mondays only from Surat	9 48	
'The Flying Ranee' daily except on Mondays	10 58	
'The Flying Ranee' Mondays only from Bulsar	9 15	
'The Flying Ranee' Saturdays only to Surat		15 10
'The Flying Ranee' Saturdays only to Bulsar		15 50
'The Flying Ranee' daily except Saturdays to Surat		18 05

Police Officer Loses Suit Against Government

WRONGFUL DISMISSAL CLAIM FAILING, HIGH COURT UPHOLDS CROWN'S RIGHT TO DISMISS SERVANTS AT PLEASURE

Judgment was delivered by Mr. Justice Engineer at the Bombay High Court in the suit filed by Sadashiv Babaji Sanglikar, formerly a sub-Inspector in the Bombay Police Force claiming Rs. 10,000 as damages from the Secretary of State for India-in-Council for alleged wrongful dismissal.

At the hearing of the suit last week the plaintiff had asked for leave to make certain amendments in the plaint.

JUDGMENT

In delivering judgment, his lordship disallowed the amendment permitting the plaintiff to plead that the dismissal was bad in law, as that would amount to a new cause of action.

The real issues for the decision of the Court, his lordship observed, were whether the plaintiff's dismissal was wrongful.

The determination of this issue depended on whether the plaintiff's appointment was made by the Government of Bombay as alleged by him or by the Commissioner of Police as alleged by the defendant.

On this point the defendant relied upon an order, dated February 18, 1931, made by the Commissioner appointing the plaintiff as a sub-Inspector under the powers vested in him by section 7 of the Bombay Police Act, 1902. Prior to this, the Government had granted sanction to the Commissioner to exempt the plaintiff from the operation of rule 3 of Bombay Civil Services Recruitment Rules, requiring a new recruit to undergo training before appointment. After obtaining the Government's sanction for the direct recruitment of the plaintiff, the Commissioner had appointed him as a sub-Inspector as from February 13, 1931.

LAWFUL DISMISSAL

Under the circumstances, his lordship held, that the appointment of the plaintiff was made not by the Government of Bombay but by the Commissioner of Police, and therefore, his dismissal by the Commissioner was not wrongful.

Dealing with the cause of action, his lordship referred to section 96(b) of the Government of India Act of 1915 as amended in 1916 and 1919, which provided that every person in the civil service of the Crown in India held office during His Majesty's pleasure. This section was recently before the Privy Council in the case of R. Venkata Rao v. the Secretary of State for India-in-Council (64 I. A., p. 55), in which case it was held that the appointment of the plaintiff was only during His Majesty's pleasure.

Applying the same principle to the present case, his lordship held that the Crown was entitled to dismiss the plaintiff whenever it pleased, and therefore his dismissal was not wrongful.

Mr. F. G. R. Khairaz appeared for the plaintiff and the Advocate General for the defendant.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Yesterday I wrote on the episcopal visit of His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay to Mount Carmel's in Bandra to-day. I understand His Grace is to pay another visit to the suburbs on February 20, this time in the interior, very rarely heard of.

Gorai is the place selected, where His Grace is to conduct the Confirmation Service, which incidentally has not been conducted at that place for the last fourteen years.

This visit has aroused a lot of interest amongst the parishioners who are busy preparing to welcome His Grace.

Talking of this episcopal visit reminds me of the feast of "Reis Magos" (The Three Kings) which was celebrated on Sunday last by the Parish of the Gorai Church under that name.

The Solemn High Mass was said at 9-30 a. m. when nearly the whole Parish was present. Throughout the day great merry-making rent the air.

MAROL CRICKET TOURNAMENT

On Sunday another round of the Marol Tournament was played on St. Andrew's High School ground, Bandra.

The game was played between the Chimbai and Canterbury Combined Cricket Club and the Marol United XI, which resulted in a win for the former.

The Chimbai and Canterbury Cricket Club batting first put up a big score of 209, W. Fernandes, John Dharmai and St. John Dharmai contributing 84, 52 and 30 runs respectively.

To this the Marol United replied with 156, M. Martin being the highest scorer by 36.

In their second venture the Chimbai and Canterbury Cricket Club put up a score of 123, F. Quadros being the highest contributor by 25.

The Marol United replied with 61 for two wickets, M. Martin again contributing 42, when stumps were drawn.

The match was decided by the first inning.

ANDHERI MEETING

On Sunday Andheri was the venue of a preliminary meeting of registered graduates of Bombay.

This meeting was held with the object of forming a Graduates Association. Prof. L. V. Gurjar presided.

At the meeting was adopted the constitution of the proposed association and a committee was appointed with Mr. L. V. Deshpande as secretary.

It was further resolved that the election of office-bearers to the executive committee should take place at a general meeting of the members.

After further discussion the meeting dissolved.

JUHU ROAD CLOSED

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:

The District Magistrate, Bombay Suburban District has issued two notifications necessitated by the repair of certain sections of the Santa Cruz-Juhu Road. One refers to a section of the road that includes the Palm Grove Hotel, the Royal Hotel and the Municipal Parking ground and the other to the section which includes the Municipal Parking ground, the Theosophical Colony and Wadiwalla's Hotel. These sections will be entirely closed to all vehicular traffic (except vehicles belonging to residents with frontages on the road sections) on all days except Sundays and holidays.

On all week days, traffic to and from the North of Juhu Island will proceed by the Bund Road from and to the Ghodbunder Road in Vile Parle.

Patel Shield Match At Nasik

The final match of the 'Patel Shield' Cricket Tournament was played on the Nasik High School ground on the 8th and 9th of January between the United Services Gymkhana and the H. P. T. College in which the latter won by nine wickets and got the Shield for the year.

The Services Gymkhana scored seventy-six runs in their first innings and one hundred and ninety-eight in the second out of which Garud made 64, Thomas 46, and Mascarhanes 36 (not out). The College in their first venture made 239 runs to which Jadhav contributed 173 and broke the record of individual score in Nasik.

In the second innings for the loss of one wicket the score was made up. At 5 p.m. on the 9th instant the Collector presented the Shield to the College. Mr. Jadhav got prizes for the best performance in bowling and batting.

Girgaum Congress Elections

The President, Girgaum District Congress Committee writes:

Election of the members of the Managing Council of the Girgaum District Congress Committee will take place on Sunday, the 16th instant at Jinnah Hall at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.).

There are 25 seats on the Council and nominations for the same should reach the office of the G.D.C.C. before 6 p.m. (S.T.) on Friday 14th Jan.

Candidates must have been enrolled as Congress members of the Girgaum District Congress Committee before 30th Sept. last and they must be habitual khadi-wearers.

In case there are more than 25 applications, election will be held on Sunday, the 16th instant

CHESS TOURNAMENT

To create interest among the younger players and to encourage them to increase their ability in chess a tournament of the students of all colleges of Bombay will be held by the Bombay Central Chess Association. Intending competitors are requested to see the Hon. Secretary at the Association premises, Union Bank Building, 2nd Floor between 6-30 p.m. and 7-30 p.m. daily. The date for entries has been extended to 14th January 1938 because it seems many of the students have not been aware of the tournament. The tournament will commence on Sunday the 16th January 1938 at 4 p.m. sharp. The games will be played according to the League system

PATHE
3RD GRAND WEEK

THE GREATEST ACTOR OF THE AGE IN THE GREATEST ROLE OF HIS CAREER!
The Life of Emile ZOLA
Mr. PAUL MUNI
in
with GALE SONDERGAARD JOSEPH SCHILDKRAUT Gloria Holden • Donald Crisp
Erin O'Brien-Moore • Henry O'Neill • Louis Calhern • Morris Carnovsky • Directed by Wm. Dieterle • Screen Play by Norman Reilly Raine, Heinz Herald and Geza Herczog • Presented by WARNER BROS.
PATHE IS FIRST THEATRE IN BOMBAY EQUIPPED WITH
MIRROPHONIC
"SOUND AT ITS BEST"
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
DON'T FAIL TO SEE IT!
Book Now. 'Phone 41561 or Rose's

CAPITOL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

YOUR COUGH
IS THE BEGINNING OF THE DREADFUL DISEASE
TUBERCULOSIS.
THE SAFEST. SUREST. QUICKEST AND MOST ECONOMICAL REMEDY USED ALL OVER THE WORLD TO CURE THIS TROUBLE IS ONLY
SIROLIN
"ROCHE"
MADE IN SWITZERLAND.

Telephone No. 22037
Post Box 322
Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Registered No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1938

REJECT THE FEDERATION

It was a foregone conclusion that the Bombay Legislative Assembly would almost unanimously adopt the Premier's resolution on Federation. There are few topics on which Indians are more agreed. Indeed, the resolution itself might not have been unnecessary had it not been, as Mr. Kher pointed out, for the statements made by certain British politicians that Federation would be imposed upon the Provinces in spite of their opposition as soon as the requisite number of Princes had acceded to it. It is even widely suspected that the British Government are prepared to give further concessions to the Princes at the expense of the country in order to ensure the former's prompt accession. Such a state of things made it necessary for the Congress to give one more warning to the British Government against their proposal to impose Federation on the country despite the opposition of the provinces and the States people. The A. I. C. C. also asked the Provincial legislatures to adopt a resolution conveying a similar warning. Hence the resolution before the Bombay Assembly.

Striking Unanimity

The discussion on the resolution revealed in a striking manner the unanimity of the people on this subject, one of the most forceful speeches in support of it being that of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta of the Democratic Swaraj Party. And Mr Mirza Akhtar Hussain of the Muslim League declared that, whatever differences the League had with the Congress in other matters, it had none in opposing the Federation tooth and nail. If there was any serious criticism of the resolution by Indian members—it is superfluous to comment on the inevitable opposition by the Europeans—it was to the effect that the resolution was too mild and did not suggest any action to be resorted to if the resolution was flouted by the British Government. This criticism was made by only a few, most members knowing but too well that, when the time came for action, the Congress at least would not shirk it. The resolution and the speeches in the Assembly are only meant to expose the hollowness of the Federal scheme—Mr Kher did that quite effectively in his opening speech—and to warn all concerned against proceeding with it. Mr. Kher stressed one of the worst features of the scheme that it did not provide for any progress towards complete self-government. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta reinforced this point when he remarked that once Federation was inaugurated, it would be impossible either to withdraw it or alter the scheme without the consent of the Princes. And one knows but too well what the Princes stand for.

How To Prevent It

The discussion in the Assembly made it abundantly clear that the country has no other course open to it than to prevent the very imposition of the Federal Scheme or to wreck it by all peaceful and legitimate means if it is imposed upon the country in defiance of its opposition. As the Viceroy is working hard to expedite its imposition and is also doing some propaganda in its favour, one must be prepared for the worst betimes. What precisely should be the action to be resorted to in combating Federation cannot be decided just now. But preparatory work must proceed apace even from now. The Congress and the Congress Governments should, working in perfect unison, intensify the mass contact programme. If only the communal question is taken up immediately and solved satisfactorily, the Congress cannot but be irresistible.

Stock Markets And The Future

Numerous explanations have been advanced for the spectacular slump in stock markets all the world over. The blame has been placed at the door of international politics, trade cycle, and militant economic nationalism pursued by almost all the countries in the world to-day. After a prolonged period of tension in the realm of international politics, which is partly responsible for the weak state of markets, there appear to be some signs of better conditions to be restored But the most disturbing event at the present moment is the Sino-Japanese war with potentialities of a bigger war. Apart from the political anxieties, the influence of a spectacular collapse in Wall Street should be considered as primarily responsible for the heavy slump in all the other markets. In America the output of steel, which at one time appeared to beat the record figures of 1929, tailed away until it was estimated a couple of weeks ago that the industry was working at 19.5 per cent. of its capacity. It is now slightly better at 28 per cent. The general index of production and of business activity has taken a downward turn. The precipitous decline in steel production is primarily due to unwillingness of the automobile industries to carry any large stocks. The "Iron Age" states that the hand-to-mouth purchasing policy pursued by the automobile and other industries is keeping the demand at a low level. In the absence of any fundamental changes in the economic structure of the country, except perhaps the lack of co-operation between President Roosevelt and Big Business, it is very probable that the present serious setback will be only a temporary one and not a prelude to another great depression. As Mr Henry Ford says, the present business recession is temporary and artificial, and is a pause before another climb. As for political interferences, the possibilities of some inflationary legislation during the current session of the U. S Congress should give a clear indication of a greater co-operation between the President and Big Business than before.

The technical position in Wall Street, however, has undergone considerable deterioration and lost its absorptive capacity owing to a number of factors such as high taxation, elimination of 'inside informed' trading, and stringent rules regarding marginal requirements. Mr. Aldrich while comparing the falling prices in 1931 and 1937 pointed out recently that whereas a sale of 13,100 shares caused a decline of 1 per cent. in value in 1931, a sale of 4,700 shares was sufficient to bring down the price by 1 per cent. in 1937 The recent reductions in margin requirements remedied the technical weakness of the Stock Market to some extent. An encouraging portent is the proposed Anglo-American trade pact which would remove the tariff obstacles that are a hindrance to international trade at present The markets in India, though fortunate in being situated in a comparatively isolated position free from turmoils of international politics, draw their inspiration to some extent from Wall Street. The fall in Stock Markets in India during the past few months is, more in sympathy with Wall Street than a reflection of the existing or coming conditions of the industries in the country itself. The cotton textile industry is passing through a period of satisfactory progress on account of Japanese preoccupation in China. The cement industry is trying to consolidate its remarkable achievements on sure foundations. The production as well as demand is making a rapid headway. Jute has been neglected by one and all, but coal is regaining its former popularity. The railway tenders for coal are accepted this year at an average rate of Rs. 5/8 as against Rs. 3/4 per ton last year. The general industrial and economic conditions in the country do not portend possibilities of another economic blizzard. The measures that are being adopted by the various Provincial Governments are intended to revitalise the large mass of agriculturists on whose prosperity depends the economic welfare of the country.

The local Share Bazar, however, is passing through a state of anxiety and prices are gradually declining to low levels. There had been considerable long liquidation and some distressed selling on behalf of weak parties. At the last settlement there were some failures and this time also the "Valan" is likely to experience some difficulties. Some weak holders are caught on the wrong side and the market is fearing further fall in prices. As a result of some rebates on European Cartal rates and insufficient demand for iron and steel manufactured goods in the local markets, Messrs. Tata and Sons reduced prices and the market, which was unaware of this possibility, got itself into a panicky state and large unofficial business was done at considerably low rates. There was a rush of sellers and buyers being scarce naturally prices suffered a heavy decline. The market is very nervous and is likely to remain closed till next Monday. Several interested parties are protesting against the decrease in steel prices but as far as the industry is concerned it goes without saying that the decrease in prices is most timely with a view to attract new business as in the absence of sufficient demand stocks of manufactured goods will get accumulated and the creation of a unhealthy situation will tell on the prospective situation.

AYURVEDIC & UNANI BILL

Alterations Suggested

(By S. K. VAIDYA)
IV

A further important fact has got also to be borne in mind. Under the Bombay Medical Act and its Amending Acts, affecting the Allopaths, power is vested in the Council to remove names of medical men from the Register either for conviction for cognisable offences or for so-called "infamous conduct" in any professional respect, and similar provision has been made in this Bill (sections 7, 8 and 9). Cases have occurred, when names of registered medical men have been removed from the Register for unethical behaviour of not a very serious nature, e. g., for keeping more than one or two sign boards or for keeping more descriptive sign-boards or for advertising or technically associating with unregistered practitioners or quacks, and it does not require any stretch of imagination to realise that if removal from the register meant complete ruin to a man, these provisions may be used under Government inspiration, for political purposes. All these aspects of this most important question must be kept in mind by the Legislators so that they may be wide awake and refuse to forge weapons that may be found handy by the Government of the day to suppress nationalist elements. We are not against suppression of quacks and quackery. By all means let it be suppressed, but the qualified man must not be compelled to be on the Register under threat of imprisonment.

Quackery At Law.

Another point should also be kept in view. While a chemist or a 'gandhi' or a druggist may sell medicines, indigenous and Western, legally and may even visit the patient in a friendly social way and recommend the best treatment, he may do so legally. But if a duly-qualified man holding registrable qualifications, offers advice even without seeing the patient and sells medicine of his own manufacture and charges money for it, that would be illegal if he is not on the Register, and he would be liable to be imprisoned for the crime of spurious "Quackery-at-Law" invented by our all-knowing experts. Would this provision not compel a man to be a little more sophisticated and untruthful? I can quite easily expect the average man to open his business as a chemist and druggist or a 'gandhi' and thus legally circumvent the Act, while the really truthful and honest man who would refuse to have recourse to such a subterfuge, would either have to starve and practise the arts of medicine and surgery for no gain or alternatively he would have to cease being a medical man altogether. This is definitely to the disadvantage of the country.

Another serious doubt arises. What happens to the well-meaning neighbour who voluntarily sees and advises a sick villager and also supplies him medicines from his patent medicine bottles, such as pain-killer, or ague-mixture or 'hinguashtak choorna', or 'Sudarshana choorna' and similar everyday practically harmless home-remedies. I expect him to be legally allowed to give his services and also accept payment for the medicines. But if a similar service were to be rendered by a qualified but unregistered medical man, what is to be his fate? I am not sure that he will not be hauled up as a quack and sentenced to imprisonment.

The Remedy.

From the foregoing analytical examination, it is patent that subsection (5) of section 19, as it stands, is most obnoxious, and it should be so recast, that only real designing quacks (i.e., those who without any knowledge of medicine whatever fradulently pose as

(Continued on page 14, col. 5.)

KANARA FOREST GRIEVANCES

Need For A New Policy

By
S. G. WARTY, M.A.
IV.

In this my last article, I desire to discuss certain very distressing economic conditions in Kanara which require special treatment. We must begin by nothing the fact that about 86 per cent. of the area of the district is under forest and only about 14 per cent. is cultivable area. Owing to the pressure of the forest, land is continuously going out of cultivation, and about a third of the cultivable area is permanently lying fallow.

One of the most striking features of agriculture in Kanara at one time was what is known as "inland cultivation", consisting of areas of finely cultivated rich land in the midst of forests. Under the baneful policy of the Forest Department, these rich patches of land have been gradually squeezed out of existence and where once fine gardens and well-inhabited villages "smiled" and flourished, forests, malaria and wild beasts have made their appearance.

Even the spice gardens of Kanara which were far-famed at one time as the richest form of cultivation, and which a Governor had once described as the "pride of the Presidency", have under the forest policy dwindled to comparative insignificance. Mr. Collins in his report on the settlement on the Sirsi and Yellapur talukas, very pitifully describes the conditions of these gardens at the present day. It is no exaggeration to say that **agriculture in Kanara to-day is like a patient gradually sinking down from tuberculuosis.**

Decline In Population

It is to be expected that under such conditions, population cannot thrive It has gone down from census to census. In 1901, the population was 4,54,000. In 1911, it declined to 4,30,000. In 1921 it went down still further to 4,01,000. In 1931, it rose slightly to 4,17,000, which is only a rise of 4 per cent. as against the all-India rise of 10 per cent

There are two chief reasons why there is a gradual decline in population. First there is the wide prevalence of malaria due more to forest policy than to forests as such. And secondly, there is semi-starvation. As regards the prevalence of malaria, it has to be noted that Col. Anderson who carried out the first settlement of the Kanara district in about the seventies of the last century stated that in the past malaria was unknown throughout Kanara

The reason for this is not far to seek. Though it is true that in general malaria prevails in forest tracts, in the past, before forest policy became very rigorous and excluded the cultivator entirely from the forest, it was the general practice to carry on 'Kumri' cultivation (wood ash cultivation) and for this patches of forest land were cleared and burnt, and crops of a lower kind were grown thereon. There was a special class of hardy labour population known as Kumri Marathas who were used to such life, and who even checked the trouble from wild beasts. The whole tribe has now disappeared, or has migrated to Mysore or other adjoining territories like the 'Gowlis' under the trouble of the Forest Department.

A Suppressed Report

Revenue Officers have from time to time reported to Government the insanitary conditions of the district, and in 1914, a special expert (Dr. Mhaskar) was placed on special duty to report on the prevalence of malaria in the district. But his report has been altogether suppressed by Government.

The second cause of steady decline in population is semi-starvation The pressure of population on land in Kanara is the highest in the Presidency being nearly 480 persons per square mile of cultivable area as against an average of about 200 persons per square mile of cultivable area for the Presidency. Kanara being full of forests, industries of various kinds would have been started under any other Government, and to that extent, the pressure of population would have been reduced

High Land-Assessment

Another wrong that Kanara has suffered is in respect of land revenue assessment. When Kanara first came under British rule, Sir Thomas Munro, the first Collector of the District, gave a written pledge on copper plates to the inhabitants of the district that the land-tax would not be revised thereafter.

But soon after the transfer of the district from the Madras Presidency to the Bombay Presidency, the Bombay Government carried out a settlement to revise the assessment. Suits were then filed against Government by the land-holders of the district on the strength of the pledge given by Sir Thomas Munro, and in one test suit decided by the High Court it was held that the

(Continued on page 13 Col. 5)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

KENYA INDIANS' GRIEVANCE.

Kenya furnishes, perhaps, the most glaring example of the systematic spoliation of the rights of the children of the soil by an aggressive colony of White settlers and traders in the name of a superior civilisation. The total white population in the colony is only about 17,000 as against three million "natives" and about 40,000 Indians. And yet, the "natives" not only do not possess any franchise, but the most salubrious as well as the most fertile lands in the colony have been reserved by law for the occupation of the Whites. Since 1920 nearly 10,000 sq. miles of land in the Highlands have been so reserved for the Europeans, and it has recently been proposed to add 6,000 more square miles to this reserved area. So far there was no statutory provision to prevent the transfer of this land to non-whites, such transfer being subject only to the Governor's veto. But it is now proposed to issue an Order in Council permanently reserving the 16,000 sq. miles of territory in these Highlands for the Whites and prohibiting any transfer of land to non-whites. Indians, along with the millions of the native population, will thus be statutorily deprived of all right to own land or settle in the Highlands. If this be not legalised robbery one does not know how to characterise it. A deputation is coming to India to urge the Government of India to protest against this grave injustice. We trust that the Government is sufficiently alive to the seriousness of the position and is taking steps to prevent the injustice being done.

AGAINST BRITISH INTERESTS

When the Madras Chamber of Commerce, following the example of many other similar business bodies, urged the Viceroy to reconsider the question of the rupee-sterling ratio, he summarily dismissed the appeal by saying that the Government had no intention whatever to disturb the present ratio It certainly does not suit the interests of Britain to disturb her advantageous position given her by the present ratio. If the ratio has ruined innumerable Indian agriculturists by depriving them, at a stroke, of 12 per cent of the price for their exports, that, it must be presumed, does not very much disturb Britain.

BRITAIN FIRST

Another suggestion made by the Madras Chamber was that the Government of India should make separate trade treaties with our customers in Europe. But the Viceroy very naively replied that Government were doing the self-same thing in carrying on negotiations for a treaty with Britain. The Chamber had more in mind the continental countries whose trade with us was crippled by the Ottawa Pact, which gave undue advantage to Britain against other customers of India. But the Viceroy coolly suggests that another Pact embodying the same old pernicious principle of British preference should be arrived at first before other trade treaties can be attempted. It is always: Britain first. Even when the Ottawa Pact is denounced by the Legislative Assembly and has expired, it is enforced by an executive fiat, lest British interests should be disturbed. Indian businessmen should devise more effective means of safeguarding Indian trade interests than making appeals to a Government who, as a subordinate branch of the British Government, have to think first and foremost of safeguarding British interests.

SHOLAPUR MARTYRS' DAY

Sholapur on 12th January, 1931 saw the martyrdom of four patriots. The citizens of Sholapur have treasured up the memory of their martyrdom and will rejoice to-day that the restrictions placed on the demonstration of their respect for the martyrs have been removed by the Congress Ministry. It is to be sincerely hoped the demonstration will be of a truly peaceful and dignified character befitting the occasion

SENSIBLE ADVICE

While some of the resolutions passed at the fourth session of what must now be called the Bombay Presidency Landholders' League may be of a 'contentious nature, the proceedings of the Conference, as a whole, were marked by a spirit of sobriety and reality. This is particularly gratifying in view of the panic created among the landholders of some other provinces by the recent awakening among the peasants and kisans. That the interests of both these classes are complementary and not necessarily contradictory has always been the belief of Congress leaders from Mahatma Gandhi downwards. We are glad to note that Mr. Prabhashankar Pattani, who presided at the Conference, also shares those views. While it was natural for him to stress the part played by the landholders in India's economy, he also realises the necessity of change to suit the times. He, therefore, rightly advised the Conference to follow the path of persuasion and of understanding the other fellow's point of view. The landholders have no reason whatever to be stampeded by the Congress' accession of power. Their legitimate interests, as those of any other class of society are quite safe in the hands of the Congress Governments. We hope the landholders in this Presidency will hearken to those sensible words of advice, and help "the common cause" not "as members of an agitating conference" but as integral limbs of the body politic.

IQBAL DAY

The observance of the Iqbal Day was characterised by more than the usual enthusiasm this year. This is welcome not merely as a recognition of the work of the great poet-philosopher, but also indirectly as an index of the growing Hindu-Muslim entente. For, unfortunately, Iqbal has been wrongly hailed, on the one hand, and equally wrongly suspected, on the other, of being a prophet of Pan-Islamism, which has prevented a due appreciation of his genius by large sections of his fellow-countrymen. There is nothing narrow nor communal, much less fanatical, in the message of Iqbal. He is truly a poet of humanity, as Mrs. Naidu pointed out at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall meeting. Like his great compatriot Dr. Tagore, Sir Mohamed Iqbal has always championed the cause of Peace and Freedom. The celebration of Iqbal Day thus serves more than one good purpose.

Statements appearing in the British Press, suggesting that German mediation in the Sino-Japanese dispute has reached a "mature stage", are described in competent circles here as "rather exaggerated."

—Reuter report from Berlin.

Isn't "rather exaggerated" a rather exaggerated expression of diplomatic non-committal?

* * *

"Events in the Far East", says an Anglo-Indian paper, "are fast approaching the danger point".

Isn't the anxiety of our confrere (to use the Berlin phrase) "rather exaggerated"?

* * *

Referring to the recent assault on British policemen by Japanese soldiers, the same paper continues:

"If the Japanese Government does not take steps to punish perpetrators of this outrage in a manner which may make such outrageous conduct absolutely impossible in the future it will expose itself to the charge of deliberately closing its eyes to the danger of serious international complications."

By the way is it *deliberately* that our confrere has closed one eye to the serious international complications which Japan has *already* created?

* * *

Speaking in the Assembly, Mr. C. P. Bramble said that the Progress party believe that "there was potential unity among all people of India and it also believed that the scheme of Federation would strengthen and revivify that unity."

That was very soon proved, indeed, when Mr. A. H. Mirza declared on behalf of the Muslim Leaguers that they were one with the rest in their opposition to the Federation.

* * *

"What is the alternative?" rhetorically asked Mr. Bramble.

And, unlike the jesting Pilate, he dared not stop for an answer!

* * *

Pardon The Puerile Pun.

The palm for originality goes this week to the alleged gambler who had satta figures, recorded on his palm.

* * *

Twenty-one Bishops are reported to have been arrested in Soviet Russia.

But according to the British and Anglo-Indian press all the Archbishops, Bishops, Deans and Pastors in Russia have been massacred several times over. Were these 21 specially imported?

* * *

CRIME IN RAILWAY TRAINS
—Headline.

Take, for instance, the overcrowding in our Suburban 'locals'.

Films were shown for the first time in a Cathedral in England.

And people are wondering whether it was because the cinemas are too full or the Cathedrals are too empty?

* * *

It is stated that the German authorities have prohibited the circulation of volumes of the speeches of Earl Baldwin published in German by a Lucerne firm.

Which just goes to show that the Nazis do not recognize their own friends.

* * *

A "Ghost Story" relates how a husband vanished under mysterious circumstances. The wife, it appears, suspects him to have been a ghost.

And we suspect the wife!

* * *

A Mental Research Institute is trying to discover why some men are idiots while others develop genius.

If it was not a trade-secret we would have told them!

* * *

The conceited young man had been in the hospital for some time and had been extremely well looked after by the pretty young nurse.

'Nurse,' declared the patient one morning, 'I'm in love with you. I don't want to get well.'

'Don't worry,' replied the nurse cheerfully, 'you won't. The doctor's in love with me too—and he saw you kissing me this morning.'

BOMBAY'S TRIBUTES TO SWARUPRANI

She Led Ascetic Life To Understand Plight Of Poor, Says Bhulabhai

A large number of people stood in silence for a couple of minutes to pay their respects to the memory of the late Mrs. Swaruprani Nehru at a condolence meeting held at Dana Bunder, Mandvi, Bombay, on Tuesday night—the place where Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru spoke to a large audience only a week ago.

Glowing tributes were paid to the memory of the departed soul by Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai, President of the B. P. C. C. who presided on the occasion.

The late Mrs. Swaruprani Nehru, he said, educated her children a..d inspired them, led an ideal and saintly life, directed her energies to the last, notwithstanding her old age and weakness, to the betterment of her people and worked for the country, with a heart of love, kindness and devotion. The void she had left could not be filled.

DURING C. D. DAYS.

During the days of Civil Disobedience, she was a solace to the vast number of political prisoners. The speaker recalled how she stopped at Nasik on her way to Bombay and wanted to see him in the Nasik jail, although she had to wait for fifteen days due to the jail regulations.

When the Working Committee of the Congress met at Allahabad recently she welcomed all the guests in her house and took keen interest in the proceedings of the Working Committee, although she had not left the sick-bed.

ASCETIC LIFE.

After she came into contact with Mahatma Gandhi, she renounced a life of happiness and luxury and took to an ascetic life like that of the Mahatma. Often she used to say that she could only understand the woes and miseries of poor people, only if she led a similar life.

Gandhiji in his telegram had aptly described that it was not a day of sorrow. The speaker would regard it as a day of pride. He hoped that the Indian womanhood would emulate her life.

After Dr. Jethalal Vora had made respectful reference to her memory, the meeting terminated.

SHINING EXAMPLE OF TRUE PATRIOTISM

Under the auspices of the A Ward Congress Committee a public meeting was held last night near the Bazar Gate Clock Tower to mourn the deaths of Mrs. Swarup Rani Nehru and Mrs. Rajpati Kaul.

Mr. S A. Brelvi who presided referred to the great sacrifices made Swarup Rani Nehru in the days of the civil disobedience movement. She gladly courted jail life in the cause of her country. Hers was a shining example of true patriotism. Few families in India had made greater sacrifices in the cause of India independence than the Nehru family. It was largely Swarup Rani's example that had inspired Indian women to make their magnificient contribution to the struggle for freedom.

Mr. Ambaram then moved a resolution authorising the president to send a wire to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru expressing heartfelt sympathy in the sad death of Mrs Nehru and Mrs Rajpati Kaul.

Sardar Thaman Singh and Mr. Jore supported the resolution which was passed all standing

HARTAL IN CITY.

The Hindustani Native Merchants' Association, the Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association and the Grain Merchants' Association suspended their business on Tuesday in honour of the memory of late Mrs. Nehru.

The Indian Merchants' Chamber and the Cotton Brokers' Staff Union sent telegrams of condolences to Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru.

SATYAMURTI'S CONDOLENCES.

MADRAS, Jan. 11.

Mr. Satyamurti, M.L.A., sent the following telegram to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru: "Please accept my sincerest condolences."—A. P.

CITY OBSERVES HARTAL

The city observed hartal on Tuesday in memory of the late Mrs. Swaruprani Nehru, mother of Pandit Jawaharlal The Cotton bazar, Silk Jewellery and Drug Markets, Lakhmidas Market, Swadeshi Market and Mulji Jetha Market were closed for the day. At Bhuleshwar, Kalbadevi, Girgaon and Thakurdwar practically all the shops were seen closed.

Some of the schools also were closed as a mark of respect to the memory of Mrs. Swaruprani Nehru.

Nagpur Citizens' Condolence

NAGPUR, January 11.

A meeting of citizens, held this evening at the Town Hall under the auspices of the Nagar Congress Committee, adopted a resolution mourning the demise of Mrs. Motilal Nehru.—United Press.

Surat Municipality Adjourns

(From Our Correspondent)

SURAT, Jan. 11.

The Municipal general meeting adjourned after passing a resolution expressing deep regret at the sad death of Mrs. Swaruprani Nehru, mother of Pandit Jawaharlal.

21 BISHOPS ARRESTEED IN RUSSIA

MOSCOW, Jan. 10.

Twenty-one Bishops have been arrested since the end of November according to the Soviet press.

The most important heads of the Russian Church including the acting Patriarch and Metropolitan Serge Ikrut'ski and Father Vitlay Chief of the Soviet's new-fangled "Livin; Church" are denounced in the newspaper "Gorki Commune' and probably have been arrested.

The charges include organising network of espionage and terrorist circles connected with the Fascist intelligence service. Reuter's Special.

AMERICAN INTEREST IN FAR EAST

Maintenance Of "Orderly Processes In International Relationships"

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.

In a letter to Vice-President Garner Mr. Cordell Hull said that the United States Government's prime interest in the Far Eastern trouble was the maintenance of "orderly processes in international relationships."

He added that this interest "transcends in importance the value of American trade with China or American investments in China. It transcends even the question of safeguarding the immediate welfare for the American citizens in China.

ANGLO-AMERICAN TRADE PACT

British Delegates For Negotiations Selected

LONDON, January 10.

Sir Ronald Lindsay and Mr. A. E. Overton, will be the United Kingdom delegates to the forthcoming trade negotiations with the United States.

The delegates will be assisted by officers of the Board of Trade and other departments.

Mr. H. O. Chalkley will be adviser to the delegation. It is expected that the discussion will begin at Washington about the middle of February.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT'S NAVAL BUILDING PROGRAMME

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.

President Roosevelt has summoned the State and Navy Department officials for further discussions of the proposed supplementary naval building programme

Whitehouse officials state it will be several days before President Roosevelt sends the expected message to Congress concerning the programme —Reuter.

Mr. Gordhandas Gokuldas Morarjee, the new President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay.

HITLER SINGS TUNE OF NAZI PEACE

"Germany Looks To Sincere Reconciliation Of Nations"

BERLIN, Jan. 11.

The Papal Nuncio, Rev. Cesare, Orsenigo as Doyen of the Diplomatic Corps, delivered a fervently peaceful address this morning at the annual New Year's reception at the President's Palace.

Rev. Orsenigo was addressing the Chancellor and said that he wished that Germany might be fully happy and prosper in that calm peace which is promied to men of goodwill. Through the increasing din of armaments, mankind is calling incessantly for peace May the New Year really bring to the world a pacification of minds, which is the expression of the certainty that firmly established peace will definitely be restored to the world.

Herr Hitler, replying said: "Peace is also the aim and work of the Reich Government. Germany is striving to give the German people the happiness of a brotherly, united community and to strengthen those who are economically weaker. In the same frame of mind, we wish to regulate our relations with foreign countries. We are, therefore, determined to co-operate with all nations who will give a practical form to our aim and so produce a real constructive peace in the service of general progress. Germany looks to a sincere reconciliation of nations".—Reuter.

BRADMAN IN FORM

BRISBANE, Jan. 11.

Don Bradman, scoring 107 and 113 against Queenston, aggregated 17,461 runs in First Class Cricket, equalling Warren Bardsley's record for any Australian.—Reu-

30,000 Italian Peasants For Germany!

BERLIN, Jan. 10.

Large numbers of Italian farmhands, probably 30,000 will be brougnt to Germany in the near future in order to help German peasants according to an agreement concluded between the two countries. There has recently been noticeable shortage of farmhands in Germany owing to the heavy demands of the four year plan, and the Italian labourers will be mainly engaged in potato, sugar and beet cultivation.

It is learned that the entire consignment of volumes containing the speeches of Earl Baldwin and President Roosevelt was seized on the German-Swiss frontier by customs officials who stated they were not aware of the contents of the volumes but seized the consignment because all books published by the firm in question are forbidden in Germany owing to an alleged anti-German tendency.

NO ACCEPTANCE OF FEDERATION

LONDON, Jan. 11.

(From Our Correspondent).

A very warm cordial and affectionate welcome was extended to Mr. Subhas Bose at a largely attended reception this afternoon at St Pancras Town Hall.

GREAT INDIAN.

Dr. Palme Dutt who welcoming Mr. Subhas declared: "We are here to honour a fellow fighter for Indian freedom who is also a great Indian National leader, whom all of us follow with admiration His record of imprisonment during the last two decades is the highest tribute that British Imperialism could pay our comrade.

In the course of his speech Dr. Dutt welcomed the stand taken by Congress on behalf of China in boycotting Japanese goods, thereby refuting Japan's claim to represent Asiatic peoples. "That claim has always been a lie and a mockery."

SUBHAS' REPLY.

Mr. Subhas was overwhelmed with emotion to be able to express his feelings at the extremely warm welcome that was extended by the gathering, when he rose to speak. He declared that Congress Ministers will vacate office, when they feel they cannot advance the cause of Indian freedom. He felt, in all probability, Indian people would face another bitter struggle to achieve freedom but he emphatically declared that Congress was fully prepared for it. He was convinced that if the next movement fails, masses of India will produce new and better leaders.

FEDERATION MUST BE FOUGHT.

After declaring that Congress would fight Federation every inch. Mr. Subhas concluded: "We are convinced that the Indian movement, being a mass movement, it cannot be suppressed by British Imperialism. It will attain complete freedom for which Congress stands."

Exchange Of Prisoners

Negotiations Between Franco & Spanish Govt. Concluded

LONDON, January 11.

Success has attended the negotiations, in which the International Red Cross and British Officials participated for exchange of prisoners on both sides of Spain.

It has been agreed in principle that prisoners should be exchanged in batches of 25. The anxiety of the Government side over the fate of many prisoners on Gen. Franco's side under death sentence is allayed by the assurance of the British Agent at Salamanca that there is no immediate danger of the sentences being carried out.—Reuter.

NON-INTERVENTION PROBLEMS

LONDON, Jan. 11.

The Chairman's Sub-Committee of the Non-Intervention Committee has decided to spend £5,000 on the study of administrative problems requiring solution, when the International Committee will finally adopt the Spanish withdrawal plan.

It was reported that specialists had been engaged to advise in regard to the problem of victualling and supply of stores and also a Chief Medical Officer to advise on medical problems involved in the application of the withdrawal scheme.—Reuter's Special.

FRENCH PROTEST TO JAPAN

Sequel To Bombing Of Nanning Mission House

PARIS, January 11.

The French Ambassador in Tokio has been instructed to protest energetically against the bombardment of the French Mission House at Nanning in Kwangsi Province.—Reuter.

FRENCH LABOUR CHARTER

Draft Will Be Tabled In Parliament To-morrow

PARIS, Jan. 11.

Parliament assembled to-day for a five months' session.

The present week is regarded as important.

M. Chautemps to-day will inform the Cabinet of the result of his conversations with M. Gigroux, Chief of the Employers' Federation and on Thursday will table the proposed Labour Charter or code of Social Peace, the draft of which was prepared during the week-end.—Reuter's Special.

8 Rear-Admirals Appointed

LONDON, Jan. 11.

It is learned the first line strength of the Air Force is now more than double what it was when the expansion programme began in the middle of 1935 when it was stated that there would be 850 aircraft.

Also intermediate types with which some new squadrons were equipped at first are now being replaced by new bombers and fighters. The "Hawkerhurricane" single seater fighter now being delivered to the airforce is one of the fastest fighters in the world and is being produced in large numbers to the orders of the Air Ministry.

It is understood deliveries are also to be made shortly of another fighter which is being built for the airforce namely, "Supermarine Spitfire." Five postwar types of bombers are now in course of regular and satisfactory production.

The Admiralty announce eight new rear-admirals have been appointed and they include Bruce Fraser ex-Chief of Staff of the East Indies Station.—Reuter

ON CHINESE FRONT

(Continued from Page 1.)

ese forces between Yenchow and Chowhsien

They also assert that Chinese 'planes twice raided Kwangteh, 100 miles south-east of Nanking, destroyed at least ten Japanese 'planes on the ground and set fire to a petrol depot.—Reuter.

JAPANESE CAPTURE TSINING

TOKIO, January 11.

The Japanese have captured the walled town of Tsining, twenty miles west of Yangchow. Another Japanese detachment has occupied Weihsien, 120 miles East of Tsinan.—Reuter.

"RECALL ME TO MOSCOW"

Request Of First And Only Soviet Minister In Bucharest

BUCHAREST, Jan. 11.

Mr. Ostrovski the first and only Soviet Minister in Bucharest has requested Moscow to recall him stating that owing to the policy of the new Rumanian Government, his presence in Rumania no longer has a meaning.—Reuter.

Austro-Hungarian-Italian Conference Ends

BUDAPEST, January 11.

A meeting of the delegates of Hungary, Austria and Italy ended without the issue of a 'communique' but the general impression is that not much headway was made. The participants were the Hungarian Premier and Foreign Minister, the Australian Chancellor and Foreign Minister and the Italian Foreign Minister.

It is regarded as fairly certain that neither Hungary nor Austria will leave the League to join the anti-Comintern Pact as a result of the Conference.—Reuter.

SUBHAS EXPOSES BENGAL MINISTRY

Anderson's Certificate To Huq Eleven Torn To Shreds

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, January 11.

Apropos Sir John Anderson's speech yesterday at the East India Association's reception, Mr. Subhas Bose in exclusive interview said: "It is news to me though it comes from no less person than the ex-Governor of Bengal that the Bengal Ministry "established themselves in a position of great prestige amongst the responsible Ministries in India".

CREATION OF "AWARD"

"On the contrary I can assert without any fear of exaggeration that the present Ministry in Bengal is the most unpopular and inefficient Ministry in India. That it is still in office is entirely due to the pernicious Communal Award, which has given an overwhelming representation in Provincial Legislature to all those elements that are likely to act contrary to Congress policy and programme.

Nevertheless it is common knowledge that the position of the present Ministry in Bengal to-day is far from stable.

RELEASE OF POLITICALS

The Bengal Government has been releasing only those politicals, who had been interned in villages or their homes for a long period.

According to official figures about 500 are still in prisons or detention camps and the Ministry has not even touched the question of convicted politicals, including those who were in Andaman. In these circumstances even a layman will notice that the action of the Bengal Ministry has fallen short of public expectation."

Anderson's Address At East India Association Reception

LONDON, Jan. 10.

Replying at the East India Association reception when Sir Samuel Hoare paid a glorious tribute to him for his achievement during the rule over Bengal, Sir John Anderson said that any success he had achieved was only made possible by the co-operation of others and in this connection paid a tribute to Sir Samuel Hoare, Lord Willingdon and their successors.

Alluding to terrorism Sir John Anderson said that the eradication of the terrorist mentality would always be a long business. It was for Indians themselves to carry out the process of eradication because they were best qualified to undertake it

He added that the I C. S. was maintaining its best traditions and serving the Ministers as it had served Governments previously with the utmost fidelity, efficiency and loyalty.

Lady Bennet was hostess at one of the largest receptions ever held by the East India Association. Those present included Lord Lamington, Lord Meston, Sir Shadilal and Lady Halifax.—Reuter.

Japan Increases Service With Colours

TOKIO, January 11.

The Cabinet has decided to promote legislation to increase the period of service with Colours from eighteen months to two years and of temporary officers from one year to two years.—Reuter.

NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED IN PARIS

PARIS, January 10.

A number of arrests have been made in connection with the bomb outrages on September 12, when explosions at two employers' headquarters near the Arc De Triumphe resulted in the killing of two policemen.

The Surete are reported to aave discovered that the Czars are connected with the outrages.—Reuter.

PLACE YOUR CAREER IN OUR CARE

Let us Train You for a Successful Professional or Commercial Career.

ORAL or POSTAL TUITION

for the Examinations of the Corporation of Accountants, Registered Acctts., Corporation of Certified Secretaries, Chartered Insurance Institute, Institute of Bankers (English & Indian), Co-operation and Accountancy, London Chamber, Indian Merchants' Chamber, etc.

Write To-day For Complete Free Prospectus.

BATLIBOI'S

ACCOUNTANCY TRAINING INSTITUTE

(ESTABLISHED: 1924)

TRAFFORD HOUSE, Prescott Road, Fort, Bombay.

(New Evening Classes in Bookkeeping and Accountancy starting this week).

AUSTRO-CZECH ATTEMPT TO FIND MARKETS

BUDAPEST, Jan. 10.

Dr. Schuschnigg and Count Ciano have arrived here for the three power conference opening this morning. No new pact is expected but it is noteworthy that two other countries are unusually interested in the proceedings. They are Czechoslovakia, which may shortly be brought closer to Austria and Hungary economically and Germany which is believed to be uneasy at rumours of Austro-Czech "rapprochement."

There is little hope that Italy will be able satisfactorily to solve the difficulties of Austro-Italian trade which at present make worthless the scheme of Italian economic assistance to Austria foreseen in the Rome Protocol

Consequently Italy may be asked to sanction a concerted Austro-Hungarian-Czech attempt to find markets in free currency countries with mutual arrangement of readjustment of trade relations among themselves.—Reuter

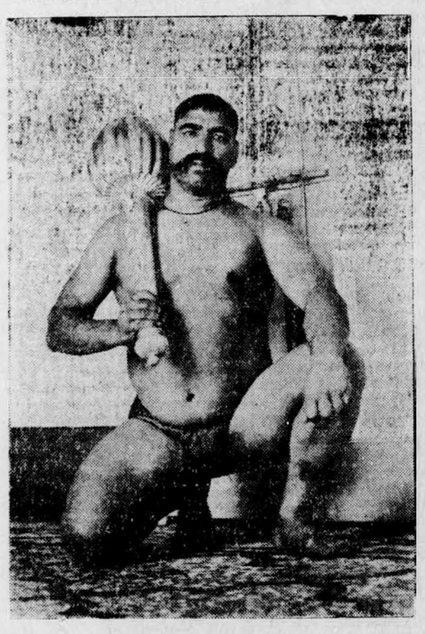
Sir D. Bomanji's Estate

LONDON, January 10.

Sir Dhunjibhoy Bomanji left an English estate of £49,000 gross, nearly £27,000 net.

Personality of all the estate is left to his widow and family, except for a bequest of Rs. 25,000 to his private secretary, Mr. Phili Kharas.

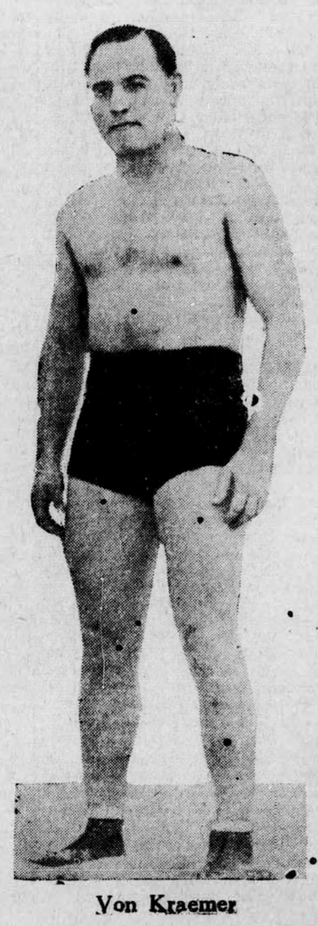
Sir Dunjibhoy has recorded that he has not left any charitable legacies because he had given considerably during his life.—Reuter.



Imam Bux

Imam Bux To Meet Kraemer

Imam Bux and Von Kraemer, are meeting at the Azad Maidan stadium on Saturday. They will fight under the Indian rules the only exception being that a three-second pin fall will decide the bout.



Von Kraemer

Prohibition In Three Districts.

Govt. To Control Sales In 6 Districts

U. P. Plans Fresh Taxation To Reach Objective

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALLAHABAD: January 11.

While total Prohibition seems out of question at present, the U. P. Government seems very busy chalking out its plans. The question was recently discussed at a Cabinet meeting held at Allahabad. It appears, at least, three districts, namely: Etah, Mainpuri and Almora will be selected for the enforcement of the scheme.

In these districts all liquor shops will be closed and elaborate inspecting staff will be employed to prevent smuggling. In six other districts it is reported sale of liquor, etc., will be made through Government agency only.

This very modest experiment is likely to cost great deal to Provincial Exchequer, and new taxation and retrenchment seem inevitable.

There are only tentative proposals and even in regard to the Government have arrived at no final decision yet.

The Deputy Commissioner of Hardoi contradicts the report published in some papers that Sec. 144 was promulgated in village Aghapur. He says, a Congress meeting was advertised in this village. A Muslim zamindar openly gave out that he would not permit the meeting to be held in his village. Congressmen emphasised the right of the villagers to hold such meeting. A large crowd collected in the village, but local Congressmen persuaded the crowd to disperse and no meeting was held.

possibility of new taxation proposals in the ensuing budget.

In the course of an exclusive interview to the "United Press" the Hon. Dr. N B Khare, C P Premier, said that it was the openly declared policy of the Congress Governments to introduce wherever possible Indian made articles for use in all departments of Governments and other institutions under State control but the difficulty was that a huge old stock was still remaining In the future Indian made articles, whenever available would be positively purchased

Although much money would not accrue if the public utility concerns were either brought under State control or taxed in view of their limited resources so far as C P was concerned, the Hon. Dr Khare agreed that the Bombay Government's appointment of Mr. Das-Gupta as auditor to assess the incomes of electric supply companies in the presidency was a move in the right direction towards that goal

"It is but natural" added Dr. Khare, "public utility concerns such as electricity, telephone, gas and tramway which are in the nature of monopolistic concerns enjoying certain special privileges should be subjected to liberal contribution to the State after paying reasonable dividend to the shareholders which should not be much beyond rates of Government borrowing."

He said that his Ministry was reorganising the publicity department and might appoint a Publicity Officer.—United Press

C. P. GOVT. TO BUY INDIAN GOODS

Store Purchase Committee To Be Appointed

It is reliably learnt that the C. P. Ministry will appoint a Store Purchase Committee, primarily with a view to giving impetus to Indian-made articles and also reorganise their Publicity Department.

They are also tapping the possible sources of income to meet the pressing problems of the peasantry, labour, village uplift and cottage industries, and there is

Grateful For India's Sympathy

Chinese Vice-Consulate's Letter To Students' Union

The Secretary of the Bombay Students' Union, Suburbs writes that the meeting held under the auspices of the Union to observe "China Day" the following letter was sent by Mr. T. W. Ding, Vice-Consulate, of the Republic of China in India

I am gratified to note that in response to the appeal of the worthy President of the Indian National Congress, the Bombay Students' Union of Suburbs are holding a meeting to observe the "China Day."

I regret, for unavoidable reasons, I am not able to be present at the meeting in person I shall thank you to convey to the meeting our sense of gratitude for the sympathy shown by the students and the public in this great country for the Chinese cause in this dreadful plight brought upon my countrymen by the merciless aggression of an Asiatic nation

Despite the horror of it all, we stand to-day united and firm to fight to our best such aggression and we are glad and encouraged to note that in our resolve we have the sympathy and backing of all the civilised world in general and of the people of this country in particular

On behalf of my Government and the people of China, I thank you one and all for your kind efforts to ameliorate the miseries suffered by my compatriots.

CAWNPORE LABOUR INQUIRY

Advisers Of Workers And Employers Examined

CAWNPORE, Jan. 11.

The Labour Enquiry Committee met this afternoon with Babu Rajendra Prasad in the chair.

Sir Tracy Gavin-Jones and Mr. Harihar Nath Sastri, Employers' and Labour delegates, mutually agreed to stand down from the Committee, but they will be present at the meetings as advisers.

Mr. Sitalprasad Saxena, adviser of the labourers, was examined today on the question of wages. He said that he had collected information about wages from workers. The millowners had refused to supply him such information although he approached them since 1929 on several occasions and, therefore, there was a likelihood of certain errors.

WAGES REDUCED.

Mr. Saxena stated that there were complaints from workers that in the course of re-organisation certain mills had reduced rates of earnings The system of payment of bonuses at present existed in only two mills in Cawnpore, although it was fairly prevalent after 1919

The witness observed that the Cawnpore textile industry made more profit than anywhere else in India and the average cotton consumption was higher there.

Mr Tinker, adviser of the employers, remarked that in places where finer count was spun, average consumption of cotton was less. The Cawnpore industry had difficulty in obtaining a ready market in the United Provinces for the production and the purchasing power of the peasant there was lower than in Bombay. Therefore, they had to go out of the Province to sell their goods.—A. P.

Bombay Assembly Rejects Federation

(Continued from Page 1.)

should in no case be disturbed as a result of nominations.

MEHTA'S POINT OF ORDER

After question hour the House proceeded with the discussion of the resolution regarding Federation moved on Monday by Premier Kher.

At the outset Mr. Jamnadas Mehta rose to a point of order regarding the resolution before the House. He contended that, according to the Standing Order, the resolution was not in order and hence should be ruled out of Order by the Speaker. He said that according to Clause 12 (1) of the Standing Orders a resolution could not be moved, within a period of one year of another, if it was substantially the same He contended that on September 21, 1937, the Prime Minister moved a resolution regarding Constituent Assembly, to which Mr. S. V. Paruleker had moved an amendment, which was substantially the same as the resolution before the House at present The present resolution could not theretore, be discussed by the House till September 21, 1938

Mr. Akhtar Mirza said that the motion was quite in order since the subject before the House in September was in the form of an amendment, while here it was in the form of a resolution

Mr. Paruleker pointed out that, according to the definition in the Standing Orders amendments also meant motions or resolutions.

NARIMAN SUPPORTS GOVERNMENT

Mr. K. F. Nariman stated that the Government resolution was quite in order because the clause prohibiting the discussion of the same subject within one year stated that a resolution inconsistent with the one passed should not be discussed within a period of one year. Here it was only a reiteration of the decision.

The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher stated that while the resolution at Poona referred to the Government of India Act and the summoning of a Constituent Assembly for the framing of a constitution for India, the resolution before the House referred to Federation being against the declared will of the people and hence unacceptable. The two issues were quite different.

Rao Bahadur Chitale in the course of his remarks referred to the absence of the Advocate-General in the House, as his appointment was made so that he might help the House.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta again contented that the Poona resolution and the one before the House were one and the same.

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi stated that by the resolution before the House, the question of Federation was raised, while the Poona amendment referred to Federation being worse than Provincial Autonomy.

Mr. Ferreira argued that the motion was quite in order as it was substantially different from the motion or amendment at Poona.

MOTION HELD IN ORDER

Rao Bahadur G. K. Chitale argued the motion being in order and suggested that discussion of the motion should be postponed till the Advocate-General came and guided the House.

After Mr. Ismail Chundrigar had spoken, the Speaker held that the motion was in order. He said that the motion was substantially different from the amendment moved at Poona

Khan Saheb Faiz Mahomedkhan moved an amendment to the effect that the Government should urge the British Government to refrain from enforcing Federation. He said that the Muslim League had always opposed the Federation

Mr. Ismail Chundrigar said that Federation did not take Indian any further than the 1919 Act. As a matter of fact it shunted India back. The resolution of the Muslim League on the question of Federation was much in advance even of the resolution of the Indian National Congress on the subject. There could be no real Federation till the federating parts were free and democratic

"EXTRACT BEST OUT OF IT"

Mr. S. D. Saklatvala (Progressive Party) said that it was true that Federation was universally condemned and it had many defects and shortcomings. It was one thing to say that it had shortcomings and quite another to say that it was unacceptable, at this stage. The Liberal point of view was that though it had defects and shortcomings it should be tried and worked to extract the best out of it.

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi expressed surprise at the attitude of the members of the Progress Party towards the resolution. As regards the remark of Mr. Bramble, he stated that Government were as serious about the resolution as on any other matter

CITIZENS' VIEWPOINT

Continuing Mr. Munshi said that in a real Federal State, the State must have direct legal relations with all its citizens, they must enjoy equality of status and protection from the Federal Law. Federation could only be thought of in terms of the citizens, who constitute the nation. But the Federation contained in the Government of India Act 1935 did not know of fundamental rights, for it had no citizens having direct relations with it While in a real Federal Government, the lower Chamber consisted of the representatives of the people elected on direct franchise, in this Federation two-thirds of the Assembly was made up of representatives of Provincial Assembly, the remaining one-third being made up of representatives of the medieval autocracies. The Federation as contained in the Act was not a Federation at all It was a traversity.

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Mr. Bramble asks what is the alternative to Federation. Has not the country been demanding a constitution, which should be framed by a Constituent Assembly

Governments were not based on their rights but on the will of the governed. Any attempt to impose Federation against the National Will would be an act of short-sighted statesmanship, which even the greatest power on earth dare not perform with impunity.

ROTTEN PILLARS OF FEDERATION.

Mr Jamnadas M Mehta (Labour) giving his support to the resolution wanted to know the reason from the Prime Minister for bringing this resolution before the House, while in September last, the Government had opposed a similar resolution on Federation moved by Mr. S. V. Parulekar.

He asked the Premier to take the House into his confidence in this matter

Replying to the critics of the resolution, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said that the Federation rested on four pillars which he called rotten.

Firstly, there were the Princes, then British Imperialism, thirdly the Viceroy's "special responsibilities." and lastly communalism. It was on these four pillars that the Federal scheme rested.

It was hard to believe that Sir Samuel Hoare wanted to treat one community better than the other. It was the same Imperialist purpose behind the whole Communal Award, and the policy of "Divide and Rule."

Mr Jamnadas Mehta supported the resolution subject to the explanation he wished to have regarding what had transpired to make the Government bring this resolution before the House. (Laughter)

UNITED DEMAND

Mr. K. F. Nariman (Bombay), supporting said that till yesterday, he doubted if the resolution would serve any purpose To-day he was convinced that the resolution provided another opportunity to disillusion the opponents as to the united voice of the people of India on this issue. The two great organisations in the country, the Indian National Congress and the Muslim League and other political parties joined together to condemn this Federation. He hoped that these parties would act upto their decisions.

PREMIER'S REPLY

The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier, replying to the debate said that he would deal with two or three misrepresentations made by some members. He was glad that the proposition had a wide support in the House and it was not necessary to spend time in arguing about the merits of the resolution.

Referring to the speech of the Leader of the Progress Group, the Premier read an extract from the speech of the Hon. Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Premier of Madras. Mr Kher said that the Madras Premier intended to show that two antagonistic conceptions, namely, that of Democracy and that of Autocracy were sought to be combined in the Federal Scheme, which, therefore, would fail The fact remained that the Madras Premier as well as other political parties in the country had denounced Federation.

As for Mr. Jamnadas Mehta's demand for an explanation, the Premier denied that there was any motive behind the present resolution. If only Mr. Mehta had followed the Congress discussions and the Viceroy's speeches he would not have asked for this explanation. Government opposed the amendment of Mr Paruleker at Poona, not because it referred to Federation but because it sought to introduce something which was beyond the scope of the resolution, which was about the summoning of a Constituent Assembly.

REPLY TO BY STATESMEN.

The reason for bringing the resolution about Federation just now was because of the statements of some of the British statesmen who had said that they still intended to force Federation on India. The All-India Congress Committee, which met in October at Calcutta, which according to Congressmen represented the will of the nation, decided that the Congress position regarding Federation should be reiterated and called upon the Congress Committee's and Provincial Governments to prevent the inauguration of that scheme in India, in view of the statements of British statesmen and the Viceroy. It was considered by the A.I.C.C. that the statements were a challenge to the people of India and if it was inaugurated it would do Indians great injury. This resolution was intended merely to give formal expression to the views of the people of India.

The amendments of Messrs Fazlmahomedkhan and Jabhvala were lost.

Mr. Jhabhvala's amendment was that Federation was meant to perpetuate the domination of British Imperialism on the Indian "neck".

Mr. Pataskar's amendment was by leave withdrawn.

When the resolution was about to be put to vote, Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi suggested that Provinces should be inserted in place of Province at the end of the resolution.

The Prime Minister had no objection if the Chair allowed him to make the change.

The Speaker allowed the alteration to be made and Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi duly moved the amendment which was carried.

DON'T IMPOSE FEDERATION

The amended resolution, which was passed by the Assembly, reads as follows:—

"This Assembly is of opinion that the Federation proposed under the Government of India Act, 1935, is opposed to the declared will of the people of the Province and is, therefore, unacceptable. This Assembly, therefore, requests Government to intimate to the British Government not to impose it on the Provinces.

TITLES MUST GO

The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher then moved the following resolution:—

"This Assembly is of opinion that the conferring of any titles of honour or titular distinction on any person in the Province by His Majesty or the Governor-General be discontinued."

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi moved an amendment to the effect that the conferring of honours should not be done indiscriminately.

Mr. S. H. Jabhvala moved an amendment to the effect that not only should honours be not conferred in future but those already conferred should be withdrawn.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan suggested the same amendment as Mr. Jabhwala's with a further addition that those, who did not give up their titles, should be deprived of their right of citizenship.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta contended that the above amendment was frivolous and should be disallowed by the Chair.

The Speaker did not agree with Mr. Mehta.

WHY CREATE ANOTHER CASTE?

Mr. Kher in commending the resolution to the House stated that in this country, which was full of communities, castes and creeds, the bestowal of titles and conferring of honours created another class. Human relations should not be governed by artificial distinctions. If India was to have democracy, equality and fraternity, then it should do away with such titles and honours.

WHAT DOMINIONS DID

Continuing the Prime Minister stated that in Canada after the War a movement was started against hereditary titles and gradually they did away with the conferring of honours. An address was passed in the Canadian Legislatures requesting His Majesty not to confer honours and titles in future. In all the Dominions, titles have been done away with, though it remained the prerogative of the King to confer them. It was for the Prime Ministers of Dominions to make recommendations and they have refused to make recommendations.

It had been the consistent policy of the Congress, that titles should not be accepted as it created an artificial distinction between man and man. He of course excluded from the scope of the resolution, those who received medals for bravery, etc.

At this stage the House adjourned for the day, and the discussion on the above resolution would be taken on an official day.

Wednesday and Thursday will be devoted to non-official bills.

Patiala XI All Out For 142

Wellard Captures 6 Wkts For 46

TENNYSON'S XI MAKE 84 FOR ONE

PATIALA, January 11.

SCORES:—

Patiala XI (1st Innings) *142*

Tennyson's XI (1st Innings)..... for 1 wicket *84*

Lord Tennyson's team, who arrived here yesterday from Calcutta, commenced a three-day fixture against Patiala XI this morning.

HAVEWALA AND ENGINEER

Havewala, the Parsi cricketer of Bombay, who holds the highest individual record in India with a score of over 500 runs, and Engineer, Parsi wicket-keeper, were included in the Patiala team.

His Highness The Maharaja demonstrated his love for the game by playing and captaining the side in spite of being not in the best of health.

The English captain rested Gibb, Pope, Worthington and Gover.

The start was made at 11-5 a. m. His Highness on winning the toss sending in Warne and Jogender Singh to open the home side's innings.

THE TEAMS

PATIALA:	TENNYSON'S TEAM
His Highness The Maharaja of Patiala,	Lord Tennyson,
H. H. Yuvaraj of Patiala,	Jameson,
Jogender Singh,	Peebles,
Mohd. Saeed,	Yardley,
Warne,	Parks,
Amar Nath,	Langridge,
D. R. Havewala	Hardstaff,
Engineer,	Edrich,
Shahabuddin,	Smith,
Amir Elahi, and	McCorkell, and
Murawat.	Wellard.

Four Down For 20

Edrich and Wellard started the attack, and before the batsmen could get their eye in, 4 wickets were down in half an hour for only 20 runs. Jogender Singh was caught at wicket off the first ball he received, making an unnecessary glance to leg, which McCorkell promptly converted into a catch. McCorkell also held two other catches soon afterwards to complete a tally of three victims as he had done in the last match at Calcutta.

Warne and Amar Nath carried the score to 12, and then Amar Nath touched one on off-side (12—2—7). Havewalla's foot-work seemed to be all wrong when he tried to play back to a good length ball from Edrich, and 3 wickets were down at 13.

The Yuvaraj came in amidst cheers and started off with excellent square-cut off Edrich. He leg-glided and cut with fine judgment, but probably the greatest improvement one noticed was in the timing of his straight drives, already one of most powerful among Indian batsmen. Eventually the Yuvaraj was tempted to square-cut Edrich hard, and Smith brought off a splendid catch. (20—4—8).

Warne was McCorkell's third victim and the Maharaja came in to join Mohd. Saeed. The latter batsman who played in the Second Test Match at Bombay, got the first four of the innings when he cut Edrich to boundary, and His Highness then covercrove Wellard magnificently for another four. In Wellard's next over His Highness was bowled. (39—6—5).

Murawat Hussain joined Saeed and an excellent partnership ensued between them. Mohd. Saeed hit another fine four, while Murawat, driving powerfully, got two more fours. Lunch score was 68 for 6 wickets.

AMIR ELAHI-ENGINEER PARTNERSHIP

Wellard captured two quick wickets on resumption, Murawat Hussain being l.b.w. at 73 and Mohd. Saeed being bowled by a break at 74. Saeed had made some capital strokes in front of the wicket. With 8 wickets down for 74, it appeared as if the Patiala team would be out for a very small score, but the dashing partnership between Engineer and Amir Elahi gave their total a measure of respectability. Amir Elahi laid about him heftily in his usual nonchalant style, while Engineer batted correctly, yet forcefully. They were both lucky not to have fielders where they lifted the ball, and on one occasion Engineer was missed in slips. Runs came very fast, 68 runs being put on in 45 minutes. Then Smith slipped in fielding a ball and Engineer attempted to take a second run. Smith, however, picked up the ball smartly and Amir Elahi sent Engineer back but it was too late. It was unlucky and the brilliant partnership ended. (142—9). Shahabuddin was caught and bowled at the same score, and the Patiala team were all out for 142. Amir Elahi's score of 43 included five hits to the boundary.

The Maharaja of Patiala led his team out to field at 4-10 p.m.

A. W. Wellard

and Shahabuddin and Amarnath opened the attack. Edrich and Parks did not at all seem to experience the difficulties that had beset the path of earlier batsmen and solidity of their strokes was noticeable in contrast to uncertainty of the afternoon's game. Neither attempted flashy strokes but whether defending or hitting their bat was always in correct position and they got the ball exactly where they wanted it. Murawat Hussain was the first change for Shahabuddin, at 24. Latter's pace did not appear to be troublesome. Warne relieved Amar Nath next and Amir Elahi soon afterwards took over from Murawat Husain. With the advent of googly bowler the rate of scoring slightly slowed down. Nevertheless 50 was reached in 35 minutes and 60, in 45 minutes. At 68 Warne returned and off his first ball Edrich was out l.b.w. for 35. (68—1—35). Edrich had four hits to boundary in his 35.

Shadows of early sundown were now creeping over the ground and Parks and Hardstaff batted carefully remaining not out at the close.

Scores:—

PATIALA XI (First Innnigs)

Jogender Singh, c McCorkell, b Wellard	0
Warne, c McCorkell, b Wellard	10
Amar Nath, c McCorkell, b Wellard	7
Havewalla, l.b.w., b Edrich ..	0
Yuvaraj of Patiala, c Smith, b Edrich	8
Mohd. Saeed, b Wellard	24
Maharaja, b Wellard	5
Murawat Hussain, l.b.w., b Wellard	14
Engineer run out	24
Amir Elahi (not out)	43
Shahabuddin, c and b Peebles	0
Extras	7
Total	142

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Wellard	15	1	46	6
Edrich	9	3	19	2
Smith	9	1	34	0
Peebles	5.5	0	28	1
Langridge	2	0	8	0

TENNYSON'S XI (First Innings)

Edrich, l.b.w., b Warne	35
Parks (not out)	40
Hardstaff (not out)	6
Extras	3
Total (for 1 wicket)	84

PATEL & Co.

BANKERS
and
MONEY INVESTORS ON
HOUSE, ESTATE,
INSURANCE,
GOLD, SILVER &
JEWELLERY

Buying or Selling
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Write, phone, or call:—
Bapai Mansion, Vincent Rd., DADAR, BOMBAY.
P. B. No. 5517.
Telegraph: "ENTROMONEY" Tel. No. 60386

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION Co. Ltd.

(Oldest Indian Shipping Company on the West Coast of India).

FAST CARGO & PASSENGER SERVICES.
(STEAMERS LEAVE FROM K.L.M. PRINCE'S DOCK).

KARACHI LINE: Every Wednesday and Sunday, leaving at 9 a.m.
MANGALORE LINE: Every Tuesday & Friday, leaving at 1-30 p.m. and 9 a.m. respectively.
BHAVNAGAR LINE: Every Saturday, leaving at 10 a.m.
Ferry Lines (Steamers leave from Ferry Wharf, Alexandra Dock).
JAYGAD LINE: Leaving every day at 7-30 a.m. (Shuttle Service runs daily between Dabhol & Moosakazi).
GOA LINE: Leaving every day at 9-30 a. m.
For full particulars, please apply to Head Office of the Company,
100 FRERE ROAD, BOMBAY. (Tel. No. 25061).
PRINCE'S DOCK OFFICE (Cargo Line). (Tel. No. 24086).
ALEXANDRA DOCK OFFICE (Ferry Lines). (Tel. No. 25303).
or
Messrs. KANJI JADHAVJI & CO., Dana Bunder, Bombay.
(Tel. No. 25744)

Good News for Mothers who dread Cold Troubles

Now you can end colds overnight without "dosing." Simply rub this ointment on the chest at bedtime.

WHEN a child catches cold, you no longer need to make him swallow medicines—which may upset his stomach and thus lower his resistance just when he needs it most to fight the cold.

Instead, simply rub his throat and chest at bedtime with Vicks VapoRub, the vaporising ointment which has just been introduced here.

During the past 30 years, VapoRub has become famous in 70 countries because it avoids "dosing" colds and because it brings relief so quickly—*in two direct ways at once:*

1. Penetrates. As soon as it is applied, the child feels a pleasant, comforting "glow" on his chest as VapoRub acts direct through the skin, like an old-fashioned poultice, "drawing-out" the tightness and pain.

2. Vaporises. At the same time, warmed by the body, VapoRub releases healing, medicated vapours which he inhales with every breath direct to the inflamed air-passages—right where the cold is. They soothe the inflammation, ease the breathing, and permit restful sleep.

While the child sleeps, VapoRub goes on working for hours. By morning, the worst of the cold is over.

Adult's colds are checked just as quickly by VapoRub's powerful two-way action.

"Just Rub It On"
VICKS VAPORUB

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Two Sides Of Indian Art In London"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—"Two Sides of Indian Art in London", published in the Sunday edition of the "Bombay Chronicle" of 5th December, 1937, hardly deserves any comment but for the fact that it illustrates a curious and rare style of art-criticism. Those expecting to gather any interesting information from it about the exhibitions of Indian art recently held in London will not fail to detect utter bankruptcy of critical spirit displayed by it.

The author of the article puts two artists in the scales of a balance, which it appears, he can manipulate in favour of or against one whom he likes or dislikes. He ostensibly assumes the role of a critic but resembles a judge whose verdict is not based upon arguments or evidence. His style of criticism is preposterous inasmuch as he judges the art by its artist and not the artist by his art. As a critic he has failed to say anything by way of criticism; because some of his statements, such as "He paints within Indian tradition". "However, some of his pupils make up for what is lacking in their master", and "Spoon-fed art is not apparent in his pupils' work, are not supported by the critical study of the works of the artists to whom he pretends to dispense justice. Favouritism, and prejudice are direct antithesis of the principles of criticism. Anyone interested in art is sure to reject criticism so long as it is not unbiassed, fair, impartial and creative.

The author's treatment of the exhibition held at Walker's Galleries appears to be an attempt to vilify Captain W. E. Gladstone-Solomon—a treatment as unworthy of an artist as it is unsignified for a fair critic. Captain Solomon is alleged to be out of touch with the modern tendencies of art in Europe in view of his stay in the East for some years and is thus disqualified as an up to date artist. No critic worthy of the distinction as such would ever ignore Captain Solomon's career as an artist and contribution to the Indian art of painting. If stagnation in art is bad snobbery is still worse.

So far as the Bombay School of Art is concerned Captain Solomon has been a pioneer of Indian painting. The class of mural painting was inaugurated during his administration. His artistic genius, progressive spirit and versatility found expression in revising and raising the standard of art—education. He laboured for enhancement of the prestige and popularity of the school of art undaunted by obstinate opposition and jealousy and his efforts were crowned with success. Today the Bombay School of Art stands much higher than what it formerly did. It is a matter of pride to Western India though it may be an eyesore to those who are actuated by the spirit of communalism or petty provincialism.

I am surprised how Captain Solomon in spite of his stagnation could function as the Director of the School of Art. He does not make any reference to the achievements of the ex-Director, which are too well-known to need repetition here. To one who deliberately turns deaf ears to the actual state of affairs surprise is quite natural. His surprise should still be greater for the reason why connoisseurs of art like him were not consulted beforehand by the authorities who had installed Captain Solomon as the Director and who had appreciated and patronized his art.

The author of "Two Sides of Indian Art in London" has observed reticence about the artistic qualities of the works of art exhibited at Walker's Galleries, probably it is beyond him. He seems to have successfully performed his duty as a critic by using statements like "Chocolate box covers just ten years too late', and "an amateur's hand can put out far better pictures than those labourious creations entitled 'The Spell of India'." A criticism like the divorced of any artistic worth, grace and fairness can be easily compared to a thesis written by a student of a primary school.—Yours, etc.,

(Dr.) D. G. VYAS.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Reduction Of Rents

F. N. HEGDE appeals to the Bombay Cabinet to consider the question of the reduction of the high rents prevailing in the city.

Underground Roads

MUKUND OZA suggests that underground roads for pedestrians should be constructed at the more crowded street junctions in Bombay in order to minimise traffic accidents.

Bank Staffs

"JUSTICE" appeals to the local Banks to revise the scales of salaries of the subordinate staffs in view of the arduous nature of their work.

Bombay Auditors' Complaint

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I was rather surprised and shocked to read the announcement made, the other day in your columns, of the appointment of Mr. Das Gupta as the auditor to investigate into the financial position of electrical concerns in the Presidency and report thereon to the Government of Bombay. I am not one of those who advocate provincialism in such appointments and it is not on those grounds that I raise an humble protest against this particular appointment. I have failed, however, to comprehend the principle involved in it. It is equally incomprehensible to my humble mind what propriety or cogent grounds either of efficiency or seniority should have induced those responsible for the appointment to ignore the claims of Bombay auditors and to appoint a junior hand to such an important and responsible post! Mr. Das Gupta, whatever his academic qualifications, seems to be evidently a junior member of the fraternity.

This 'primus urba' can claim to have some of the efficient firms of accountants, quite competent to discharge the most onerous task entrusted to them—with auditors most advanced not only in seniority but also in efficiency and competence—and that the provincial Government should have had to go out elsewhere in search of an auditor for a work which any auditor in the city could have creditably discharged, undoubtedly casts a sad reflection on its judgment and discretion. Bombay's contribution to the national cause in men and money is equally great and its contribution to the profession is none the less greater. It is, therefore, a just and legitimate grievance of Bombay that few of its competent men should find place in the service with the Government of India, though it is a glaring fact that Bombay contributes the largest to the Imperial coffers; and it is deplorable that a few posts that the Presidency can offer to its own brilliant men should go out, thus closing the doors against them of opportunity to show their talents. Has the lure of foreign qualifications yet so captured the minds of even the Congress Ministry that it should not have selected someone from amongst the Bombay auditors, more competent, though with local qualifications, who have served not only Bombay but many parts of India and some of whom are nationally and Congress-minded people that our city can pride itself to possess—men of qualifications and merits that can stand second to none in their professional and academic merits as well as in patriotism and devotion to the cause of the country?

It is on these grounds that I raise my humble voice against the said appointment and I feel the fraternity of accounts and auditors should join in an emphatic protest against such indiscretions even if they be made by a Congress Ministry. If such indiscriminations are allowed to go on, not as in this particular case but in cases of appointments in other branches of administration in future, Bombay can never expect to gain that experience which is very essential to live upto its traditions of the past.—Yours, etc.,

P. M. MEHTA

Bombay, Jan. 11.

Vaireshwari Hot Springs

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In this my second letter on Vajreshwari Hot-springs, I propose to deal with their medical aspect. I have studied these springs by analysing the different samples of water, by treating patients and watching the results. From my experience of ten years I can confidently say that the springs have got wonderful curative powers in certain diseases, some of them being ordinarily incurable.

The popular belief is that these are sulphur-springs, which they are not, as will be seen from the following analysis.

100,000 parts of hot-springs-water give:

Total solids	294.00
Containing salts:—	
Calcium carbonate	7.75
Calcium sulphate	19.79
Calcium chloride	57.17
Magnesium chloride	6.89
Sodium chloride	125.30

This analysis shows that the springs are rich, not in sulphur but in calcium, sodium and chlorine and may therefore be classed as medical mineral springs. I would like to dub them as chlorine springs. In the course of my investigations I have discovered certain facts about these springs.

The first fact is that all the springs are not equally hot; their temperatures vary within a wide range. The second fact is that they differ in composition and therefore some are more potent than others. The third fact is that an artificially prepared mixture of the same composition has no medical value. It is only the spring water which gives most brilliant results. This peculiar property might be due either to the individual ingredients in the water being in colloidal conditions or to the water being charged with radium or to both these factors, however it may be, there is no doubt that these thermal springs have high therapeutical value. The fourth fact is that for a thorough treatment it would not do to take the baths only. One must also drink the water. In short one must have a wash internally as well as externally.

The following diseases have been found to be benefited by a course at the springs:

1. Diseases due to sluggish metabolism and uric acid diathesis such as obesity, diabetes, arterio-schlerosis, high-blood pressure, gout, rheumatism, chronic non-specific joint-troubles, arthritis deformans etc.,
2. Diseases of nerve degeneration such as paralysis, paraplegia hemiplagia, etc.
3. Diseases of the digestive system, such as chronic dyspepsia, chronic constipation, liver congestion, etc. and—
4. Chronic skin diseases.

The real value of these springs lies in their power of stimulating healthy metabolism. They purify the system by eliminating waste products. Diseases of sluggish metabolism are on the increase especially in the rich. Arthritis deformans is an incurable and progressively crippling disease. It is definitely cured. If the springs are developed only for this illness, the money will be well spent.

All this clearly shows that the place is worth being developed into a first class health resort on a scientific basis. The place is so very near Bombay,—only 50 miles by motor road,—easily accessible both by rail and road, and the climate, except for a month or two at the end of the monsoon when it is malarious, is salubrious.

In my third and last letter next week, I shall deal with the necessity of arranging for separate baths and of planning the town, which promises to grow up near the springs in the very near future.—Yours, etc.,

D. H. GAVANKAR,
B.A., L.M. & S
Girgaon, Bombay.

Muslims And Arabic

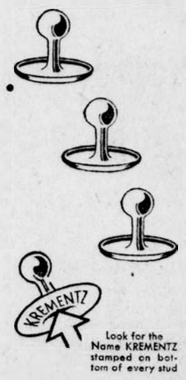
To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—A Muslim member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly proposes to bring in a bill to make Arabic language a compulsory second language for Muslim students. It is no doubt very important that Muslims should know the language of their religion and a language spoken by a very large section of the Mahomedan world. But looking to the backwardness of Indian Muslims in education it is doubtful whether the proposed measure will be a step forward in their educational progress or otherwise. There is still much apathy towards education in the community and this compulsion will react in their choice of second language and is likely to retard their educational progress. Moreover the method of teaching Arabic at present is faulty and there is a dearth of teachers who would teach Arabic on modern lines.

Educationists and leaders of the community should adopt such measures inside and outside the legislatures as would accelerate the pace of education in the community and induce students by scholarship or otherwise to take Arabic as a matter of choice and not compulsion. I think the proposed measure is too premature.—Yours etc,

A. J. NOORANI.

WHY DO MOST MEN PREFER KREMENTZ STUDS?



1—Because they last indefinitely
2—Will not tarnish even in most humid weather
3—Are the most satisfactory and most economical in the long run
4—Made of 14 kt rolled gold plate

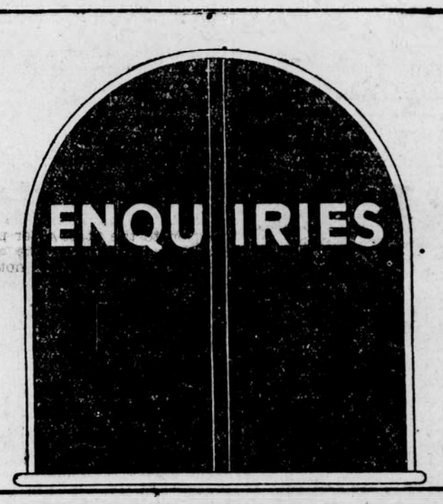
Look for the Name KREMENTZ stamped on bottom of every stud

KREMENTZ
QUALITY JEWELLERY
U-49

Safely Rely on
AMRUTANJAN BALM

For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.

AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS
BOMBAY AND MADRAS.



Did you MACLEAN your teeth to-day?

Ah! I see you did

Make what enquiries you like, and you will find that nothing can compare with Macleans Peroxide Toothpaste for cleaning, whitening and polishing the teeth. Use it regularly and see how quickly stains disappear, how the teeth sparkle. Gums become firmer, the whole mouth healthier. You'll enjoy the fine refreshing flavour of Macleans—and, remember, it is germicidal, gives you correct mouth hygiene.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

699

Seen This Week On The Indian Screen

Parhari Sanyal, Kananbala and Prithviraj in a scene from "Vidyapati" (Roxy).

India's First All-Colour Talkie

Imperial's "Kisan-Kanya" At Majestic Shows Commendable Enterprise

(By Our Film Critic)

The Imperial Film Co. was responsible for the first talking picture in India. Now the same concern has shown considerable enterprise by producing India's first all-colour picture, "Kisan Kanya", which was opened on Saturday at the Majestic. The lure of colour is in itself sufficient attraction for the crowds and no wonder the picture has been drawing good audiences.

While commending the enterprise of the producers in hastening the advent of the colour era in Indian films, one cannot help noting that cine-colour photography has yet to make headway before it can claim technical perfection. That aura-like blurred outline which has been the despair of all colour productions is manifest and the colour camera still finds it difficult to register greens which naturally robs pastoral scenes of much of their beauty. Nor is one convinced that the cine-colour process is superior to technicolour which itself is far from perfect.

One may concede, however, that within the limitations of a yet imperfect colour process, "Kisan Kanya" brings to the screen some beautiful scenes of Indian countryside. Of particular charm are the sunsets which, by themselves, are a complete vindication of colour photography. The outdoors are throughout better photographed than the interiors and here one wonders if the choice of the story was really a happy one for the purposes of a colour film. With the present deficiences in the process it is difficult to register the dull colours of peasants' dwellings and purely from a photographic point of view it would have been better to take up a story which gave greater scope to colour in the interior shots. That, however, should not be taken as any reflection on the story as such which claims originality at least for the introduction of one very realistic and striking character. Randher, the village bully, is a well-known figure in our villages and small towns. Essentially, a mercenary who would not even stop at murder for the sake of a few rupees, he has yet a primitive sense of honour and, within a rough exterior, a heart that is not entirely without finer emotions. Indeed, this character dominates the story throughout and one really wonders why the film should be called "Kisan Kanya" and not "Randher, the Bully". Ghulam Mohamed's characterisation is full of life though, occasionally, liable to suffer from over-emphasis which may be due to weak direction. Padma, as Bansari, is a homely figure and perhaps would have impressed one more if the story had brought out her character with greater precision. As it is, the name of the picture notwithstanding, the Kisan Kanya has little to do in the picture—nursing and bandaging alternately the two rival lovers being her almost sole occupation.

The scenario appears a trifle amateurish but the dialogues are often clever. The plight of the peasants at the hands of the cruel zamindar has been well-depicted both by action and by dialogue and has thus introduced a problem of topical interest though, of course, like all Indian films dealing with similar themes it is the indictment of a single character rather than of a system. Incidentally, why should the scenarist go out of his way to make the village belles at the well praise the new Constitution. Was it a sop to the Governor who graced the premiere by his presence?

Padma Devi and Chulam Mohd. who are featured in Imperial's colour picture, "Kisan-Kanya" (Majestic).

Barua's "Mukti" And Dhaiber's "Nandkumar" Coming This Week

P. C. Barua has added another feather to his cap, by producing "Mukti", which opens at the Lamington Talkies this week. As the portrayal of a sensitive personality, it may rank even higher than Barua's earlier screen triumph "Devadas". Not only does it present the credible and fascinating figure of a man who holds his art above his undoubtedly sincere love, but it goes further and captures the complex spirit of all idealism. To have outlined this individual and psychological portraiture in economical and cogent filmic terms is a remarkable achievement.

Art Conquers Love

The story material has presented the director with infinite opportunities for craftsmanship. The narrative is strongly episodic, dynamic and full of dramatic urgency. The artist's intense love for his wife, excelled only by his all consuming passion for art; the wife's sole-stirring efforts to contrive a balance between society and personality; the lawless chivalry of the jungle; and, finally, the beatific tragedy of the idealist's sacrifice; this remarkable series of psychological complexities make an emotional appeal that the dullest wit and driest heart cannot fail to respond to.

As the artist's wife, Kananbala, illuminates the film with her vivarious and striking personality. She has submerged herself in the role, while giving it a great intensity and a wide range of expression. It is an inspired blending of conscious artistry and impassioned power. She is at once revealingly human and passionately sublime.

The artist, as much at ease with the sculpter's chisel as with the pistol of an outlaw, is played by Barua himself. And both these star performers receive excellent support from a competently chosen cast.

"Nandkumar" Is Colourful Drama

Jayashree Films make a bow to the screen audiences with their very first production "Nandkumar" a rich and colourful drama, which will have its premiere at the Central this week. Thanks to Mr. Keshavrao Dhaiber, "Nandkumar" will easily rank among the most important contributions to screen in recent years.

"Nandkumar" is not a one-star show. Durga Khote, as Krishna's foster-mother deserves all praise for her work but in the general line-up there are no less than ten principals, some of whom are well-known artistes in their own names on stage or screen and others whom this picture introduces as potential stars; and all alike have injected into their respective roles a life that lends reality to drama and romance.

Jaishree makes an attractive Radha, in the most romantic and glamorous character in our history or mythology. Govindrao Tembe as the patriarch Nanda, Dhaiber himself as Akrur—"Public Enemy No. I."; and the rest of the cast put over a notable performance.

For sheer gorgeouness and spectacle, "Nandkumar" has had few equals in India. The settings and costumes are grand and reveal as finely sensitive taste in decorative art. The dialogue and music also reveal artistic sensibility.

Amina who plays the leading feminine role in General Films' maiden picture, "Chandrarao More" (Opera House).

A scene from New Theatres' "Mukti" starring Barua and Kananbala, coming this week at Lamington.

Seventeenth Century Maharashtra Revived On Screen

"Chandrarao More", At Opera House, Is Story Of Gallantry And Sacrifice

One of the most important recent releases in the local film market is "Chandrarao More," the Marathi film at Opera House which is the maiden production of the General Films Ltd. The sponsors of this concern who own the well-known "Film City" studio have now launched upon independent production and their first effort certainly holds out promise of better things to come.

A SIMPLE STORY.

Realism is the keynote of the story of "Chandrarao More." Shivaji is anxious to consolidate Maharashtra under one rule but is opposed in this by Chandrarao More, Chief of Jawali. To gain him over, he offers to marry his daughter—a girl who is already in love with Murar, one of Shivaji's adherents. But the fierce old chief of Jawali will have none either of Shivaji or his lieutenant with the result that there is war in which More is crushed and his fort taken.

Nothing fanciful or out of the ordinary. But the very simplicity gives tremendous dramatic force to the narration. One feels the strength of Shivaji in every foot of the film, one feels that More is wrong and is bound to be crushed but one cannot but sympathise with the noble old man constant to his loyalties—however futile!

SPECTACULAR WAR-SCENES.

The settings used in this picture are impressive. But particularly worth mention are these used in the final battle scenes and the rural ones showing the life of the villagers who constituted the backbone of the forces of Shivaji and Chandrarao More. Many of the shots were taken in open country which afforded full scope for the cavalry charge that is a feature of this picture. The picture shows to full advantage the marvellous scenery of the Ghats.

The picture has a very good cast. Amina as the daughter of Chandrarao More impresses one for she has both charm and histrionic ability. Nandrekar whom we saw in "Amar Jyoti" seems to have considerably improved since then and shines as the gallant Murar who is called upon to choose between love and loyalty. Aundhkar in the title-role is a heroic figure who wins our sympathy inspite of his futile bravado.

"Duniya Kiya Hai"? At Globe And Kohinoor

Having been withdrawn from the Majestic to make room for the Imperial's "Kisan Kanya", this film is now running at Globe and Kohinoor (Dadar). The good crowds which it continues to have at both these two places shows that the picture is still popular with the audiences.

"Vidyapati", Sixth Week At Roxy

New Theatre's "Vidyapati" continues its run at the Roxy. The mystical appeal of its theme—platonic and impersonal love,—coupled with fine photography and Kananbala's excellent acting have won for this picture deserved popularity. It has an air of refinement and soothing beauty which is appealing despite the complexity of its underlying philosophy.

"Jeevan Prabhat", 11th Week At Minerva

Devika Rani continues to be the big draw at the Minerva where her fine film, "Jeevan Prabhat", is now running in the 11th week of its run and is still popular despite keen competition in the local film market. Her brilliant acting and the popular appeal of the songs and dances in this picture may, indeed, carry this picture through many more weeks to come.

"Unexpected", 14th Week At Krishna

Prabhat's "Unexpected" (Duniya na mane) is still popular at the Krishna where it has now entered 14th week of its non-stop run. The bold theme of the picture and its equally bold treatment by the scenarist and the director are the secret of the film's success. It is perhaps the only Indian picture (besides "Tukaram") which has succeeded inspite of the fact that it has no element of romance in it; though, of course, the lack of a romantic motif is more than compensated by the charm of Shanta Apte's personality and her captivating songs.

BOMBAY FILM DIARY

The Roxy Cinama has certainly given a commendable lead to local cinema-owners by starting the convention of playing "Vande Matram" at the end of every show. When will the other picture-houses emulate this example?

The local film market which was in danger of being monopolized by "old favourites" is now brightening up This Saturday we had two popular releases..... "Kisan Kanya," the first all-colour Indian picture, at Majestic, and General Films' maiden Marathi talkie "Chandarao More," at the Opera House.

By the end of this week we shall have two more releases to enliven the competition among Indian films. New Theatres' "Mukti" which is regarded as a triumph for Barua as a director is coming to Lamington Talkies from Friday 14th while the next day will see the premiere of Jayshree's maiden film "Nand Kumar", which will replace that record-breaker, "Tukaram," at the Central.

Among the old-timers, we have still with us "Unexpected", "Jeevan Prabhat", "Duniya Kiya Hai?" "Vidyapati," "Reckless Rogues" and "Eternal Music".

MOTILAL AS CRICKET COMMENTATOR !

"Eternal Music" To Be Followed By "Watan"

"Eternal Music" at the Imperial gained fresh impetus this week by the screening along with it of a topical "short" of the recent festival cricket match, "starring" the idol of cricket-fans, Major C K. Nayudu. Motilal, the popular Sagar star, proves an entertaining commentator, enlivening the running commentary with his inimitable informal humour.

"Eternal Music", it appears, will be soon followed by "Watan", the latest Sagar production starring Kumar, with Maya, Bibbo, Sitara and Yaqub.

"Reckless Rogues" At West End

Thrills galore alternating with an abundance of songs have taken Ranjit's "Reckless Rogues" (Toofani Toli) into sixth week. Charming Madhuri has once again proved a draw and her fans have ensured the success of this picture at the West End.

Jayashree in a scene from "Nandkumar" to be shown from this week at Central.

How All-India Students' Conference Broke Up

DELEGATES TO MADRAS SESSION THROW LIGHT

In reply to misleading reports that have appeared in the press regarding the recent All-India Students' Conference at Madras, Messrs. Ansar Harvani, Siddiq Anmed Sidiqui, Inamul-Huq, Abinash Shanker and Balram Singh (U.P.) M.L. Shah, Shanti N. Master and C.P. Patel (Bombay), Praboda Chandra, Amir Chand, Ehsan Llahi Vasdeva and Bhagwat Rai (Punjab), Lalitashanker and B.N. Mukerji (C.P.), Ismail Madha and Yagya Dutt (Delhi) and Sailajananda Bhattacharya (Bengal) all delegates to the Conference have issued the following statement:—

"It is really a matter of profound regret that we are compelled to issue this statement regarding the affairs of the third session of the All-India Students' Federation. We came to Madras from distant provinces like the Punjab, Bengal, Bombay, Delhi, C. P., U. P., etc., to help the growing organisation of students. Many of us have been associated with the All-India Students' Federation since its birth and have been doing all that was possible for us to organise the student movement on right lines under the banner of the A.I.S.F.

BREAK-UP TACTICS

But on the very first day when the election of the Working Committee was to take place, we found the atmosphere hostile to our desire of having unity in our ranks. The Working Committee decided that the election of a new Committee by the All-Indai Students' Council should be held by Provincial Federations. The Working Committee was guided in arriving at the decision by a provision in the constitution. But a section finding that this decision of the Working Committee would not suit its purpose, tried to flout it, leading to the break-up of the meeting of the All-India Students' Council.

MASANI'S EFFORTS

The President-elect of the session, Mr. M. R. Masani, on arrival, came to know of this unfortunate breach. On a request from the sections of the delegates, Mr. Masani intervened and an agreed panel for the Working Committee was decided upon. We thought all the differences had been patched and we would have smooth-sailing in the open session. But, when a resolution on the new constitution of Soviet Russia was moved, one of the delegates opposed and challenged the claim in the resolution that the constitution was the most democratic in the world; and when a poll was demanded, the mover and his supporters, finding themselves in a minority, refused to abide by the method of voting provided in the constitution and chose to wreck the Conference. As a subterfuge to hide this motive of theirs, one of them raised a point of order questioning the validity of the Conference on technical grounds. The President of the Conference, in the face of the constitutional objection, had no option but to interpret the constitution. He ruled the point of order, which resulted in depriving a majority of the provinces from representation and reduced the whole Conference to a farce. The President, under the circumstances, dissolved the Conference. Although the point of order was raised by them, they would not abide by the ruling of the chair and created ugly scenes.

STUDENTS WARNED

Now the Conference stands dissolved. We, the delegates from every corner of India, go back to our respective places. Although it is very unfortunate that the Conference should have come to an abrupt end on technical grounds of minor importance, to which the opposition stuck to the end and forced the President to dissolve the Conference, still, however, facts must be faced. We would like to take this opportunity to warn the student community of the country against any mischievous propaganda and mud-slinging, against the A.I.S.F., that might be indulged in by the disgruntled section who wanted to eat the cake as well as have it. Unluckily for them, they were hoisted on their own petard. They raised a point of order with mischievous motives, and when it was held in order, they would not abide by it, thus blowing hot and cold in the same breath.

BOON IN DISGUISE

We are of the opinion that principles and not interest of individuals or cliques should be the beacon light of any progressive movement. Up till now we have had to face opposition to our movement from without, namely, the Government and the University authorities. But this breach has created an enemy from within, namely, the disgruntled section which tried to continue the Conference after it was dissolved by the President. But this should not in any way dishearten us. Every organisation has to face such difficulties so long as there are black sheep in their ranks. A strong will and concerted action on the part of the students all over the country will keep the flag of the All India Students' Federation flying in spite of opposition coming from any quarters whatsoever. We hope the students would rise to the occasion and prove that this unhappy incident was but a boon in disguise.

NEW HOPE FOR FEVER SUFFERERS

During or after a fever attack your digestion is so weak that even the thought of food turns you sick.

Yet your exhausted body needs abundant nourishment to restore your nerve and muscle tissues which have been wasted away by the fever poisons.

In Horlicks doctors have found a food that can be easily digested, that stimulates your jaded appetite, and that pours quick new strength into your exhausted body. Convalescence is shortened, soon you're full of vitality. Buy Horlicks to-day—available everywhere.

KOPRAN TOOTH PASTE

Refreshing as a mouth-wash, whitens the teeth and strengthens gums. It contains active principles of Babool.

Kopran Chemical Co.,
Colaba, Bombay.

Free sample Tube on request.

THE MOGUL LINE

SPECIAL HAJ SERVICE

SAILINGS AT SHORT INTERVALS FROM

Bombay and Karachi to Jedda.

Steamers.	Tons.
s.s. "AKBAR"	4043
s.s. "ALAVI"	3566
s.s. "ISLAMI"	5879
s.s. "JEHANGIR"	3566
s.s. "KHOSROU"	4043
s.s. "RAHMANI"	5291
s.s. "RIZWANI"	5307

Passenger and cargo services from Bombay and Karachi to Aden, Jedda and Red Sea Ports. Also from Bombay and Karachi to Port Louis, Mauritius.

For full particulars apply to:—
TURNER, MORRISON & CO., LTD.,
16, Bank Street, BOMBAY.

1 KILLED IN DACOIT RAID ON TEMPLE

KARACHI, Jan. 11.

A Rohri report says that a number of armed dacoits broke into a Hindu temple in the village of Phupotan and demanded the ornaments and other valuables from the trustees of the temple.

On their refusal, the dacoits, it is alleged, killed one and injured others and decamped with the booty.—United Press.

COMPASSION IS ESSENCE OF RELIGION

Speeches At Shukdeo Young Association

(From Our Correspondent)

ANKLESHWAR, January 11.

A meeting of Shri Shukdeo Young Association was held in Shukdeo Mandir Hall, Ankleshwar last Sunday. After the reports of the previous meeting was read by the secretary, different members spoke on the subjects of Compassion.

Mr. Balendra said that all religions in the world lay stress on this very subtle and fine cord of human heart.

This world would be a hell if there is no pity in the human minds. Whatever misery you find in this universe is the direct result of the absence of this divine virtue.

Mr Babulal Chowksi said that India has made a name in history by preaching of "Daya" the powerful exponent of which was Buddha. How can we see the miseries of others without a stirring heart the miseries which we would not at all be able to bear ourselves.

Mr Thakorprasad said that different classes of religion, different schools of spiritual knowledge and all that goes under the name of virtue is the outcome of a strong feeling of pity which great men felt for the suffering millions.

Mr. Maganlal Vidyarthi said that soul is universal and ego is limited. When we feel an instinct of universal oneness, we learn to love all and forget our selfishness. The virtue of 'Daya' is, therefore, a direct step to self-realisation.

Maharaj Shri Shukprasadji summed up the views and said that God is God because he is merciful. If you want to be nearer to Him be merciful. If you do not be merciful world would retaliate, nature would do the same and you would be destroyed. If therefore you want to save youselves, you should be merciful to others.

INVESTERS' BUREAU CASE HEARING

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

At the resumed hearing of the case against Max Davidson and Gerald Mitchell of the Investors' Advisory Bureau, Sergeant Gibbs, continuing his evidence, stated that the British Consul at Alexandria has seized £370 from the second accused and £365 from Miss Beryl, making a total of £735.

There was also found a car which had originally been purchased by the Commercial Credit Corporation, New Queen's Road, for the use of the first accused. It was then standing in the name of Miss Beryl Warren.

The police also traced a cheque for Rs. 10,000 which had been paid into the credit of Miss Beryl, at the Bank of India, Colaba Branch. This cheque was drawn by one Mr. T. D. Tadani in favour of the Investors' Advisory Bureau. The cheque was endorsed on the reverse and signed by Mitchell.

Witness stated that from inquiries at the American Express Co., he came to know that on May 26 Miss Beryl purchased two credit notes of the sum of £2,000 and £316-4. On May 28, she cashed £758, equivalent to Rs. 10,000, on the same day she left India.

Mr. Iyer, one of the Directors of Sharma Brothers, of Trivandrum, was examined by witness He produced a letter dated 15th April appointing the Bureau as agents to canvass shares. He also produced a wire sent by Davidson on May 6 advising that the purchase of Ambadi Rubber Shares was not progressing satisfactorily. Witness also produced several other wires that had passed between the accused and Sharma Brothers.

On May 27 the Bureau had no shares in their credit with Devkaran Nanji. Some days prior to that they had sold all the shares under instructions from both the accused.

Witness also learnt that Kedarnath Mulchand Khandalwala at Calcutta had no shares to deliver to the Bureau.

Mr. Framroj Hormusji Damania, the next witness, a cashier in the Asiatic Bank, said that a check was cashed by Mitchell at their Bank on May 27. He said that the numbers of the five, 1,000 rupee notes seized from the second accused, tallied with the numbers of the notes issued to them.

Mr. H. Dhabolkar, a clerk in the Baroda Bank, said that two cheques of Rs. 13,000 and Rs. 20,000 were cashed by the accused at the Baroda Bank. These amounts were paid in thousand rupee notes.

Mr. Mobedji, cashier in the Bank of India, Colaba Branch, said that Miss Beryl Warren had an account in the Bank from May 4 to June 30. The last operation was on May 26, when Miss Beryl drew Rs. 25,881.

The case is adjourned to Thursday.

VOCATIONS AND EDUCATION

Dr. Salter Davies Cites British Businessmen's Inquiry Findings

"What India wanted now was not the use of new curriculum, nor the inculcation of new methods, but the selection and training of the best minds of the nation to carry out the work of instructing the young, declared Mr. Salter Davies, Director of Education, Kent, speaking on "Education in Industry and life" at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall, Bombay, on Monday. Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University, presided.

This was the last lecture delivered by the members of the New Education Fellowship Delegation.

OBJECT OF EDUCATION.

Referring to vocational and industrial education, the speaker said that there were two extreme views on the question; one was that education was for life and not for livelihood but the other contended that the aim of education was primarily, although not wholly, vocational. Anything beyond that, the latter said, was waste of time. But very often the speaker thought the truth lay between the two—in striking the golden mean.

Some time ago, in England, Mr. Davies recalled, a Committee of great businessmen set before themselves the task of considering the relation between education and industry and subsequently they released a report. The Committee pleaded for the introduction of more lively activities in schools, but deprecated the introduction of vocational education in primary schools.

PLACE OF NATIONALISM.

Referring to nationalism, he observed that every nation had to develop its own genius in its own way. There was not a more dangerous explosive in the world today, the speaker opined, than that conceived in a narrow sense with regard to the outer world. It had to be realised that humanity was more than the nation, although the nation might be more than the community.

One of the great defects of the past education both in Western and Eastern countries was that they neglected agriculture. But that defect was being slowly remedied.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION.

But physical education was the basis of all education. And education which confined itself to only working hours without looking to leisure, was one-sided and futile.

Education, Mr. Davies remarked, did not begin unless the interest of the child was aroused. A child worked not through imposition but by self-activity.

The main end and of education, as Charles Dickens said, was to produce useful and happy men and women and the speaker thought that was the best definition he could suggest.

Mr. V. N. Chandavarker in his concluding remarks said that the time had come when industrialists of India, as in other parts of the world, should come more and more in contact with the educationists. Unfortunately, in India everything was in the melting pot and one did not know whither they were drifting.

PROVINCIAL HARIJAN SEVAK SANGH

Rs. 4,100 Sanctioned For Scholarships

Sjt. Jayasukhlal K. Mehta, M.A., was appointed President of the Bombay Provincial Board of Harijan Sevak Sangh in place or Sheth Mathuradas Vissanji, who has lately resigned.

The Bombay Suburban District is working independently of the Board: hence its report remains unincorporated.

Sheth Mathuradas Vissanji lent Rs. 2,750 for running the Board upto May 1937.

Education.

The Board gave help to the extent of Rs. 3,215 to 106 students during the academic year 1936-37. In June 1937, the Board budgetted Rs. 4,100 for giving scholarships during the academic year 1937-38. Accordingly the Board have helped 92 students upto September 1937. The number includes 8 college students, 1 attending J. J. School of Arts 1 attending Ayurvedic Medical College. 65 High School and 17 Middle School Students.

In addition to the above, the Board have secured half free ship for 6 High School students and got condoned the arrears of three months fees of a student. The Board also got refunded from the Schools Committee the School fees of certain Girl students who were by mistake charged the same by the Head Mistress of the Municipal Matunga Girls' School.

The Board have let out 66 rooms to Harijans on easy terms. The Hon. Secretary of the Board acts as Manager and Adviser to Somvanshi Hitkari Samaj who have taken from the Bombay Municipality 80 rooms which were formerly taken up by the Board for letting the same to Harijans. He, during the year, secured for the Samaj another 40 rooms from the Bombay Municipality.

The Board organized gathering of Harijans at the residence of a Savarna to celebrate Holika Utsava; took several sanitary rounds in Harijan localities and secured belief from the Bombay Municipality; secured apprenticeship for a Harijan in the Dyeing Department of a local Mill and gave loans to two college students.

The Hon. Mr. Mahmud, Minister for Education will visit Hajipur on January 17, where he will preside at the 1st anniversary of the Hajipur Sub-Divisional Primary Shikshan Sangh and open a village exhibition of indigenous goods in the Gandhi Ashram.

Step up your taste in Scotch

...without stepping up the cost. Always say "Black & White"—and you'll be sure of getting the original perfectly blended Scotch.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY
BLACK AND WHITE
JAMES BUCHANAN & CO.
GLASGOW & LONDON
By Appointments to H.M. the King & H.R.H. the Prince of Wales
SCOTCH WHISKY
BLACK & WHITE
SPECIAL BLEND OF CHOICE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY
SCOTCH WHISKY DISTILLERS
GLASGOW & LONDON

"BLACK & WHITE"

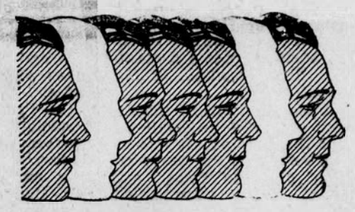
Agents:— HERBERTSONS LTD., Bombay, Calcutta

SCRATCH-PROOF POINT OF PLATINUM AND GOLD

Where Culture Shows Its Presence

5 out of 7

Choose Parker Vacumatic



Because this Pedigreed Beauty Marks the Highest Excellence in a Pen.

NEW SLENDERIZED RESTFUL SHAPE HOLDS 102% MORE INK

Distinction and performance—the leadership coveted by all pens is inherent in the new Major and Maxima Vacumatic, the latest and greatest pen that Parker has ever produced.

A brand new model, not only modern in style, but modern in every respect, rich in gold, plus a new high in inventive genius, revolutionary in mechanism, in principle and performance. A PEN THAT DOES WHAT NO OTHER PEN CAN DO.

Pen users hail this modern marvel that gives such enlarged ink capacity, Television ink visibility, the Scratch-proof Point and self-governed ink flow, in the smartest and exclusive style of shimmering laminated Pearl.

Wholly different from other pens because of Parker's patented Diaphragm Filler—fills in 8 to 10 seconds. All working parts are sealed in top. Nothing can touch, corrode or disable them. Hence every Parker Vacumatic is GUARANTEED mechanically perfect.

For personal use or as a princely gift, choose this pedigreed beauty. Look for the smart ARROW clip and the "Parker Vacumatic" name—they identify the genuine.

Expert Parker service and repair is available at all better pen stores—and at local distributors.

Quink
The modern ink that cleans the pen as it writes. Keeps your pen in tiptop condition.

Parker VACUMATIC
AT ALL BETTER DEALERS
Pens ... 30, 25 16/8
Factory Sales Representatives:
Dodge & Seymour (India) Ltd. 3, Wood Street Road, Bombay

Now One-Third More Gold in the Pen-point and Solid Gold Point, Iridium Tipped.
70-42

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY MUSLIMS CONFERENCE

To Be Held In February

BOMBAY, January 11.

The Provincial Conference of Bombay Presidency Muslims under the auspices of the Provincial Muslim League is to be held in Ahmedabad towards the end of February. Sir Ali Mohamed Khan Dehlavi has been elected President of the Conference and brisk preparations are afoot to make the conference a success.

While the dates of the conference have not yet been fixed finally it is very likely to be held on February 26 and 27.

The conference will survey the situation with regard to Muslims in the Presidency.

Mr. Jinnah expects to be able to attend the conference.—A. P.

New year's Greetings

CALENDARS 1938

DESIGNS • MOST ATTRACTIVE
PRICES • DEFY COMPETITION

WANTED AGENTS TO SECURE ORDERS ON VERY ATTRACTIVE TERMS

Apply to—

The IMPERIAL ART COTTAGE
1A, TAGORE CASTLE STREET
CALCUTTA

For
TOOTH
BRUSH
Value
The "Mira" tooth brush ensures healthy gums and really clean teeth. A specially made tuft enables this tooth brush to cleanse the crevices at the back of the mouth
Here are a few more reasons why you must buy a "Mira".
Durable. Waterproof. Resilient bristles practically unbreakable handle, anchor set bristles (they WON'T come out)
"Mira" tooth brushes are made in many attractive colours—take YOUR choice. Look for the box with the blue band!
AS 8
The Right Brush at the Right Price!
Mira
TOOTH BRUSH
Made in England

Over hundred medicos of the city paid a visit to the Alembic Works in Baroda during Christmas.

BROKERS TO WAIT IN DEPUTATION ON SAKLATWALA

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

It was in a panicky atmosphere that the members of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association met to-day in the Board Room.

The meeting was unusual in more ways than one. The object of the meeting had nothing to do with the actual working of the Association. It was intended to protest against the "heavy" reduction in prices by Tatas.

In fact this is the first time in its long history that a meeting of the Association had been called for such a purpose.

The Secretary of the Iron Merchants' Association was not only present at the meeting but spoke at great length on the Tatas. It appears that the services of the Secretary had been specially requisitioned by the Association to explain the position of the iron industry in general and in Tatas in particular.

The meeting, before transacting any business, passed a resolution on the demise of Mrs Swaruprani Nehru.

Mr. Shroff, President of the Association, explained in detail the object of the meeting. It was alleged, he said, that the heavy reduction of prices in Tatas was unjustified and unwarranted. There might be justification for some reduction but not for such a heavy reduction. It was said that the reduction in prices was to kill the competition of rolling mills.

The speaker condemned the carrying on of private business by the share brokers. He informed those present that the rumour of the reduction of prices in Tatas was heard even on the race course on Saturday and a few brokers were stated to have done business on the race-course.

Some brokers, he said, carried on business in shares privately in the Aga Khan Building.

Warning up he said, if you want to keep the market open do it by all means, but do not transact any private business. It is against the rules of the Association; it is against morality."

He uttered a note of warning and said: "ask your clerks not to gather and do business in Dalal Street. I strongly condemn such practice and will surely take action"

A volley of questions was put to the Secretary of the Iron Merchants Association, and he replied to most of them.

Several members condemned the heavy reduction of prices in Tatas.

The President then put to vote a resolution stating that six members of the Association including the President, would wait on a deputation on Sir N. Saklatvala, Managing Director of the Tatas, to impress on him the consequences of the reduction in prices of Tata Irons. The resolution was passed unanimously.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Jainabai Ladhabhai Patel, residing at Nishanpada Road, was approached by two men about 2nd October, 1937. She was, it is alleged, deprived of 27 Tramway Company's shares valued at Rs. 3,618 through deceitful representations that the shares were going to be income-taxed and that they were required to be shown to the accused who was stated to be the friend of an Income-tax expert. A cover addressed to Jainabai also shown her in order to convince her of the statements. This cover was, it is stated, traced in the office of the accused Hajira.

The shares in question were sold off at a reduced price.

During police investigations N. C. Hajira absconded and stopped visiting his office at Shri Nivas Bhuvan, Jambali Mohalla. A bailable warrant was issued by the Presidency Magistrate, Additional Court. It had been returned unexecuted.

Yesterday N. C. Hajira was seen in the High Court, where he had gone to give evidence in a civil suit and was arrested.

He was offered bail in the sum of Rs. 2,000 (Rs. 500 cash) in default he was remanded into police custody.

Found guilty of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 940, Nathmal Bothara, ex-manager of the Bombay branch of the Calcutta Soap Works, was sentenced to undergo three month's rigorous imprisonment by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Tuesday.

An echo of the Peasants March and demonstration in the city yesterday, was heard in the Court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate when Bhiku Tukaram was put up on a charge of assault.

The police stated that while a meeting of Kisans was in progress at the Esplanade Maidan last evening, the accused assaulted Ramsarup Lanu with a lathi.

Ramsarup is detained in the G. T. Hospital for observation in respect of suspected internal injuries.

The accused was released on bail till January 25.

Police Officer's Suit Dismissed

The suit filed by Sadashiv Balaji Sanglikar, formerly sub-inspector in the Bombay Police Force, claiming Rs. 10,000 as damages from the Secretary of State for India for alleged wrongful dismissal, has been dismissed by Mr. Justice Engineer at the High Court.

His Lordship held, on technical grounds, that the plaint disclosed no cause of action.

Constable's Duties

"A police constable is expected to protect the public from acts of hooliganism" was the view expressed by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, while sentencing Tukaram Somma, of the Bombay City Police Force to a fine of Rs. 150 in default to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

The accused was found guilty of robbery of a pendant from the neck of a woman on 21st June last year. On an alternative charge of using criminal force on her (a woman) to outrage her modesty, the accused was acquitted.

Observing that a very lenient view cannot be taken of the police constable's conduct, the Magistrate awarded Rs. 30 of the fine if recovered to the woman as compensation.

Chicago Methods Of Kidnapping

Ramchand Sobhraj who was arrested by the Kingsway Police on 8th December last for adopting alleged Chicago methods in kidnapping a minor boy and demanding ransum on pain of death to the father of the boy as well as to the boy, was committed to the ensuing sessions of the Bombay High Court.

It may be remembered that the kidnapping took place near the school of the boy at Matunga on 6th December last and the father of the boy received letters threatening both at his residence and office.

Subsequently the accused was arrested at the Lamington Talkies where a trap was laid by the police with a sum of Rs. 50 on him the first instalment of the ransom-money, the money he demanded being Rs. 500.

Later the boy was recovered from an "otta" in Kamathipura to which place the accused led the police.

Alleged Theft Of Neck-Chain

Subhadrabai was tending a piece of cloth on Kika Street. Her son, aged four years, was standing near her when all of a sudden the child began to cry. She looked back and saw a man running away. Apart of the gold neck-chain on the person of the child was missing. She raised an alarm and the man was arrested.

Chotalal Tribhuvandas the man in question, was remanded into Police custody till the 18th instant.

JUMPED OUT OF TRAM DIED

Kharogul Mir Ahmad, (25), jumped out of the tram car while it was in motion at Supari Baug Road yesterday. He sustained injuries and was removed to K. E. M. Hospital, where he died this morning.

An inquest will be held tomorrow at the Bombay Coroner's Court.

Heroes And Martyrs In Medicine

An interesting lecture an "Heroes and Martyrs of Medicine" was given by Dr. A. S. Erulkar, M. D. (London), when the President and Members of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Medical Union were 'At Home' at the Union's offices last night.

Light refreshments were served to the audience on behalf of the Union.

Jamiat Celebrate Iqbal Day

The Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen Bombay, celebrated "Iqbal Day," on Sunday. The meeting proved a great success.

The function commenced with the recitation of the Holy Quran, by Mr Ikhlas.

Mr Yusuf Abdullah Pozan, President of the Jamiat dwelt on the sublimity of the poet's works.

Mr I G Noorani then appealed to the audience to cast off their political differences and make a common cause in their endeavour to make the noble "Tarana-e-Hindi" of Dr Iqbal, National Anthem of India. His speech was followed by the recitation of the National Anthem.

Finally the meeting unanimously decided to send their sincere greetings to the poet.

1938
NICELY PRINTED
CALENDAR
OF 1938 WILL BE GIVEN AWAY FREE ON REQUEST WITH ONE ANNA POSTAGE STAMP.
Write us immediately, before the stock runs short.
INDUSTRY PUBLISHERS, LTD.,
Keshub Bhaban, Shambazar, CALCUTTA.

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897).
The Liability of Members being limited.

Capital Subscribed	....	Rs 60,00,000
Capital Called-up	....	Rs 30,00,000
Reserve Fund	....	Rs 25,00,000

Head Office:—BARODA.
BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Surat, Navsari, Karjan, Dabhoi, Mehsana Patan, Viad, Port Okha, Kalol, Kadi, Sidhpur, Bhavnagar, Amreli, Dwarka, Harij (N. G.), Bhadra—Ahmedabad, Panchkuva—Ahmedabad, and Kapadwanj.
LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited.
Current Accounts:—Fixed, Short, Savings Banks and Savings Bank Deposits received on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Loans, Overdrafts and Cash Credits.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved Securities.
W. G. GROUNDWATER.
General Manager.

AIDS TO SUCCESS IN 1938.
ANNUAL DIRECTIONS for 1938 Rs. 3.
Contains Monthly & Weekly Directions on Profession, Finance, Health, Home, Love, Marriage, Luck Etc. Send Birth Date.
DAILY GUIDE for 1938. As. 4.
A Book of 80 Pages. A veritable Daily Guide for every one of the 365 days.
KABALA CHARM for 1938 Rs. 3/6.
Attractively finished in Real Silver. Will improve your health, finance, profession Etc.
PROF SEKHAR, The Great Mesmerist & Zamindar ELLORE.

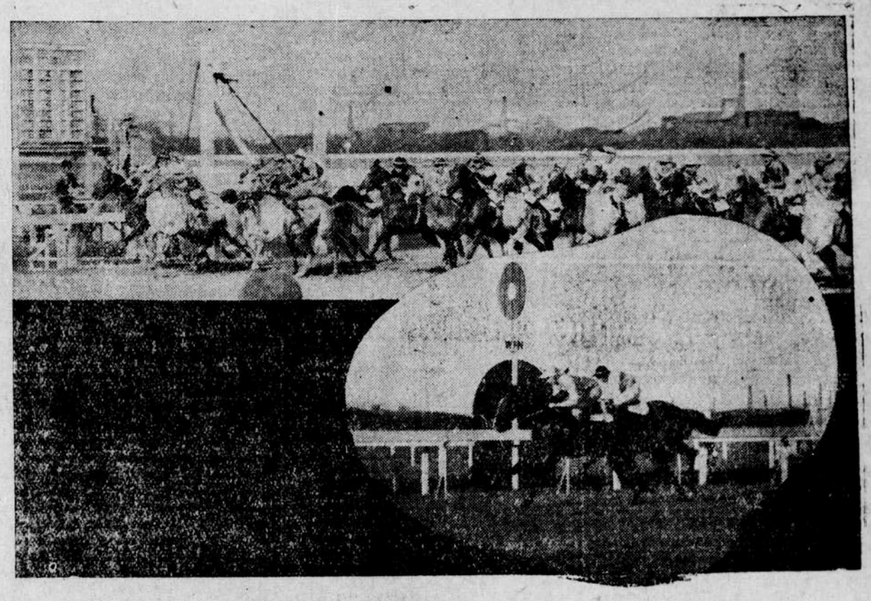
POLO AT MAHALUXMI
THE FOLLOWING TEAMS WILL BE SEEN IN ACTION
THE PILGRIMS (JAIPUR) - KASHMIR - GOLCONDA
P.A.V.O. CAVALRY - SAMARITANS - POONA HORSE
JAGUARS - BELLA VISTA (GOLCONDA) - JODHPUR
17/21st LANCERS

ADMISSION RATES
Season Tickets

Gents	....	Rs. 15-0
Ladies	....	Rs. 10-0
Double Tickets	....	Rs. 20-0
Box of 4 Seats	....	Rs. 50-0
Box of 6 Seats	....	Rs. 70-0
Box of 8 Seats	....	Rs. 90-0
Box of 10 Seats	....	Rs. 110-0
Day Tickets	....	Rs. 2-8
Finals and Sundays	....	Rs. 5-0

Tickets available at the Turf Club Office or at the "Statesman" Office.
PUBLIC STANDS FREE

WESTERN INDIA CHAMPIONSHIP
THE KASHMIR CUP
21st, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 28th, 30th JANUARY.
followed by
WESTERN INDIA CUP



SECOND WINTER MEETING

Second Day	Sat.	15th Jan.	Danebury Handicap. Aintree Plate.
Third Day	Wed.	19th Jan.	Newbury Plate. Leopardstown Plate. Cairo Handicap.
Fourth Day	Sat.	22nd Jan.	Victory Cup. Melton Plate.

SPECIAL RETURN BUS SERVICES EACH RACE DAY FROM — COLABA, DADAR, BALLARD ESTATE. FREQUENT TRAIN SERVICES TO AND FROM MAHALAXMI—BOOKING ON THE COURSE.

ADMISSION RATES AS USUAL (Right of Admission Reserved).

Bombay Races

I GET INSTANT RELIEF FROM "CALCUTTA THROAT"
AFTER USING
Mistol
A few drops of soothing Mistol in each nostril cleanse the nose and throat and remove germ-carrying mucus. Keep the nasal passages healthy by using Mistol regularly, and you will avoid many contagious ailments that originate in the nose and throat.
USE MISTOL AND ENJOY NASAL HYGIENE

Mortgage Bank Rate Reduced

Mysore Grants Subvention: Poor Cultivators To Be Helped

BANGALORE: January 9.

The steps taken by the Government of Mysore to remove the burden of agricultural indebtedness have been set out in a Press Note issued to-day:—

By investigation and survey it was found that the ryot has raised loans on the average at a rate not less than 12 per cent. interest and his scanty income was found insufficient even to pay off his interest every year. To enable him to get money at cheap rate of interest, a land mortgage scheme was sponsored by Government on a co-operative basis and a Central Co-operative Land Mortgage Bank was established at Bangalore which lends to the ryot through Primary Land Mortgage Societies, which were issuing loans to the Societies at 7 per cent. and which were lending to the ultimate borrower at 8 per cent.

Government having considered that even this rate of interest was high have granted a substantial subvention to the bank to enable it to reduce its rate of interest by one per cent. so that the ultimate borrower may obtain a loan at 7 per cent. In the course of three years the bank hopes to increase its transactions and further to reduce the rate of interest by one per cent.

Though the scheme has been working in Mysore for the last 8 years, it was not possible to introduce it to more than 26 taluks and 4 sub-taluks so far.

One of the chief drawbacks of the scheme was delay in the investigation of loan application which prevented persons from applying for loans, and this defect in the working of the scheme has been met by the appointment of a special staff.

With a view to bringing large number of poor agriculturists within the fold of the scheme and also helping the large number of those who have smaller debts and who are in dire need of relief, Government have recently ordered the reduction of the minimum amount of loan to be advanced from Rs. 500 to Rs. 300. By this undertaking, though indirectly to redeem the ryot from his indebtedness, the state hopes to free the agriculturists from their crushing burden as early as possible.—A. P.

PREMIER TO VISIT JAMSHEDPUR

PATNA, Jan. 8.

The Hon. Mr. Srikrishna Sinha, Prime Minister, will leave for Tatanagar in Jamshedpur to-morrow on a short visit, returning here on January 12.

The visit is understood to be in connection with enquiry into the alleged grievances of a section of labourers there employed in the tin-plate manufacture.—A. P.

Nariman To Reach Ahmedabad On Jan. 14

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail).

Great preparations are afoot to accord befitting welcome to Mr. K. F. Nariman, President-elect of Ahmedabad Tenants' Conference.

He will arrive here on the 14th January by Kathiawar Mail.

HINDI STENOGRAPHERS CONFER

WARDHAGANJ, Jan. 10.

The Hindustani Stenographers Conference, organized by the All-India Hindi Prachar Samiti, commenced here this morning under the presidentship of Seth Jamnalal Bajaj.

Seth Jamnalal explained the objects of the Conference.

Mr. Kaka Kalelkar hoped that vernacular shorthand would help Hindi papers.

Seven different systems of shorthand were represented at the Conference. The All-India Stenographers' Institute, Calcutta, has also sent two representatives. The Conference meets again to-morrow.—A. P.

COLD WAVE OVER UPPER SIND

KARACHI, Jan. 11.

A severe cold wave which is being experienced in Upper Sind for the last fortnight, has exacted a heavy toll. Three deaths are reported from the Rohri town in the Sukkur district.—United Press.

3,000 Workers Rendered Idle

Jute Mill Closed As Sequel To Women Workers Strike

CALCUTTA, Jan. 11.

Following the dismissal of two women workers on the ground of insubordination, the entire female labour of the Reliance Jute Mill at Jagatdal, in Barrackpore Sub-Division went on strike yesterday.

As a sequel to this the mill was closed down by the management, rendering about 3,000 workers idle.

It appears that a Sirdar of the mill was assaulted by several workers and that two women (since dismissed) witnessed the incident. The manager of the mill started enquiries into the matter and called upon the two women workers to make a statement regarding the assault. The women refused to attend the enquiry even though the manager personally went to them for the purpose. As a result of this they were dismissed. Soon afterwards the entire body of women workers came out of the mill.—A.P.

KHARAGPUR HAVELI POLITICAL CONFERENCE

PATNA, Jan. 8.

What he described as his "first political fight" and the beginning of a long struggle that was, after twenty years, only now beginning to bear some fruit, was narrated by the Hon Mr. Srikrishna Sinha, the Bihar Premier, at the Kharagpur Haveli Political Conference in Monghyr district.

The Premier said that one of the first phases of the political struggle in the country was manifested by Monghyr as early as 1917, and paid a tribute to the national activities of the people of that district. The prevention of indigo plantation over a large area at Tetia Bumber was a significant victory for them.

Proceeding Mr. Sinha dwelt at length on the activities of the Ministry in Bihar and explained the various measures they had under taken for the betterment of the masses.

Dr. Syed Mahmud, Education Minister presided.—A. P.

Inamdars Defy Govt.

DOHAD, (By Mail).

In spite of the orders recently issued by the local Government directing the postponement of the collection of land revenue, the Inamdars, Talatis and Talukdars of alienated villages have begun the collection of revenues. They have camped in villages in their charge and are reported to have been using coercive methods.

KANARA FOREST GRIEVANCES

(Continued from Page 6)

pledge given was 'ultra vires'. This decision might have been legally right but it was a great political wrong and an economic hardship to the ryots of the district.

Then again, the revision settlement imposed on the people in violation of the pledge, raised the assessment abnormally high and the reason given for this was the Karwar would soon be connected to Hubli by railway, and that the port of Karwar would be developed, both projects holding out the prospect of a high increase in the value of land. But both these projects were soon after abandoned, but the high assessment once fixed was not reduced. Revision settlements have further enhanced the assessment. Thus the assessment rate in Kanara is comparatively very high, i. e. as compared to that in the neighbouring districts of Belgaum, Dharwar, Ratnagiri and Colaba.

What To Do

Such are the economic conditions of Kanara under which the Kanara ryot has been groaning, especially since Forest Raj came into full power. Yes, it is Forest Raj through and through; for those Collectors of the district who ventured to uphold the cultivator's interests have had to repent for it. The cases of Mr. Swift and Mr. Tupper are too glaring to escape mention and others have taken a warning from their fate.

Kanara cannot forget the earnest efforts made by Mr. Tupper to change the attitude of the Forest Department towards the cultivator who will ever remain grateful to him. Mr. Tupper sought the support of Forest Officers in the improvement of agricultural conditions, and he held a special conference in May 1919 with Mr. Copleston and Mr. Edie, both of them Forest Officials who afterwards rose to be Chief Conservators of Forests.

The objects of the Conference were stated as follows:—

"Our first object is to check the progressive decline of cultivation and population. But we want only to check decline but to promote development. We want to bring more land under crop (two acres out of every five occupied now lie permanently fallow). We want to increase population in existing centres and we want to re-populate many deserted villages and hamlets. We seek to do this equally in the interest of the agricultural and of the forest estate. We find that the proper use of the forest is essential to agricultural prosperity and that a larger and healthier agricultural population is essential to the efficient exploitation and development of the forest estate."

Conclusion

The convincing power of facts was such that the two Forest Officers agreed to the measures necessary to carry out the objects. But the recommendations of the Conference were never carried out by Government. Most of these measures we have already discussed in the previous articles. If these proposed measures had been applied when they were made, further deterioration could have been avoided.

One special recommendation made by the Conference to check malarial conditions, needs emphasis. The Conference came to the conclusion that it was necessary to withdraw forest from the immediate vicinity of habitation, to clear all undergrowth for a certain distance varying with the size of the village or hamlet and to thin out tree growth where it is thick, except in kans.

It is time that this long-drawn series of articles is brought to a close. But before doing so, one essential proposal I want to make is this. Government should invite half-yearly reports from the Collector of the district on the carrying out of the measures they might sanction, and an Officer of the Agricultural Department should always be on duty to ascertain the fact by actual enquiries among the cultivators.

It has happened in the past and it is quite likely to happen in the future, that Government's orders have not been put into commission or only partially applied, and only misleading reports have been sent. "It will not be untrue to say" observes Mr. Collins, "that many of the results of special enquiries in the past have been forgotten as soon as they were sanctioned, and scarcely ever put into practice."

(CONCLUDED).

The Bihar Provincial Kisan Conference will be held in Bachwara in the district of Monghyr under the presidentship of Mr. Jadunandan Sharman of Gaya, on January 22 and 23.

Hastens the return to Health and Strength

DURING convalescence, when the weakened nerves and tissues must be built up to normal vigour, 'Ovaltine' stands alone in its gently restorative powers. Easily assimilated and readily digestible, 'Ovaltine' quickly re-invigorates, rebuilds wasted tissue and restores normal health and vigour to body, brain and nerves. In addition, its delicious flavour makes a special appeal to the jaded palate.

'Ovaltine' contains *all* the vital body and nerve-building constituents of ripe barley malt and creamy cows' milk, together with valuable natural phosphatides and vitamins, scientifically combined according to an exclusive process which cannot be copied.

Do not be induced to accept inferior substitutes for 'Ovaltine.' There are very important differences. Unlike imitations—'Ovaltine' does not contain any cheap ingredients, such as household sugar to give bulk and reduce manufacturing costs. Always remember, imitations lack the supreme quality and unique nutritional merit of 'Ovaltine.'

Packed in tins of 4½, 9 and 18 ounces weight, 'Ovaltine' gives you more in Quantity—more in Quality and, therefore, more in Value. By insisting on 'Ovaltine' you make sure of obtaining the highest possible quality at the lowest possible price.

'OVALTINE'

TONIC FOOD BEVERAGE

Builds up Brain, Nerve and Body

Why 'OVALTINE' suits every individual taste. Practical tests constantly made over a long period of years, conclusively prove that the flavour of 'Ovaltine' suits *every* individual taste. It must be strongly emphasized that, unlike imitations, 'Ovaltine' does not contain any household sugar to increase bulk and lower manufacturing costs. Sweetness is a matter of taste, and sugar, which is cheap, can be added to 'Ovaltine' in the home, if desired. No one wants to pay a fancy price for sugar as an ingredient of a food beverage.

Agents:—JAMES WRIGHT, LTD., Calcutta, Bombay, Madras & Karachi.

FROM

Saturday

JANUARY 15

150 MINUTES OF LIVE, PULSATING INTENSELY HUMAN ENTERTAINMENT

JAYASHREE FILMS'

NAND KUMAR

CREATION of the ARTISTIC GENIUS OF

KESHAVRAO DHAIBER

STARRING:—

DURGA KHOTE,
TEMBE,
JAISHREE,
DHAIBER

and NINE other Stars with ONE THOUSAND Extras

in

Reeling Reels of Drama, Magnificence, Splendour

AT

Central

TALKIES: ::::: :GIRGAUM.

INSTRUMENT OF ACCESSION

Final Draft Awaits Viceroy's Arrival

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, January 10.

I learn definitely that a meeting of the Chamber of Princes which was expected to be held during the next few weeks has been postponed.

The reason for postponement appears to be that the revised Draft Instrument of Accession has not yet reached the States from the Government of India. It is expected as soon as Viceroy returns from Hyderabad the final form of the Instrument of Accession as approved by the Secretary of State will be ready for dispatch to the Princes.

Important changes are reported to have been made in the revised Draft Instrument to meet the objections raised by the Princes' Committee, but it remains to be seen whether it will satisfy the Princes.

It is not likely that there will be any further negotiations so far at least as the general form of the Instrument of Accession is concerned.

Evidently, the Secretary of State's view is that the revised draft has gone as far as is possible. A good deal depends on the Viceroy's visit to Hyderabad and that the States' final decision "visa vis" the Federation.

ULTIMATUM TO MADURA MILLS

MADRAS, Jan. 10.

At its meeting last evening, the Madura Labour Union resolved to give 15 days' notice to the management of the Madura Mills of a general strike in the Mills, if the management did not meanwhile implement the recommendations of the Court of Inquiry regarding 8 hours' work, night shift work and yearly bonus or percentage of profits, and amicably settle the Papanasam Mills strike and reinstate five members at Madura, dismissed on January 7 last.

AT PAPANASAM MILLS

The strike situation in the Papanasam Mills remains unchanged. The management distributed last month's wages yesterday.

Mr. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar, President of the Tamilnad Congress Committee visited the strike area and addressed the workers. He advised the workers to be peaceful and orderly and assured them that their cause would receive sympathetic consideration.

It is understood the management of the Papanasam Mill have invited Mrs. Lakshmi Ammal, M. L.A., President of the Labour Union, to discuss the grievances of workers.—United Press.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

Without Calomel—And You'll Jump Out of Bed Full of Vim and Vigour.

The liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

Laxatives are only makeshifts. A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those famous Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the red package. Refuse anything else. Price: As. 12.

BROADWAY HOTEL

CENTRAL AVENUE, CALCUTTA

Telephone — Cal. 4219.

Tele: Add: "HAVEN."

(Five Minutes' Leisurely walk from Chowringhee & G. P. O.

EXCELLENT SITUATION, New Building, New Furniture — Sanitary Fittings, Bath Tubs, Showers and attached Baths, Single & Double Rooms and Suites.

Delicious Cosmopolitan Foods

RATES REASONABLE

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON THREE POINTS UP

Further Improvement In Sterling Dollar

STEADY TONE IN FRANC

BOMBAY, Jan 11

NEW YORK COTTON

Cotton displayed moderately improved sentiment with demand from foreign sources showing signs of expansion following inflationary implications of Government's armament policy but dullness of outside markets restrained activity. Undertone steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

General list opened firm and thereafter a steady tone prevailed during the initial stage.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Opened quiet but later trading was dull and uninteresting.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Opened steady. Prices later declined on local liquidation.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1936

New York, Jan 11

Previous closing	8.59
To-day's opening	8.63
Difference	+04
To-day's closing	8.62
Difference	+03

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1938

Liverpool, Jan 11

Previous closing	4.85
To-day's opening	4.90
Difference	+04
To-day's closing	4.90
Difference	+04

BROACH EXPECTATION

Nov 29th May ..... Rs. 173

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Jan 11

New York cotton displayed moderately improved sentiment with demand from foreign sources showing some signs of expansion following inflationary implications of government's armaments policy but dullness of outside markets restrained activity to some extent with result that movements were small.

Trading in March commenced at 8.63 i.e. four points higher than previous closing prices advanced on scattered trade and foreign buying particularly from Bombay but activity thereafter was checked by lack of stimulating foreign cables with resultant decline, March reacting to 8.61 although undertone kept steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan 11

The following were the opening ranges:—

March (8.53 8.52) 8.63 8.63
May (8.59 8.58) 8.69 8.68
July (8.66 8.65) 8.76 8.75

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 11

January (4.84) 4.88
March (4.85) 4.90
January (7.21) 7.30
March (7.06) 7.15

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Jan 11

Broach Cotton market was closed today.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Jan 11

The rates at 2-30 p. m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-0 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-3) 1-1 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 1/4) 1-1 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-9) 1/9

JUTE

London, Jan 11

New Crop (18 13/16 buyers) 19 paid buyers
Dunlop January (£21 1/4) £21
Lightning January (£20 1/4) £20 1/4

RUBBER

Spot (7 buyers) 7 1/8 buyers
Forward April June (7 3/16 paid buyers) 7 1/4 buyers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay January February (£13 1/2 sellers) £13 1/2 sellers
Linseed Calcutta January February (£15 3/16 sellers) £15 5/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata January February (£12 13/16 sellers) £13 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal February (£11 1/2 paid) £11 1/2 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan 11

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with March at 92 7/8 and May at 93 1/2. Firmness of foreign cables counterbalanced by lack of support and continued pressure of Australian wheat with trading thereafter quiet and uninteresting.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Jan 11

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 6.87 3/8. Prices declined on scattered local liquidation and lack of outside support influenced by increasing pressure of Australian.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

New York, Jan 11

Previous closing	5.00 5/16
To-day's opening	5.00 1/4
To-day's closing	4.99 15/16

T T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Jan 11

Previous closing	5.00.27
To-day's opening	5.00.30
To-day's closing	5.00.15

FRANC RATE

London, Jan 11

Previous closing	147.50
To-day's opening	147.50
To-day's closing	147.62

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan 11

London exchanges opened with sterling dollar at 5.00.50 then improved to 5.00.37 on scattered support.

Franc opened at 147.50 and kept steady with no important movements.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (11.130) 11.132
New York on Bombay (37.79) 37.80
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 3/4) 0.93 3/4
London on Milan (95.02) 95.04
London on Shanghai (1-2 3/16) 1-2 3/16
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
4 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent.
6 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£185 3/4 buyers £186 sellers. Steady) £188 1/2 buyers £188 3/4 sellers.
Lead (£16 1/2 buyers £16 9/16 sellers. Firm) £16 15/16 buyers £17 sellers
Electrolytic Copper (£46 3/4 to £47 1/4) £48 to £49
Glasgow Iron (112) 112

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Jan 11

The following cable information was received from London:—

"Bears covered sellers reserved business small, market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan 11

Spot	(19 9/16d.) 19 13/16d
Forward	(19 1/4d.) 19 7/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan 11

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£6-19-9 1/2) £6-19-8 1/2

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, Jan 11

Liverpool wheat market closed at 92 1/2.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotation

Bombay, Jan 11

Wheat and Linseed markets were closed to-day.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Jan 11

Bombay Bullion was closed to-day.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, Jan 11

Brown Bold Linseed market was closed to-day.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, Jan 11

The security market remained closed as a mark of respect to the memory of late Mrs. Motilal Nehru.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Jan 11

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling loan closed at 93 1/2 following as against the previous closing at 93 1/2.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Jan 11

3 per cent Indian (£93 1/2) £93 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£93 1/2) £93 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-48 (£112 1/2) £112 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1938-63 (£115 1/2) £115 1/4
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£110 1/4) £110 1/4
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945/70 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£75-0) £74-10 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 7/8) £102 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 3/8) £106 3/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£113-0) £113-1 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102) £102-10 1/2
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115) £114

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan 11

London Stock Exchange kept steady early in session but later demand slowed down. Giltedged securities kept steady. Three and half quoted at 93 1/2 i.e. unchanged from previous closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (16-3) 16-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (59-4 1/2) 60-0
Hydro Electric (5-1 1/2) 5-6
Musical Industries (15-10 1/2) 15-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (37-6) 37-0
Imperial Chemical (34-9) 34-3
Woolsworth New Ordinary (69-0) 69-0
Realisation 1930 (£44-0) £42-6
Dunlop Rubber (22-9) 32-9
Unilever Ordinary (36-4 1/2) 36-9
Ford Motors (21-10 1/2) 22-9
Cables and Wireless new ordinary (£65-9) £65-9
British American Tobacco Ordinary (108-1 1/2) 108-1 1/2
Carreras 'A' (£7-6) £7-6
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (153-1 1/2) 153-1 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (22-1 1/2) 22-10 1/2
Distillers (106-9) 106-9
Bredfords Dyers (£5-3) £5-3
British Celanese (£5-3) £5-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (41-4 1/2) 41-4 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (47-6) 47-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-6) 6-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary (26-9) 26-9
Inter Nickels (dol 48 5/8) dol 50 1/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (47-6) 41-3
Tata Steel Preference (£103) £103

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-6) 18-6
Donaro Tea (42-6) 42-6
Empire of India (29-6) 29-6

RUBBER SHARES

Angio Dutch Rubber (28-6) 29-9
Gula Kelampong (28-6) 29-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (28-0) 28-9

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (9) 9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (52-6) 52-6
Burma Corporation (12-1 1/2) 12-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£19-7 1/2) £19-7 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (58-1 1/2) 59-4 1/2
Rand Mines (£8-4 1/2) £8-6

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15-10 1/2) £15-10 1/2
Associated Portland Cement (86-10 1/2) 88-1 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (100) 100
Sub Nigel (£10-6) £10-6
Spring Mines Split Shares (31-10 1/2) 31-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£8-3) £8-4 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2
Anglo Iranian (79-4 1/2) 79-4 1/2
Burma Oil (119-4 1/2) 119-4 1/2
Mexican Eagle (111-0) 111-0
Shell Transport (99-4 1/2) 99-4 1/2
Royal Dutch (41-9) 41-4 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Jan 11

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

U S Steel Common (dol 59-0) dol 60 1/2
General Motors (dol 35 3/8) dol 37-0
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 35 1/8) dol 36 1/2
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) dol 114-0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Franc Weakens Fairly Sharply

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Jan 11

On the Stock Exchange, the minings opened firm and active. Coppers subsequently maintained their initial advances, but the remainder developed a reactionary trend elsewhere, rubbers were firm. Giltedged securities were dull in the absence of support, while Far Easterns again declined sharply.

Among commodities, base metals were the firmest, with a speculative initiative now following trade demand.

On the foreign exchanges, in view of to-morrow's meeting of representatives of French employers and employees, Franc weakened fairly sharply to-day, spot depreciating to 147.63 against 147.47 this morning. Apparently, French control has decided to leave the to-day's market to its own devices, since the support there is only infrequently forthcoming, though spot is still largely controlled. An undercurrent of extreme nervousness is again apparent, the market estimating that the French control to-day has lost about two and half million sterling gold. One month forward is at present around four francs discount, while three months is around seven.

Wall Street opened firmer and then became irregular.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

Renewed Buying In Coals

CALCUTTA, Jan 11

Jutes opened unchanged at about yesterday's levels. Business was very small and the closing was steadier again. Coals opened at about yesterday's prices, but towards close distinctly better feeling appeared on renewed buying and moderate business was put through. Teas ruled steady. In miscellaneous Indian Irons and other speculative issues opened quiet, but steadied up again as the day progressed and closed at best of day. Government securities were steady. The following were the closing quotations:

Government securities: Three per cent G P 89/13 small lot; three and half per cent G P 98/5; three and a half per cent loan 1957/50 106/7; four per cent loan 1989/70 114/1; five and half per cent loan 1939/40 102/12.

Banks: Central 31/8 small lot; Imperial Bank fully paid 1530 C Div small lot; Reserve 119 ex div.

Railway: Debri Rohtas Railway 14/12.

Cottons: Dunbar ordy 148; Kesoram 6/7; New Ring ordy 82/8.

Coals: Aldih 5/14, Bhalgora 5/5; Churulia 1/10; Dhemo Main 88; repeat 11; New Beerbhoom 20/6; Samla 2/8; Searsole 5/10; Standard 33; West Jamuria 34/12.

Jutes: Auckland pref 125 ex div; Bally pref 134; Delta pref 122/8; Hooghly pref 138/8; Hastings pref 110 small lot; Howrah 45; Kamarhatty 445; Kamarhatty pref 134; Kinnison pref 151; Naihati pref 112; Northbrook pref 125 ex div.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 8/1; Consolidated Tin 7 C div; Indian Copper 2/11; Tavoy Tin 2/4; Calmia Cement ordy 10/9; Do pref 98 small lots do defd 2/14 small odd lot; Bhagalpore Electric 7/12; Bengal Telephone pref 14/4 ex div; Burn and Company 7 per cent pref 137; Hukumchand Steel ordy 10/8; do defd 2/15; Indian Iron 34/6; Indian Standard Wagon pref 125; Marshalls 1/7 Steel Corporation pref 81 small lots; do ordy 6/8; British India Corporation ordy 3/10; Cold Storage ord 10/12; Calcutta Safe Deposit 5/8; Indian Wood Products 24/6; New India Investment 21; Rohtas Industries ordy 20/12; India General Navigation ordy 111; Murree Brewery 12/4 small lot; Barsdighi 42/4; Betjan 21/14; Ethelbarrie 9/8; Eastern Cachar 9/4; Gungaram 284; Hasimara pref 141; Sarugaon 9; Tezpore ordy 8.

Debentures: Four and a half per cent 1936/86 Clive Blive Buildings 100/8; three and a quarter per cent 1965; Calcutta Port Trust 104/8. A. P.

Garden Party To Viceroy

MADRAS, Jan. 11.

Over 1,200 guests were present at the Garden Party given by the public of Madras to meet the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Linlithgow this evening at the Willingdon Club. Their Excellencies, accompanied by the Governor and Lady Marjorie Erskine, on arrival were received by the Committee of Hosts and conducted to the spacious lawns, where the elite of the city and many prominent people from outside had assembled to greet Their Excellencies. The Viceroy and Marchioness of Linlithgow moved freely among the guests and left after witnessing a display of fireworks. Professor Sambamurti's Indian Orchestra provided music.

Their Excellencies spent a busy morning to-day visiting the medical institutions of the city.—A.P.

B. O. C. WORKERS ON STRIKE

Sequel To Discharge Of Employee

RANGOON, January 11.

Three thousand workers of the Burma Oil Company's at the Chowk have struck work as a protest against the discharge of a man who had absented himself from work without leave.

The military and armed civil police are guarding the area where quiet now prevails.

The workers belonging to two other adjacent oil companies have also suspended work.—A. P.

GERMANY CALLING

Circular To Indian Listeners-in About Berlin Broadcasts

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Jan. 11.

Close on the heels of war in ether between B.B.C. and Italian Bari Broadcasting station comes the report that a well-known German firm from Berlin has addressed a circular to a number of listeners-in in India enquiring as to whether they are interested in listening to programmes broadcast from Berlin shortwave station.

The circular also encloses a questionnaire to be answered by listeners-in as to most suitable timings and other facilities, which they would like to have and is couched in language smacking of vigorous inducement to dial on the German shortwave station.

I am reliably informed that the Government of India are carefully watching the reaction in India to this circular.

CALL OFF STRIKE

Nagpur College Authorities' Notice To Students

NAGPUR, January 11.

The strike by students of the Agricultural College, Nagpur, continues. The authorities have posted a notice under instructions from the Provincial Government, informing students that they should resume attendance at 10-30 to-morrow morning latest, failing which the absentees would be acting on their own risk.

Following this, Messrs Vaidya and Agnihotri, of the All-India Students' Federation, interviewed this evening the Hon. Pandit R. S. Shukla, Education Minister, who, it is understood, advised the students to resume attendance and assured that if they followed his advice, he would personally examine every student's case.

The Strike Committee will be announcing its decision to-morrow morning.—United Press.

DEATH SENTENCE QUASHED

Appeal In Belgaum Murder Case

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wassoodev at the High Court quashed the sentence of death passed by the Sessions Judge of Belgaum on Dod Laxmia Sanasidda Siddhanavar, a young agriculturist.

In the lower court, the appellant and his father were both charged with the murder of one Renappa on February 10 last. The motive for the offence was alleged to be a quarrel with the deceased's mistress over the rent of their land.

The assessors found both the accused not guilty. But the Sessions Judge accepted the verdict only with regard to the appellant's father who was acquitted.

Their lordships quashed the conviction of the appellant on the ground that there was no eye witness of the murder and that the principal witness was not supported by other evidence.

AYURVEDIC AND UNANI BILL

(Continued from Page 6)

qualified medical men with intent to make personal gain) may be affected by it, and not persons holding 'registerable qualifications'. This object can be achieved by—

(1) Starting schools for minimum indigenous medical studies wherein certificates of study and of having passed a school examination for permission to use non-poisonous drugs mentioned in a schedule, attached to the certificate and to be called a Permit or Parwana. The names of these people to be on a Register, just in the same way as those of the Midwives and Dais.

(2) By omitting all reference to the Bombay Medical Act. and

(3) By inserting the words "or holds Registerable qualifications" after the words "unless he is registered". in the third line of section 19 (5). This will meet the difficulty about the cases of foreign medical men, but would not affect those who hold British and other Dominion diplomas which are recognised under reciprocity.

The penalty of imprisonment should be altogether removed. Imprisonment should in no case be given unless 'malpractice' is proved in a Court of Law, just the same way as obtains in the case of duly-qualified and registered allopathic medical men.

The penalty of fine will have to be retained but will have to be discriminatory and should be graded according to the nature of the harm done. This may mean a question of a schedule or a provision in the Act itself.

(Concluded.)

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Jan 11

Volkart Bros ss Hoegh Silverlight of 3186 reg tons, Captain A Amersen arrived from Vancouver via Seattle, Portland, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Java Ports, Singapore, Port Sweetenham and Colombo with general cargo.

SAILED

Scindia S N ss Jalaratna of 2326 reg tons, Captain L Watson sailed for Rangoon in water ballast.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 11-1-38.

S S City of Worcester (F F C) for American Ports, via Colombo, Madras and Calcutta.

S S Islami (T M) for Jeddah, Red Sea Ports via Karachi, Aden and Port Sudan.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

Alexandra Dock

Bombay, Jan 11

1 Hoegh Silverlight 3186 Busra N F, Volkart Bros.
4 Elysia 421 Karachi 15-1 Anchor Line
5 Anyo Maru 5741 Japan 15-1 N Y K
7 C/Canterbury 5290 Karachi 14-1 K Nixon
9 Serbino 2647 Karachi 12-1 J Finlay
13 Karanja 4646 Durban 19-1 M M
13 Ozarda 3038 Calcutta 11-1 M M
15 Nalgora 4101 Antwerp 17-1 M M
15 C/Barcelona 3524 Karachi 12-1 K Nixon

Victoria Dock

4 Jalaratna 2326 Rangoon 11-1 Scindia S N
2 Borneo Maru 4261 Karachi 12-1 O S K
3 Barjora 1938 NF NF MM
9 Janaki (3) Malabar Coast 10-1 Malabar Steamship

Prince's Dock

A Jalajyoti 2693 Calcutta 16-1 Scindia S N
G Heidari 912 Karachi 11-1 S Hassam
P Baroda 1856 P Gulf 12-1 M M
K Netravati 699 N F, N F, B S N
N Varsova 1955 Busrah 13-1 M M

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Maloja 27-1-38 P and O S N
Stratheden 13-1-38 P and O
Strathmore 10-2-38 P and O S N
Comorin 20-1-38 P and O S N
Kaisar-I-Hind 3-2-38 P and O
Nowshera 8-1-38 M M
Warfield 18-1-38 M M

FROM LIVERPOOL

Clan Maccines 16-1-38 J Finlay

FROM SYDNEY

Strathnaire 15-1-38 P and O S N

FROM GENOA

Victoria 31-1-38 L Triestino

FROM OSLO

Rinda 12-1-38 L Edwards

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Ryufuku Maru 18-1-38 N Y Kaisha
Tsushima Maru 21-1-38 N Y Kaisha
Toyama Maru 17-1-38 N Y Kaisha
Jeypore 18-1-38 M M
Gradburn 19-1-38 M B Kaisha
Rawalpindi 21-1-38 P and O S N
Conte Biancamano 27-1-38 L Triestino
Corfu 5-2-38 P and O S N
Conte Verde 12-1-38 L Triestino
Hakodate Maru 30-1-38 N Y Kaisha

FROM HAMBURG

Reichenfels 26-1-38 L Edwards
Wildenfels 15-1-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

City of Bath 17-1-38 F F Campbell
Pres. Van Buren 20-1-38 F F Campbell
Pres Garfield 8-2-38 F F Campbell
West Cusseta 13-1-38 L Edwards

FROM BASRA

Barpeta 13-1-38 M M
Varela 15-1-38 M M

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 18-1-38 L Triestino

FROM JEDDAH

Islami 13-1-38 Turner Morrison

FROM DURBAN

Takliwa 22-1-38 M M
Kenya 5-2-38 M M

FROM BASSIN

Jalyamuna 11-1-38 S S N
Jalaputra 11-1-38 S S N
Jalamani 13-1-38 S S N

FROM CALCUTTA

Gazana 19-1-38 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 13-1-38 M M
Kybfels 12-1-38 L Edward

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Strathaird 15-1-38 P and O
Rawalpindi 22-1-38 P and O
Corfu 5-2-38 P and O
Nalgora 17-1-38 M M
Soudan 19-1-38 P and O S N
Mooltan 29-1-38 P and O S N

FOR SYDNEY

Stratheden 13-1-38 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

Elysia 28-1-38 Anchor Line

FOR NEW YORK

City of Worcester 13-1-38 F F Campbell
Pres. Van Buren 21-1-38 F F Campbell

FOR HAMBURG

Wolfsburg 5-1-38 L Edwards

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde, 12-1-38, L. T.

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Comorin 20-1-38 P and O
Kaiser-i-Hind 3-2-38 P and O S N
Borneo Maru 23-1-38 O S Kaisha
Victoria 31-1-38 L Triestino
Anyo Maru 15-1-38 N Y Kaisha
Ryufuku Maru 31-1-38 N Y Kaisha

FOR GENOA

Conte Biancomano 27-1-38 L Triestino

FOR JEDDAH

Islami N F, T Morrison

FOR BASRA

Baroda 12-1-38 M M
Varsova 13-1-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 19-1-38 M M
Takliwa 2-2-38 M M

FOR RANGOON

Jalratna 10-1-38 Scindia S S N
Jaljyoti 16-1-38 Scindia S S N

FOR CALCUTTA

Ozarda 11-1-38 MM

FOR KARACHI

Vita 15-1-38 M M
City of Canterbury 14-1-38 K Nixon
Borneo Maru 11-1-38 O S K
Elysia 15-1-38 Anchor Line
City of Barcelona 12-1-38 K Nixon
Toyama Maru 19-1-38 N Y Kaisha
Wildenfels 19-1-38 L Edwards

B.P.T. GENERAL LANDING DATES.

S S Ensley City (boats American cotton) 10-1-38
S S Parvati 10-1-38
S S Borneo Maru 11-1-38

EXPORTS

S S Nalgora for London: 100 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 50 bales cotton waste clean C Jairam; 308 bags myrabollams J Moolchand; 4765 bags groundnut oil cake M Bhuta; 256 drums castor oil A Hargovindas; 52 bags dry chillies E Mavii and Co; 100 bales raw wool D Abraham; 116 bags turmeric H K Kesharwalia; 11 bales goat skin tanned A K A Rasool; 6 bales sheep skin tanned M R Shaffi; 8 bales cowhides J J Rahimtoola; 50 bales cotton fly Supt Textile Products.

For Hull: 1334 bags groundnut oil cake A Oomerbhoy.

For Dunkirk: 100 bales cotton waste clean C Jairam; 110 bales raw cotton Bombay Company.

For Antwerp: 25 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 6610 bags groundnut oil cake H Rawji; 58 bales raw cotton A Podar; 220 bales raw cotton K Devchand.

For Ghent: 220 bales raw cotton H Nensey; 330 bales raw cotton K Devchand.

S S City of Canterbury for Glasgow: 1000 bags groundnut oil cake K Prasad

For Ghent: 345 bales raw cotton Bombay Company.

For Marseilles: 55 bales cotton fly Supt Textile Products.

For Dunkirk: 330 bales raw cotton Bombay Company.

For Antwerp: 1367 bags groundnut oil cake Kishan Prasad; 220 bales raw cotton A Podar; 330 bales raw cotton Bombay Company.

S S Elysia for Liverpool: 274 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 50 bales cotton fly V A Save; 50 bales cotton fly Supt Textile Products.

For Manchester: 50 bales cotton waste oily C Jairam; 375 bales raw cotton K Devchand.

For Marseilles: 25 bales cotton fly V A Save.

S S City of Barcelona for Liverpool: 85 bales wool raw Eastern Wool Trading; 224 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 40 bales cotton piecegoods A H Diab.

For Manchester: 50 bales cotton waste oil M Narotamdas; 243 bags casein product of meal R Haji Ahmed.

S S City of Worcester for Halifax: 1120 bags groundnut kernal K M Nathoo 7 cases cardamom seed A P Gupta.

S S Conte Varde for Istanbul: 60 bs cotton grey yarn M A Al Abdul Razzak

For Izmir: 85 bales cotton grey yarn M A Al Abdul Razzak

For Trieste: 605 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros.

S S Borneo Maru for Yokohama: 100 tons old steel scrap G Gabriel

For Kobe: 10 tons steel scrap G Gabriel; 1000 bales cotton raw K Devchand.

S S Anyo Maru for Dairen: 500 bales cotton raw The Nissho Co.

For Osaka: 500 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading.

For Kobe: 400 bales cotton raw Kotak Co; 3700 bales cotton raw Langley; 100 bales cotton raw M Amersey; 100 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading; 900 bales cotton raw K Devchand.

For Jinsen: 500 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha.

IMPORTS

S S Strathnaver Agents M Mackenzie from Marseilles: 170 bags almonds; 64 cases chemicals; 42 cases medicines; 300 drums lead ore; 41 cases soap.

From Basle: 79 cases aniline colour; 25 cases machy, 27 cases harmless chemicals.

From Izmir: 135 bags almonds kernal

From New York: 135 cases malted milk; 25 cases whisky; 25 cases film.

From Alexandria: 25 bales cotton

From London: 20 boxes fish; 26 cases medicines; 51 cases bacon.

S S Narkunda Agents M Mackenzie from Melbourne: 215 cases dried milk powder; 242 cases tallow; 49 bales greasy wool; 165 cases drippings; 53 cases soap; 123 cases jams; 222 cases cud fruit; 30 cases skin milk powder.

From Sydney: 117 pipes tallow; 90 cases skim milk powder; 149 boxes butter.

From Hobart: 155 cases jam; 270 bags peas.

From Adelaide: 79 cases tallow

S S Formosa Agents L Edwards from Goteburg: 5100 bundles box boards; 4336 bundles plane boards; 3529 cases ceiling boards; 84 cases wire nails; 314 cases nails; 200 cases chlorite of potash; 5432 bales paper; 50 cases enam hollow ware; 115 cases petroleum stoves, blow lamps etc; 148 cases lables; 33 brls umber; 316 loose steel tyres; 40 bales wood wool; 400 bags sulphate of alumina; 753 pieces aspen logs.

From Oslo: 315 reels news printing paper; 391 bales paper.

From Brevik: 116 bales news printing paper;

From Hamburg: 145 bales paper; 228 drums bleaching powder; 40 pieces tubes; 27 cases padlocks; 27 cases valves; 57 cases window glass; 48 pieces bar steel; 100 casks zinc white; 663 bags bone glue; 102 bags exhausted cloves; 63 cases cheese; 400 bags potato starch; 100 cases beer.

From Antwerp: 139 cases tubes; 200 bags marble chips; 100 drums earth colours; 1362 cases bolts and nuts; 99 bags hinges; 65 bags beams.

From Port Sudan: 609 bales sakel cotton;

From Fiume: 150 bags fragments of tiles.

From Venice: 355 pieces marble slab; 296 cases art silk yarn; 30 cases glass beads; 132 casks litharge.

From Beri: 350 bags almonds.

From Brindisi: 1135 bags almonds.

S S Vasna Agents M Mackenzie from Basrah: 2935 bags dry dates; 15225 bags wet dates; 48 bales sheep skins; 50 bags edra; 1345 bags mash; 957 bags wheat; 90 bags beans; 414 bags hartuman.

From Karachi: 1215 bales raw cotton; 1095 bags wheat; 32 bags apricots; 32 cases tyres and tubes.

American Cotton Prices Rise On Firmness Of Wall-Street

SPECULATIVE BUYING ABSORBS REALISING AND HEDGE SELLING

More California Cotton Moving To India

BOMBAY: January 11.

LATEST AMERICAN ADVICES INDICATE MORE CALIFORNIA COTTON IS MOVING TO THIS COUNTRY AS OUR MILLS ARE NOW FREELY USING IT. THE UNDERTONE OF THE NEW YORK COTTON MARKET WAS FIRM UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THE STRENGTH OF WALL-STREET MARKET AND PRICES CLOSED AT ABOUT THE HIGHEST LEVEL OF THE DAY.

On Monday the action of the Wall Street market encouraged the New York cotton market where higher Bombay cables contributed to the upturn. Sentiment was generally more optimistic though buyers were cautious fearing increased offerings as prices approach the loan level.

The market opened steady and was moderately active. Prices advanced on better Liverpool cables, firmness of Stock market and outside speculative buying and New Orleans buying which readily absorbed liquidation and hedge selling on the scale up. Spot demand was slightly more active. More California cotton is moving to India Textiles were active finally price fixing and short covering appeared and prices closed at about the highest level.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The market opened at a rise of 3 points with March 8.52. There was scattered selling which resulted in a decline of 3 points from the opening level and March was quoted 8.49 which was the lowest level for the day. Later on there was improved buying and March was quoted 8.60 which was the highest level and the market closed at a rise of 10 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 10 points at 8.69c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 9 points. Spot cotton prices improved 9 points at 8.82c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 2 points with March 4.86. There was Bombay buying and scarcity of contracts. Traders were cautious fearing increased Southern offerings should prices advance to nearer the loan level. Small trade buying with small offerings continued throughout the session and the market closed at a rise of 2 to 3 points. Middling American spot cotton prices gained 3 points at 4.99d.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was quietly steady. Giza futures closed unchanged and Uppers were 2 points up.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton market was easy with increased selling. Sakels futures declined 10 to 19 points and Ashmouni contracts closed 9 to 17 points lower.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. March Highest (3 p.m.)	8.60+11
N. Y. March Lowest (10-29 a.m.)	8.49
Liverpool March Highest	4.87+03
Liverpool March Lowest	4.85+01

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Quiet featureless market. Absence of hedge selling. Contracts scarce. Market lacking outside interest. Bullish.

Liverpool.—Market quiet and steady. Market exhibits very little selling power. Market affected favourably by reports that acreage will probably be reduced in the United States of America. Confidence returning.

New York:—Market advanced on broad speculative buying readily absorbing profit taking and small hedge selling. Wall Street active and firm.

New York.—Strong undertone due to speculative buying. Market expected to meet with considerable selling by South in July near 9 cents.

New York.—Advance may go somewhat further. Do not think well of following the advance. Southern selling increasing.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—

Have no strong opinion but are rather inclined to think well of prospects eventually. Strong undertone speculative buying market expected to meet considerable selling [illegible] 9.00.

This is vitally important consider probability drastic farm regulation likely be validated by Supreme Court with new personnel result Sutherland retirement. Remember former A.A.A. invalidated by bare majority decision

Wheat:—Good demand for American hard winters speculative buying orders some statistics showing close balance supplies and requirements this season.

Corn Chicago:—Below Argentine partly will probably work higher.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

Cabled received from M/S Geo. H. Mcfadden and Bro:

Fairly good trade, outside buying on firmness securities, improved demand cotton textiles. Advance uncovering scale-up hedge selling limits.

Cables received from their Liverpool Agents:—

Inflation talk improving outside demand.

Better undertone most markets favourably affecting cotton. Favour buying any set-backs.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool:—

"Better undertone most markets favourably affecting cotton favour buying any setbacks."

New York:—

"Increased offers absorbed by speculators. Chinese crop estimate reduced 500,000. Market emphasizes inflation implications of Presidents' Navy plans"

"Large loan account holdings of tendering cotton accentuate scarcity of contracts. Domestic spinners report small stocks on hand. Cloth market improving."

"Strength stock encourages inflation buying, market acting well looks higher advance may go somewhat further but advise caution."

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Jan. 10.

March	8.59+10
May	8.66+11
July	8.73+10
October	8.80+10
December	8.82+10
Middling spot	8.69+10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Jan. 10.

January	8.60+07
March	8.72+09
May	8.79+09
Middling Spot 11 a.m. Ranges.	8.82+09
January	8.53/8.53
March	8.61/8.61
May	8.66/8.66
Noon Call	
January	8.52
March	8.60
May	8.66

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, Jan. 10.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	50,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	5,000
Day's exports to the Continent	12,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	21,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, Jan. 10.

January	4.84+02
February	4.86+03
March	4.86+02
April	4.88+02
May	4.90+02
June	4.93+03
July	4.94+02
August	4.96+02
September	4.98+02
October	5.00+02
November	5.01+02
December	4.99+03
10-12 a.m. quotations.	
March	4.86
May	4.91

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Jan. 10.

GIZA—	
F.G.F. Spot	8.39
Spot	7.56—0.
January	7.24—2
March	7.11—0.
May	7.15—0.
July	7.17—0.
October	7.20—0.
November	7.16—0.
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.33+2
January	6.05+2.
March	6.00+2.
May	6.02+2.
July	6.04+2.
October	6.07+3.
November	6.07+3.

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Jan. 10.

BROACH—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	4.02
Fine (Good staple)	4.17
Superfine (Good staple)	4.32
OOMRA—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	4.17
Superfine (No 1 staple)	4.32
Choice (No 1 staple)	4.47
BENGAL—	
Good	3.62
Fully Good	3.72
Fine	3.87

LONDON SEEDS.
London, Jan. 10.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton January sellers	£12/16/3
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton January sellers	£15/3/9
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton January sellers	£15/5/0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton Jan-Feb. sellers	£14/2/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Jan/Feb. sellers	£13/10/0

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Jan. 10.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Jan/Feb sellers	41/1 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels Jan/Feb. sellers	42
Wheat South Australian parcels Jan/Feb. sellers	38

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, Jan. 10.

Fair Rio coffee No. 7 quality 9 1/4

LONDON RUBBER
London, Jan. 10.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. sellers 7 3/16

LINSEED OIL
London, Jan. 10.

Linseed oil naked London per cwt Jan sellers	28/3
Linseed oil naked London per cwt. paid sellers	28/4 1/2

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Jan. 10.

March	92 3/8d.
May	93d.
July	93 3/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Jan. 10.

May	dol 0.97 3/4.
July	dol 0.91 3/8.
September	dol 0.89 3/4.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Jan. 11.

B. C. RATES—
T T D D 1/6 1/16
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T 1/6 5/32
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—
Banks selling T T 265 3/4
Bank's buying T T 263 3/4
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1.104
Bank's buying T T 1.124
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 77 1/2
Banks buying T T 77
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 67 3/8
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/8
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 83 1/2
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 79 1/2
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 156 1/4
BERLIN
Banks selling D D 92 1/4
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 5.00.31 10th instant.
Japan/London 1/2 11th instant.
Hongkong/London 1/3 1/16 11th instant.
Shanghai/London 1/2 1/4 11th instant.
Java/London 8.95 3/4 11th instant.
London/Paris 147.50 10th instant.
London/Belgium 29.45 10th instant.
London/Switzerland 21.60 3/4 10th instant.
London/Berlin 12.40 1/4 10th instant.
London/Stockholm 19.39 7/8 10th instant.
London/New York 5.00.27 10th instant
London/Italy 95.05 10th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £6-19-9 1/2 8th instant.
Gold £6-19-9 10th instant.
Silver London Ready 19 11/16 8th instant
Silver London Ready 19 9/16 10th instant.
Silver London Forward 19 3/8 8th instant.
Silver London Forward 19 1/4 10th instant.
Silver New York Ready 45 8th Instant
Silver New York Ready 45 10th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 8th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 10th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 8th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 10th instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—
Call 3/4 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Easy

Indian Sterling Loans

London, Jan. 10.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	20
3 1/2 per cent	93 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	107 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	115 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	110 1/4
3 per cent 1948/52	98 1/
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	75
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	102
4 per cent Funding Loans 1960/90	113
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordy	50

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Jan. 10.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£80
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£93 1/2
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£112 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£75
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£102 7/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£102
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1950/90	£113
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£111 5/8
Chartered Bank of India A. and China	£12 1/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	£84
National Bank of India	£40 3/4
P and O Banking Corporation	£9 5/8

LONDON DISCOUNTS RATES.
London, Jan. 10.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 5/8 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.
Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent.
Interest 7 days market loan 1/2 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Jan. 10.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	5.00.27
Paris	147.50
Berlin	12.40 1/4
Madrid	76.00
Amsterdam	8.97 1/8
Brussels	29.45
Milan	95.05
Berne	21.69 3/4

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 11th January 1938. Total amount offered was Rs. 3,89,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-11-0 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-10-9 allotted approximately 39 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,03,50,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 1-4-7 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 18th January 1938. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 21st January 1938. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 7th January 1938, Treasury Bills for Rs. 25,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Cotton Room Rate

Bombay, Jan 11

	Extra.	Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—						
Bengal U P		146	141	142	140	
Punjab		146	144	142	140	
Oomra No. 3	172	170	168	166		
C P No. 1	186	184	182	180		
C P No. 2	177	175	173	171		

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Jan 11

Bengal Superfine new	145/47
Bengal Fine new	140/42
C P 1 new	180/81
C P 2 new	171/73
Arvi new	174/75
Berar new	165/66 old 126/31
Khandesh new	151/56 old 126/31
Jalna Sailu new	155/57 old 126/31
Burwah Sanavad new	171/73 old 126/31
Mathia new	141/46 old 91/111
Broach old	159/60
Punjab 4 F new	192/96
Punjab 289 F new	251/56
Sindh 4 F new	191/94
Sindh N T new	235/38
Kampala old	311/316
Manza new	284/86

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Jan. 11.
RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st September.
In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.
Khandesh	277	3,010
Central India	93	2,321
Barsi and Nagar	1,508	20,891
Hyderabad-Gaorani	736	7,460
Berar	249	50,921
Central Provinces	338	10,262
Total Oomras	3,196	94,865
Dholera	203	10,756
N.-W. Provinces		1,640
Rajputana	4,879	321
Sind-Punjab		196,825
Broach		1,407
Coompta and Dharwar		8,399
Westerns-Northerns	102	1,130
Cocoanada		12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		811
American		41,642
Egyptian, African and Sudan	553	140,119
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		970
Total	8,933	500,897

Exports From Bombay

Bombay, Jan. 11.
1st Sept. to 6th Jan.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	2,898	78,557
Japan and China	5,895	95,362
Coast Ports		25,305
Up-country by Rail		131,090
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		6,984
Total	8,788	327,296

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 10-1-38	6024000	5323000
Receipts yesterday 10-1-38	50000	13000
Exports to date 10-1-38	3601000	3217000
Stock at Ports 7-1-38	3216000	2760000
Stock at Interior Towns 7-1-38	2617000	2179000
Stock at Liverpool 7-1-38	1108000	920000
Visible Supply 7-1-38	7649000	6472000
Quantity in sight 7-1-38	10410000	9972000
Quantity out of sight 7-1-38	5642000	6752000

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Jan. 11.

March	237.50+60
April	237.80+220
May	237.70+270
July	236.00+230

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Jan. 10.

SAKEL—	
January	14.19—19.
March	14.31—10.
May	14.35—11.
ASHMOUNI—	
February	10.38 +3.
April	10.36— 0.
GIZA—	
January	12.93—17.
March	12.95—12.
May	12.92—14.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Jan. 11.

Wheat	7,331 Cwts.
Linseed	3,295 Cwts.
Rape Rai and Mustardseeds	21 Cwts.
Gingellyseed	912 Cwts.
Poppyseed	35 Cwts.
Groundnuts	21,822 Cwts.
Castorseed	727 Cwts.
Rice	5,916 Cwts.
Myrabollams	4,189 Cwts.
Cottonseed	21,437 Cwts.
Gram	1,967 Cwts.
Joowar	484 Cwts.
Barley	35 Cwts.
Bairee	7,768 Cwts.
Indian Sugar	3,746 Cwts.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Jan. 10.

February £11-10-0

New York Sugar

New York, Jan. 10.

March	2.28 unchgd
May	2.30 unchgd.
July	2.31+1.
September	2.33+1.

LONDON RUBBER STEADY

London, Jan. 10.

Rubber market was steady on better American trade outlook and reports that the recently discharged workers in the Auto-industry have been re-employed.

April June ..... 7 1/4d.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 8th January	10,489
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	491,964
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	934,590
Decrease	442,626

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—
March 160 May 161 July 162 Oct. 167 Dec. 171 at Cross Rate 5.00 5/16.

Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1938 178/8—Liverpool May 1938 4.93 Rs. 36 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach J/A. 1938 181—Liverpool July 4.97 Rs. 35 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1938 178/8—New York May 8.66 Rs. 13 1/2 at Cross Rate .00 5/16.

Bombay—Ne York:—
Broach J/A. 1938 181—New York July 8.73 Rs. 13 at Cross Rate 5.00 5/16.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Jan. 10.

Broach A/M. 1938 op. 175 1/4; highest 177 3/8; lowest 175 1/4; closing 177.

Broach J/A. op. 177 7/8; highest 179 1/2; lowest 177 1/2; Closing 179 1/2.

Oomra D/J op. 161 1/2; highest 161 3/4; lowest 160 3/4; closing 161 1/2.

Oomra March op. 158; highest 159 1/2; lowest 158; closing 159 1/2.

Oomra May op. 158 1/2; highest 159 3/4; lowest 158 1/2; closing 159 5/8.

Bengal D/J. op. 135 3/4; highest 137 1/2; lowest 135 3/4; closing 137 1/2.

Bengal March op. 135 1/2; highest 136 3/8; lowest 135 1/2; closing 136 3/8.

Bengal May op. 136 1/4; highest 136 1/2; lowest 136 1/4; closing 136 1/2.

T/Mandi for Broach April/May (21-1-38) Rs. 5

T/Mandi for Broach April/May (31-3-38) Rs 13 1/2

T/Mandi for Broach J/Aug. (24-6-38) Rs. 20 1/2

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Jan. 10.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.—

	Dol
Amr. Power and Light 5 p.c. Pfd. A	30
Electric Bond Common	9
Electric Bond 5 p.c. Pfd.	50
United Corporation	3
American Tel. and Tel.	148 1/2
Western Union Telg.	27 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio Rly.	11
Chesapeake and Ohio Rly.	37
Great Northern Pfd.	25
R. C. A.	7
Schenely Distillers	80
Bethelehe Steel	65
Bethelehem Steel 7 p.c. Pfd.	97
Ludlum Steel	20
National Steel	62
United States Steel	60
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	9
Anaconda Copper Mining	36 1/4
United Aircraft	28
General Railway Signal Co.	23
Int. Nickel of Canada	49 3/4
Chrysler Motors	59
Packard Motors	5
General Electric	44 1/2
Union Carbide	77 1/4
Consolidated Oil	10
American Tobacco 'B'	72
Chase National Bank	34 1/2
National City Bank	28 3/4
General Motors	36 3/4
Socony Oil	16 1/4
New York Central Rly.	19 1/4
Phillips Petroleum Co.	42
Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass Co.	41
Montgomery Ward Co.	36
Sherwin-Williams Co.	84
U. S. Gypsum	70
Pullman Incorporated	35
Westinghouse Air Brake Co.	27
Firestone Rubber Co	22

Still think favourably of our market.

U. S. Steel Corporation shipped in December 4,90,000 tons finished. Turnover 2 million shares. Steel Companies of U.S.A. working 28 per cent of capacity.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Jan 11

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:

Names.	Latest prices.
London Nigerian Tin Co Ltd	£0 6 9
Guest, Keen and Nettlefold	1 10 6
Turner and Newall	4 5 9
Associated Elec Industries	2 5 0
Attock Oil	1 15 0
Associated Portland Cement	4 6 9
Automatic Telephone and Ele. Ord	2 0 9
Castlefield (Klang) Rubber	0 2 9
Beira Railway	1 10 0
United Br Oilfields of Trinidad	0 14 0
Marconi International Marine	1 9 9
Western Union Telegraph	dol 28.00
General Electric Ordinary	3 17 3
Fairey Aviation Co Ltd	0 19 0
Perak Hydro Electric Ordinary	1 2 6
International Rly of C America	dol 4.00
Malayalam Plantations	1 11 9
British Burma Petroleum	0 6 3
Soudan Plantation Syndicate	1 14 6
British South Africa (Chartered)	1 13 6
Pahang Consolidated Ord	0 18 3
Indian Copper Corpn Ord	0 4 0
Brazilian Traction Light and Power	dol 10.75
American Radiator	dol 16.50
Timken Roller Bearing Co	dol 47.00
American Can Company	dol 79.00
General Foods Corporation	dol 32.00
Marlu Gold Mining Areas Ltd	0 16 3
New Goldfields of Venezuela Ltd.	0 4 9
Bisichi Tin Co. (Nigerian) Ltd	0 7 9
Mawchi Mines Ltd	2 7 9
Messina (Transvaal) Co Ltd	0 15 3
Capital Securities Trust	0 7 3
Trust of Bank and Insurance shares	0 19 9
Trust of Bank Share units	0 18 6
Trust of Insurance Share units	1 2 0
British Treasury Bills (3 months)	0 10 4.20 p.c. p.a.

All City Markets Closed

In Memory Of Shrimati Swaruprani

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

As desired by Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, all City markets remained entirely closed to-day in memory of Shrimati Swaruprani with a view to express their sense of loss and mourning

Demand To Enforce Morrison Scheme

Panic And Demoralisation In Stock Exchange

BOMBAY: Tuesday.

THE LOCAL SHARE BAZAR WAS OFFICIALLY CLOSED TO-DAY AND IT APPEARS THAT THERE WILL BE NO BUSINESS TILL NEXT MONDAY.

A state of panic and demoralisation prevails in the Market and attempts are being made to throw the blame on Messrs. Tata & Sons, as the severe decline of about Rs. 175 in Tata Steel shares was mainly due to the decrease in Steel prices, which was announced on last Saturday.

It is said that some telephone information was received in the market from Calcutta at about 3-30 p.m. and a fairly large business was done on Saturday afternoon which continued till late in the evening.

ON MONDAY THE MARKET WAS CLOSED AND SOME BUSINESS WAS REPORTED OUTSIDE THE TRADING RING AND EVEN THIS MORNING SOME BROKERS INDULGED IN BUSINESS ON THE STREET. HOWEVER MR. K. R. P. SHROFF, PRESIDENT OF THE LOCAL STOCK EXCHANGE, SOON APPEARED ON THE SCENE AND WARNED BROKERS AGAINST DOING BUSINESS. ELSE THEIR CARDS WOULD BE SUSPENDED. THE WARNING WAS NOT WITHOUT EFFECT AND BUSINESS WAS CLOSED DOWN

Governments Duty

It is high time that the activities of a pure and simple gambling nature is stopped entirely.

The report of the Morrison Committee is ignored and now it can safely be said the Government are also responsible to some extent for the undesirable state of the Share Bazar. With a view to stop gambling a Committee was appointed and its report was submitted to the Government in March last, but it seems that nobody is anxious to do anything with it.

The report was not approved by the Stock Exchange and now it is upto the Government to enforce the recommendations which are interdependent and must be accepted in full

Reckless Speculation

Reckless speculation has spoiled the fair name of the Stock Exchange, and professional operators are making the most of the facilities which exist. Failures after failures are declared and in several cases where liabilities are not met in full, the outstanding accounts are adjusted by fractional payments. The market has been monopolised by speculators and it has lost all aspects of investment.

The situation is very serious and even the next "Valan" is likely to meet with some difficulties. The whole question needs urgent investigations and severe measures are needed to check reckless speculation which is mostly done on credit.

It is essential that the system of margins must be adopted without loss of any time and if the Government fail to take early steps it can safely be said that the Government who have the rule making power are indirectly helping reckless speculation

Take Them To Task

Those who have done business when the market was closed must be taken to task and their plea of business done in London in the street has no justification. If street dealings are needed they must approach the Government, but they cannot have a free hand to practise day-light robbery.

It is essential that we must have a proper organisation and all rules and regulations must be observed by each one and those who are found guilty must be dealt with severly. If the fair name of the Market is to be reserved a strict enquiry must be made wherever defiance is suspected. If things are allowed as they stand to-day, it will not take much time before the market becomes a deserted village as lakhs of rupees are annually paid to maintain the Exchange which does little or no service to the investing public.

The Defds. now stand at Rs. 1,100.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD.

Final Dividend Of 6 P. C.

The Net Profit of the Central Bank of India, Limited, for the year ended 31st December, 1937, subject to audit, including the sum of Rs. 5,52,525-5-1 brought forward from last year's account amounts to ..... Rs. 32,37,570-10-1 which the Directors have disposed of as follows:—

An Ad-interim Dividend was paid for the half-year ended 30th June, 1937 at the rate of 6 per cent per annum free of Income-Tax on 6,72,528 Shares absorbing	Rs. 5,04,396-0-0
Amount transferred to Sinking Fund in respect of Lands and Buildings	Rs. 3,00,000-0-0
Amount provided for Income-Tax and Super-Tax	Rs. 50,000-0-0
To transfer to Reserve and Contingency Fund	Rs. 5,00,000-0-0
Bonus to Staff	Rs. 1,75,000-0-0
	Rs. 15,29,396-0-0

The balance of Rs. 17,08,174-10-1 the Directors propose to dispose of as follows:—

To pay a final Dividend for the half year ended 31st of December, 1937, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum free of Income-Tax, that is Annas 12 per Share on 6,72,528 Shares which will utilize	Rs. 5,04,396-0-0
To pay a Bonus of Annas 8 per Share, that is 2 per cent per annum free of Income-Tax	Rs. 3,36,264-0-0
To carry forward to next year's account	Rs. 8,67,514-10-1
	Rs. 32,37,570-10-1

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Jan. 10.

January	43.30—20
March	43.30—20
May	43.10—20

LONDON SILVER
London, Jan. 10.

Spot	19 9/16
Forward	19 1/4

LONDON GOLD
London, Jan. 10.

Gold bars fine per ob £6/19/9

LONDON METALS

London, Jan. 10.

Metals were strong especially copper on Continental and Japanese buying. December statistics are expected to show a further reduction in stocks owing to the recent heavy purchases by Russia and Japan state Messrs. M. and B. Stern With the new American re-armament programmes especially in naval reconstruction we continue to look for a further gradual improvement in metals.

Copper	£43-3-9
Lead	£16-17-3
Spelter	£15-12-6
Tin	£186-5-0

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Regd. No. B. 1065

PHOSPH-AURA

A TONIC of AURUM (Gold) Organised IRON & MURIATICUM formed in the proportion as needed by human organism. Price Rs. 3-8-0 Postage extra
ROY & COMPANY
176, Princess St., BOMBAY. No. 2
Literature Free.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1938

Subhas' Praise For Congress Ministries

ROUSING RECEPTION IN LONDON

Touching Tributes To Memory Of Jawahar's Mother

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, Jan. 11.

Amidst cries of "Subhas Chandra Bose-ki-Jai" raised by Indian students and in the presence of over 400 people Subhas put his feet on Victoria station this afternoon.

He was garlanded by Mrs. Bhattacharyya who enquired of his health in Bengali. Miss Indira Nehru was the next to greet him who extended his sympathies to her on account of the passing away of her grandmother.

Although the weather was very unpleasant and the train was late by over an hour the Indian and English friends and admirers of Mr. Bose waited on the platform and gave him vociferous cheers as he drove away amidst cries "Inquilab Zindabad", "Mahatma Gandhi-ki-Jai", "Subhas Bose-ki-Jai" in a car driven by Mr. Chaphekar, the Indian taxi owner who flew a tricoloured Congress flag on the bonnett of the car to Dorchester Hotel where he is meeting representatives of world press.

Amongst those who were present on the platform included Doctors Vakil, Kamal Bhattacharya, Dutt Bhandari, Sakir Mahmoudi, Mrs. Nanda, Mrs. Bhattathayu, Mrs. Dutt, Messrs. Seal, Kumira, Dara Mrs. Agatha Harrison, Reginald Bridgeman, Ben Bradley, Krishna Menon and representatives of all Indian students organisations in Great Britain.

Thanks to Mr. P.B. Seal's hospitality at Dorchester Hotel where Mr. Bose was greeted by representatives of world press under the Chairmanship of Lord Kinoull when representatives of press expressed great keenness to understand the present situation in India in view of the existence of the Congress Ministries in several provinces. Mr. Subhas expressed much satisfaction at the working of the Congress Ministries in spite of several handicaps particularly because the Central Government was extremely reactionary. He, however said that permanent Civil Service was not wholly responsible to the Ministries. He denied that the communal strife was aggravated under Congress rule.

Mr. Subhas Bose looked very depressed and so I asked him what worried him most. He said "I am profoundly grieved to hear of the sad demise of Srimati Swarup Rani Nehru. I feel so overwhelmed at this news that it is difficult to say much. Our hearts go out in sympathy to the members of the Nehru family whose contribution to our national struggle will be written in the letters of gold in our history for all times to come."

I hope and pray that the life and example of this revered lady will continue to inspire us and especially our womenfolk in the difficult task that still awaits us Swaraj has yet to be won and in the attainment of it the inspiration of life and work of Pundit and Mrs. Motilal Nehru will be an important factor."

SUBHAS AND CONGRESS MINISTRIES

Answers World Press Representatives

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

LONDON: Jan. 10.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose at a reception at Dorchester Hotel, replied to barrage of questions fired at him by British Journalists coolly adroitly and with the greatest good humour.

He said on the whole Indian Civil Service was getting on very well with Congress. Asked if he met any cases of deliberate obstruction he said that he never anticipated any trouble in that direction

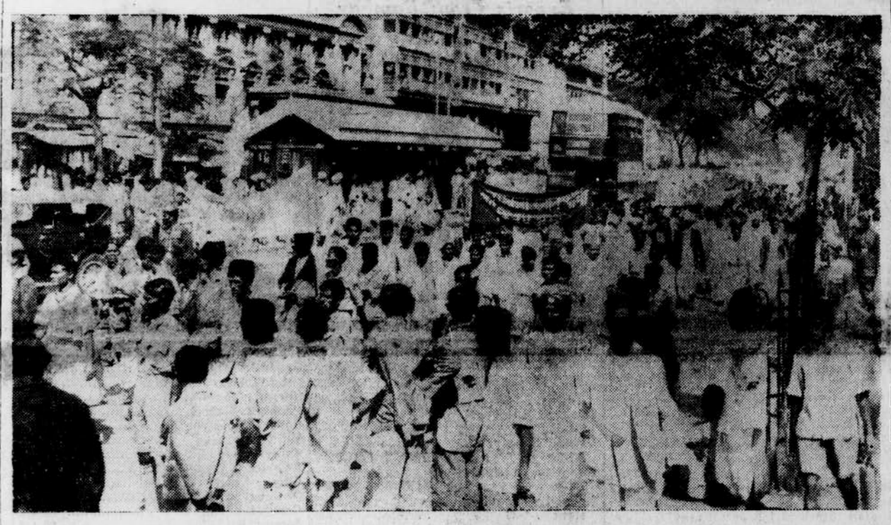
Mr. Bose said that one could not expect anything big to be done by Congress until the constitution was revised, and added that Congress would fight federation tooth and nail using every peaceful and legitimate means. The Congress regarded the Princes as reactionary

Questioned regarding the international situation Mr. Bose emphasised that the sympathies of Congress were with democracy and freedom. Their sympathy was fully with China, while they condemned the attitude of Japan.

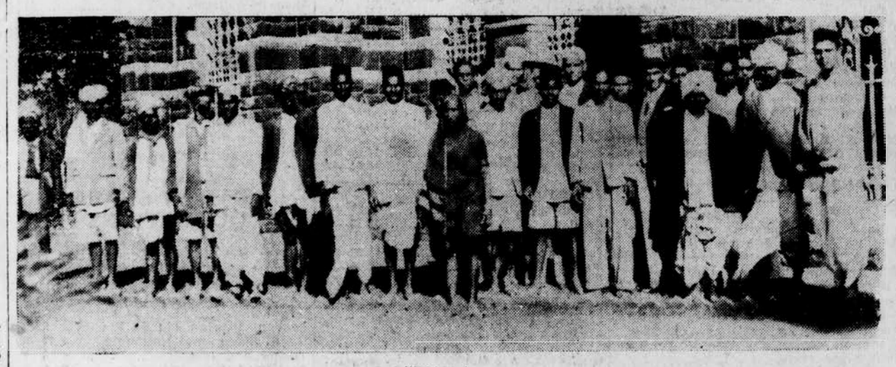
Asked about the British army and the question of defence Mr. Bose said that India was in such a helpless position that he could not see what Congress could do.

Khan Saheb Kunhahmed Koya of Calicut has been appointed Amir-ul-Haj and has sailed to Jeddah on s.s. "Rizwani." It is stated that this is the first time that a "Mopla", has been appointed Amir-ul-Haj.

Procession of about 20,000 Kisans passing by Sir Cawasjee Jehangir Hall on its way to the Council Hall on Monday.



MARCH OF THE KISANS THROUGH PAREL ROAD,



KISAN DEPUTATION ON PREMIER:—Kisan marchers who waited in deputation on the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher at the Council Hall.

Nation Joins Jawahar In His Sorrow

Bombay & Surat Observe Hartal: Mahatma's Message

ALLAHABAD: January 11.

WITHIN 24 HOURS OF HIS MOTHER'S DEATH, PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU HAS HAD ANOTHER BEREAVEMENT.

MRS. RAJPATI KAUL, SISTER OF THE LATE MRS. SWARUP-RANI NEHRU, AGED ABOUT 77, DIED AT "ANAND BHAWAN" EARLY THIS MORNING.

On learning of her sister's death she became unconscious and did not recover until about 24 hours later. She, however, passed off this morning.

Country-Wide Sympathy

Country-wide sympathy is felt for Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and his sisters, who are receiving heaps of telegrams in their bereavement.

Mahatma Gandhi's message runs:—

"Mother lived nobly and has died nobly, a model wife, widow and mother. No sorrow. Let our women copy her example.—BAPU."

Among other condolence messages are those from Dr. Rabindranath Tagore, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, the Hon. Mr. Pyarelal Sharma and the Hon. Mr. N. R. Sarkar.

There has been an incessant stream of visitors. Officials and non-officials, rich and poor, belonging to all classes to "Anand Bhawan" since the early hours of yesterday, to condole with Pandit Nehru and his sisters.—A.P.

SURAT OBSERVES HARTAL

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, Jan. 11

City merchants are observing a hartal as a mark of their sorrow at the sad death of Mrs. Swarup Rani Nehru. The Cotton Merchants' Association and other markets are also observing a hartal.

A meeting will be held this evening to express deep regret.

"SENTINEL" WIRE TO JAWAHAR

Mr. B. G. Horniman, Editor of the "Bombay Sentinel" has wired the following to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru:—

"Bombay Sentinel" staff offers sincere condolence with you in yours and country's tragic loss. Example of your mother's noble and courageous sacrifices for nation will live for ever in Indian memory along with the glorious record of India's greatest heroines.'

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram's Message

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram has sent the following telegram to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru: "Sincerest sympathies. Your mother's courage and fortitude was an inspiration for all. History will record her great sacrifices."

Wardha Agriculturists' Conference

WARDHA, January 11.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj has accepted the Presidentship of the eighth session of the Wardha District Agriculturists' Conference, to be held at Selsura under the auspices of the Wardha District Shetkari Mandal. The Conference meets on January 13. —United Press.

Postal Strike Averted

CAWNPORE, January 11.

The threatening to observe a strike by the postmen and lower grade staff of the General Post Office, Cawnpore, did not materialize due to the timely interference of the authorities. It is understood that about ten additional hands have been employed to cope with the increased work, due to the introduction of a fourth delivery.—United Press.

FOREIGN SCIENTISTS IN MADRAS

MADRAS, January 11.

Overseas delegates to the Science Congress, who arrived here this morning, were the guests of honour at a luncheon given by the Madras University at the Examination Hall, this afternoon. Among others present were the Hon. Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, the Premier, and his colleagues in the Cabinet, the Mayor of Madras, the Sheriff, Sir Mohamed Usman, Sir P. S. Sivaswami Iyer and others.

Earlier, the delegates were taken to places of interest in the City, and such of them who are Biology Professors inspected the research laboratories and made various suggestions as to how best the two research laboratories of the University could be run. Most of them are leaving for Bangalore to-night.—United Press.

Karnatak Youth Conference

BANGALORE, Jan. 10.

The first session of the Karnataka Youth Conference will be held at Ranibennur on the 16th instant. Mr. Yusuf Meherally will preside over the Conference.—United Press.

Visvesvarayya And Orissa Flood Problem

CUTTACK, (By Mail).

Mr. Nityananda Kanungo returned to Cuttack from Bombay, where he saw Sir M. Visvesvarayya in connection with the flood problem. Sir Visvesvarayya may come over to Orissa after the collection of the data required by him in his scheme.—A. P.

Rajaji-Viceroy Interview

MADRAS, January 11.

Mr. Rajagopalachari, Premier, had an interview with the Viceroy at Government House this morning.

The interview lasted 45 minutes. The Viceroy thereafter granted interviews to other Ministers individually.—A.P.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *"TERROR KEEP"*

---THEN WHEN DONAVAN AN' WADE STARTED UP TH' STAIRS, SHASTA AN' ME LEFT---I HEARD TH' SHOTGUN GO OFF AS WE WERE LEAVING-- IT MUSTA CAUGHT 'EM BOTH RIGHT IN TH' HEART!
NOT ACCORDING TO THE MORNING PAPERS!
SCOTLAND YARD MEN HAVE NARROW ESCAPE
INSPECTOR WADE AND INSPECTOR DONAVAN AVOID TRAP BY INCHE
LONDON— Wade and Donavan, of Scotland Yard, were almost murde last night by a shotgun touched o genious mechanism—Th ing a call for a when it be
12-3
THEY ESCAPED! IF I THOUGHT YOU WARNED 'EM SHASTA, I'D--- BUT YOU COULDN'T HAVE---I WAS WATCHIN' YOU EVERY MINUTE--- IT WAS JUST DUMB LUCK THAT SAVED 'EM!
FLACK!--- THERE ARE MEN OUT IN FRONT! FIVE OR SIX OF THEM---AND THEY LOOK LIKE POLICE OFFICERS!
LYMAN ANDERSON

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.